

MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED 16th Annual Report 2021-2022

Regd off : Sy.No 168/3A, Plot No U-1, Administrative Building, Mangalore Special Economic Zone, Bajpe Village, Mangalore Taluk, Dakshina Kannada (Dist), Karnataka – 574142.

Phone: 0824-2885501-02, Fax: 0824-2885503 Website: www.mangaloresez.com; Email: info@msezl.com

CIN: U45209KA2006PLC038590.

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Dr Alka Mittal : Chairperson, Nominee Director of ONGC
Shri Anurag Sharma : Nominee Director (Nominee of ONGC)
Shri Venkatesh Madhava Rao : Nominee Director, (Nominee of ONGC)

Smt Pomila Jaspal:Additional Director (Nominee of ONGC (w.e.f 02.07.2022)Shri Baiju:Additional Director (Nominee of IL&FS (w.e.f 12.09.2021)Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya:Additional Director (Nominee of IL&FS (w.e.f 26.10.2021)Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor:Additional Director (Nominee of KCCI (w.e.f 19.01.2022)

Smt Nalini Padmanabhan : Independent Director (w.e.f 21.04.2022) Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli : Independent Director (w.e.f 02.07.2022)

Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Velnati Suryanarayana	K.S.Ramesh	V.Phani Bhushan

Statutory Auditors	Internal Auditors	Secretarial Auditor	Cost Auditor
M/s Ray & Ray.,	M/s. N.M.Raiji & Co,	M/s S U & Associates,	Mr. P.Venkatagiri
Chartered Accountants,	Chartered	Company Secretaries LLP	Rao
Bangalore.	Accountants,	(LLPIN AAM-9499),	Cost Accountant,
	Bangalore.	Mangalore.	Mangaluru.

Banker	Security Trustee	Registrar and Transfer Agent
State Bank of India	SBICAP Trustee Company Ltd	KFIN Technologies Limited.
Corporate Account Group –II,	202, Maker tower E, Cuffe	Karvy Selenium, Tower B, Plot 31-
Redfort Capital Parsvnath	Parade, Mumbai – 400005	32, Gachibowli, Financial District,
Towers,4th & 5th Floor, Bhai		Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500
Veer Singh Marg		032, Telangana
Gole Market, New Delhi-		
110001		

Registered office

Sy.No 168/3A, Plot No U-1, Administrative Building, Mangalore Special Economic Zone, Bajpe Village, Mangalore Taluk, Dakshina Kannada (Dist), Karnataka – 574142.

Phone: 0824-2885501-02, Fax: 0824-2885503

Website: www.mangaloresez.com;

Email: info@msezl.com

CIN: U45209KA2006PLC038590.

Project Site

Bajpe, Permude village, Mangaluru – 574 509, Dakshina Kannada (Dist), Karnataka

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Mangalore SEZ Limited

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NOTICE OF 16th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 16th Annual General Meeting of the Members of **MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED** (MSEZL) will be held on Friday, the 26th Day of August, 2022 at 11.00 Hours through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt
 - a. the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, the report of the Board of Directors and the report of the Auditor's thereon; and
 - b. the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 and the report of the Auditor's thereon.
- 2. To appoint a director in place of **Shri M.Venkatesh Madhava Rao (DIN: 07025342)** who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

3. Appointment of Shri Baiju (DIN: 05274214) as Director of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification (s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 152, 161 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of



Directors) Rules, 2014 (the Rules), including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force, and in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, **Shri Baiju (DIN: 05274214)**, who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from **September 12, 2021**, pursuant to Section 161 of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company, who being eligible, offers himself for appointment and in respect of whom a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act has been received from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is, hereby appointed as **Director (Nominee of IL&FS)** of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

4. Appointment of Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya (DIN: 06591404) as Director of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification (s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 152, 161 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 (the Rules), including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force, and in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya (DIN: 06591404), who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from October 26, 2021, pursuant to Section 161 of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company, who being eligible, offers himself for appointment and in respect of whom a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act has been received from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is, hereby appointed as Director (Nominee of IL&FS) of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

5. Appointment of Dr Alka Mittal (DIN: 07272207) as Director of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification (s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 152, 161 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 (the Rules), including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force, and in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, Dr Alka Mittal (DIN: 07272207), who was appointed as an Additional Director and chairperson of the Company with effect from January 11, 2022, pursuant to Section 161 of



the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company, who being eligible, offers herself for appointment and in respect of whom a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act has been received from a member proposing her candidature for the office of Director, be and is, hereby appointed as **Director (Nominee of ONGC)** of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

6. Appointment of Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor (DIN: 07613534) as Director of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification (s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 152, 161 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 (the Rules), including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force, and in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor (DIN: 07613534), who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from January 19, 2022, pursuant to Section 161 of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company, who being eligible, offers himself for appointment and in respect of whom a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act has been received from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is, hereby appointed as Director (Nominee of KCCI) of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

7. Appointment of Smt Nalini Padmanabhan (DIN 01565909) as an Independent Director of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 160,161, 149, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, read with Schedule IV to the Act, **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan (DIN 01565909)**, who is eligible for appointment and who meets the criteria for independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act read with the rules framed there under and who has submitted a declaration to that effect and in respect of whom the Company has received a Notice in writing from a member under Section 160(1)



of the Act proposing her candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, to hold office for a period of 5 years with effect from 21st April, 2022 to 20th April 2027.

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any Director, Shri V.Suryanarayana, Chief Executive Officer, Shri V.Phani Bhushan, Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things as may deemed necessary, expedient and desirable to give effect to the above resolution.

8. Appointment of Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli (DIN: 01070476) as an Independent Director of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following Resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 160,161, 149, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act"), the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, read with Schedule IV to the Act, **Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli (DIN: 01070476)**, who is eligible for appointment and who meets the criteria for independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act read with the rules framed there under and who has submitted a declaration to that effect and in respect of whom the Company has received a Notice in writing from a member under Section 160(1) of the Act proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, to hold office for a period of 3 years with effect from **02**nd **July, 2022 to 01**st **July, 2025.**

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any Director, Shri V.Suryanarayana, Chief Executive Officer, Shri V.Phani Bhushan, Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things as may deemed necessary, expedient and desirable to give effect to the above resolution.

9. Appointment of Smt Pomila Jaspal (DIN: 08436633) as Director of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification (s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 152, 161 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of



Directors) Rules, 2014 (the Rules), including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force, and in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, **Smt Pomila Jaspal (DIN: 08436633)**, who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from **02**nd **July, 2022**, pursuant to Section 161 of the Act and the Articles of Association of the Company, and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company, who being eligible, offers herself for appointment and in respect of whom a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act has been received from a member proposing her candidature for the office of Director, be and is, hereby appointed as **Director (Nominee of ONGC)** of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

10. TO RATIFY THE REMUNERATION PAYABLE TO COST AUDITOR, SHRI P.VENKATGIRI RAO, COST ACCOUNTANT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH 2023.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), Shri P.Venkatagiri Rao, Cost Accountant (Firm Registration Number: 101602) appointed by the 70th Board of Directors of the company as cost auditor for the financial year ending 31st March, 2023, be paid a remuneration of Rs 50,000 (Rupees Fifty Thousand only) per annum plus out of pocket expenses, at actuals, and applicable taxes.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Audit Committee/Board of Directors of the company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, matters, deeds and things as may be necessary to give effect to the above resolution."

By Order of the Board of Directors For Mangalore SEZ Limited

Sd/Phani Bhushan.V
Company Secretary

Place: Mangalore Date: 25/07/2022

NOTES:



- The Explanatory Statement setting out the material facts concerning each item of Special Businesses to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, is annexed hereto and forms part of the Notice. Information on all the Directors proposed to be appointed/re-appointed at the Meeting are provided in the **Annexure** to this Notice
- 2. In view of continuing COVID-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'), Government of India, vide General General Circular Nos.14/2020, 17/2020 and 20/2020 02/2021 dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 5, 2020, January 13, 2021 & May 05, 2022 ("MCA Circulars") permitted conduct of Annual General Meetings through Video Conference (VC) / Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM), which does not require physical presence of Members at a common venue. Accordingly, the 16th AGM of the Company is being conducted through Video Conference (VC) / Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM), which does not require physical presence of Members at a common venue. In terms of the Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, the venue of the 16th AGM shall be deemed to be the Registered Office of the Company situated at Sy.No 168/3A, Plot No U-1, Administrative Building, Mangalore Special Economic Zone, Bajpe Village Mangalore Taluk, Dakshina Kannada (Dist), Karnataka 574142.
- 3. In view of the COVID 19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its Circulars has introduced certain measures enabling companies to convene their Annual General Meetings (AGM/ Meeting) through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM) and also send notice of the Meeting and other correspondences related thereto, through electronic mode. In compliance with the said requirements of the MCA Circulars, electronic copy of the Notice along with the Annual Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 consisting of financial statements including Board's Report, Auditors' Report and other documents required to be attached therewith (Collectively referred to as Notice) have been sent only to those members whose e- mail ids are registered with the Company or the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent or the Depository Participants(s) through electronic means and no physical copy of the Notice has been sent by the Company to any member. The Notice and Annual Report for financial year ended 2021-22 shall also be available on the website of the Company at www.mangaloresez.com.
- 4. Generally, a member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on a poll instead of himself and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circulars, physical attendance of members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the



facility for appointment of proxies by the members under Section 105 will not be available for the 16th AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed hereto. However, in terms of the provisions of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Act, representatives of the Members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes. In case a poll is demanded, the designated email id is phanibhushan@msezl.com to which the members can send email to cast their vote.

- 5. Members of the Company under the category Corporate Shareholders are encouraged to attend and vote at the AGM through VC/OAVM are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of its Board or governing body Resolution/Authorization etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM and vote on its behalf. The said Resolution/Authorization can be sent to the Company by email to phanibhushan@msezl.com.
- 6. Since the AGM will be held through VC/ OAVM, the route map of the venue of the Meeting is not annexed hereto
- 7. Participation of Members through VC /OAVM will be reckoned for the purpose of quorum for the AGM as per section 103 of the Act.
- 8. Those Shareholders whose email IDs are not registered, are requested to register their email ID with Registrar & Share Transfer Agent (R&STA)/Company Secretary by providing their Name as registered with the R&STA, Address, email ID, PAN, DPID/Client ID or Folio Number and Number of shares held by them.
- 9. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for members on first come first serve basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Auditors, who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first serve basis.
- 10. The Members will be allowed to pose questions during the course of the Meeting. The queries can also be given in advance by email to phanibhushan@msezl.com.



- 11. Members may send in their queries at least a week in advance to the Company at phanibhushan@msezl.com to facilitate clarifications during the Meeting
- 12. Members who hold shares in physical form are requested to intimate to the Company Bank mandate under the signature of Sole/first named joint shareholder specifying Bank's name, Address (with PIN No.) of the Branch, Account Type Saving (SA) or Current (CA), Account No.
- 13. As per the Ministry of Corporate affairs notification dt 10th September 2018, every holder of securities of an unlisted public company who intends to transfer such securities on or after 2nd October, 2018, shall get such securities dematerialized before the transfer.
- 14. Members who still hold share certificates in physical form are advised to dematerialize their shareholding to avail the benefits of dematerialization, which include easy liquidity, since transfers are permitted in dematerialized form only, electronic transfer, savings in stamp duty and elimination of any possibility of loss of documents and bad deliveries.
- 15. Members are also requested to notify any changes in their email ID or Bank Mandates or address to the Company and always quote their Folio Number or DP ID and Client ID Numbers in all correspondence with the Company. In respect of holding in electronic form, Members are requested to notify any change of email ID or Bank mandates or address to their Depository Participants.
- 16. Nomination facility: Pursuant to Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 (corresponding section 109A of the Companies Act, 1956) individual/joint members are entitled to register nomination in respect of the shares held by them in Form No.SH-13 and send it to the Company.
- 17. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Register of Contracts and Arrangements in which Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be made available only in electronic form for inspection during the Meeting through VC.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. Members whose email IDs are already registered with the Company and who are desirous to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM can apply at <u>phanibhushan@msezl.com</u> requesting for participation in the AGM, by giving their name as registered in the records of the Company, DPID/Client ID or Folio Number and the Registered email ID and for any queries regarding the access, members can send email to <u>phanibhushan@msezl.com</u> or contact the Company secretary at 0824-2885510.
- 2. Members who are desirous of attending the AGM through VC/OAVM and whose email IDs are not registered with the company, may get their email IDs registered with the Registrar & Transfer Agent or with the Company by sending an email to phanibhushan@msezl.com with the following credentials:
 - a. Name registered as per the records of the company
 - b. DPID-Client ID/ Folio Number
 - c. Email ID to be registered for attending the Meeting
- 3. Members may send the above-mentioned request at least 7 days before the meeting date. In case of joint holding, the credentials of the first named holder shall be accepted.
- 4. On successful registration with the company, the invitation to join the AGM will be sent to the Members on their registered email IDs.
- 5. Members may attend the AGM, by following the invitation link sent to their registered email ID. Members will be able to locate Meeting ID/ Password/ and JOIN MEETING tab. By Clicking on JOIN MEETING, they will be redirected to Meeting Room via browser or by running Temporary Application. In order to join the Meeting, follow the step and provide the required details (mentioned above Meeting Id/Password/Email Address) and Join the Meeting. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- 6. In case of Android/iPhone connection, Participants will be required to download and Install the appropriate application as given in the mail to them. Application may be downloaded from Google Play Store/ App Store.
- 7. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet audio settings as and when asked while setting up the meeting on Mobile App.



8. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches. The helpline number for joining the Meeting through Electronic Mode will be provided in the Meeting Invitation which will be sent to the eligible applicants.

ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013.

Item No. 3:

Infrastructure Leasing and financial services Ltd (IL&FS) vide its letter dated 27th July, 2021 had nominated Shri Baiju (DIN 05274214) as Director on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Limited. Pursuant to provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Articles of Association of the Company, the Board of Directors have appointed Shri Baiju (DIN 05274214), as an Additional Director (Nominee of IL&FS) of the Company with effect from September 12, 2021.

Shri Baiju will hold office up to the date of this AGM. The Company has received notice in writing under the provisions of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing the candidature of Shri Baiju (DIN 05274214) for the office of Director.

Copy of the notice received under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be made available electronically for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company during the business hours on all working days up to the date of the meeting.

Shri Baiju has done his Bachelor of Engineering in the year 1992 and Master of Management studies in the year 1996. Shri Baiju has more than 26 years of work experience and has worked in various capacities as an Engineer and in Finance & Accounts departments in companies such as Mazagon Docks Ltd, Essar Steel Limited, Sterlite Industries Ltd (now Vedanta), Reliance Industries Ltd, Visa Power Ltd and in IL&FS.

The details of Board meeting attendance of Shri Baiju have been mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report which is forming part of the Board's Report.



He doesn't hold any equity shares of the Company. Accordingly, the Board of Directors of the Company recommends passing of the Ordinary Resolution set out in this item for your approval.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives except Shri Baiju is concerned or interested in this resolution. The Board recommends the resolution for your approval.

Item No. 4:

Infrastructure Leasing and financial services Ltd (IL&FS) vide its letter dated September 03, 2021 had nominated **Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya (DIN: 06591404)** as Director on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Limited. Pursuant to provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Articles of Association of the Company, the Board of Directors have appointed **Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya (DIN: 06591404)**, as an Additional Director (Nominee of IL&FS) of the Company with effect from October 26, 2021.

Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya will hold office up to the date of this AGM. The Company has received notice in writing under the provisions of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing the candidature of **Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya (DIN: 06591404)** for the office of Director.

Copy of the notice received under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be made available electronically for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company during the business hours on all working days up to the date of the meeting.

Shri Ravi Sikeriya is a Chartered Accountant with nearly 25 years of experience in Finance. His experience includes managing financial, compliance, Business Planning, MIS, Taxation & Treasury Management.

The details of Board meeting attendance of **Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya** have been mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report which is forming part of the Board's Report.

He doesn't hold any equity shares of the Company. Accordingly, the Board of Directors of the Company recommends passing of the Ordinary Resolution set out in this item for your approval.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives except **Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya** is concerned or interested in this resolution. The Board recommends the resolution for your approval.



Item No. 5:

Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC)vide its e-mail dated 12th January 2022 has nominated **Dr Alka Mittal**, Chairperson and Managing Director (Additional Charge) & Director (HR) of ONGC as Director & Chairperson on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Limited. Pursuant to provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Articles of Association of the Company, the Board of Directors have appointed **Dr. Alka Mittal (DIN 07272207)**, as an Additional Director (Nominee of ONGC) and Chairperson of the Company with effect from 11th January, 2022.

Dr. Alka Mittal (DIN 07272207) will hold office up to the date of this AGM. The Company has received notice in writing under the provisions of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing the candidature of **Dr. Alka Mittal (DIN 07272207)** for the office of Director.

Copy of the notice received under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be made available electronically for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company during the business hours on all working days up to the date of the meeting.

Dr Alka Mittal is a post graduate in Economics, MBA (HRM) and Doctorate in Commerce and Business Studies, she joined ONGC as a Graduate Trainee in 1985 and brings with her an extremely rich experience spanning over three decades.

Dr Mittal is the first woman to hold the charge of a full-time Director in ONGC's history. She was also on the board of ONGC Mangalore Petrochemicals Limited (OMPL) as ONGC nominee Director since August 2015.

Prior to joining as Director (HR), Dr Mittal held the post of Chief Skill Development (CSD) of the Company. In her capacity as CSD she streamlined the activities and brought in uniformity in the working of the Skill Development Centers of ONGC. During this period, she has also implemented the National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS) in ONGC engaging more than 5000 apprentices across all work centers.

Previously she worked as Head CSR at Corporate Office and took up major CSR projects across India.

Earlier, she has led the HR-ER functions in various capacities across regions including Vadodara, Mumbai, Delhi and Jorhat, and was also the Head of Corporate Communications of ONGC during 2009.



She has a special penchant for training and mentoring, and has trained more than 11000 GTs of ONGC since 2001 on "Corporate Governance" as part of their induction program.

As a senior HR specialist, Dr Alka Mittal has made rich contributions in various professional forums and bodies. She is an Executive Committee member of NIPM (National Institute of Personnel Management), and was President of Forum for Women in Public Sector (WIPs) Northern Region till recently and heads the Women Development Forum of ONGC.

Dr Mittal has always strived to foster the philosophy of equal opportunity employer and has contributed towards creating an inclusive workplace ecosystem in ONGC.

The details of Board meeting attendance of **Dr. Alka Mittal (DIN 07272207)** have been mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report which is forming part of the Board's Report.

She doesn't hold any equity shares of the Company. Accordingly, the Board of Directors of the Company recommends passing of the Ordinary Resolution set out in this item for your approval.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives except **Dr Alka Mittal** is concerned or interested in this resolution. The Board recommends the resolution for your approval.

Item No. 6:

Kanara Chamber of Commerce & Industry (KCCI) vide its letter reference no. 2021-22/0154 dated 27th October, 2021 had nominated Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor, (**DIN 07613534**) President of KCCI as Director on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Limited. Pursuant to provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Articles of Association of the Company, the Board of Directors have appointed **Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor**, (**DIN 07613534**), as an Additional Director (Nominee of KCCI) of the Company with effect from 19th January, 2022.

Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor, (DIN 07613534) will hold office up to the date of this AGM. The Company has received notice in writing under the provisions of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing the candidature of Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor, (DIN 07613534) for the office of Director.

Copy of the notice received under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be made available electronically for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company during the business hours on all working days up to the date of the meeting.



Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor holds a Diploma degree in Mechanics Engineering. He is a passionate Entrepreneur with over 3 decades of experience in Automobile Trading and Distributorship. He Joined the family business as a third-generation entrepreneur at the age of 21 years. He is a result-oriented entrepreneur with rich experience in operations, inventory management, administration, marketing, HR Management, office management, Policy implementation, compensation & Benefits, Statutory Compliance, Performance management and customer service. He is the primary decision maker of the policies, processes and systems and ensures its implementation and smooth running of the same.

Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor is primarily involved in the day to day management of the Maroor Padmanabha Pai &Co (1958), dealers for Commercial vehicle spares & Lubricants, Maroor Motors (2007), Authorized parts distributor for Maruthi Suzuki genuine spare parts spread across 8 districts in Karnataka & Maroor Auto Parts (2012-2019), Authorized parts distributor for hero genuine parts. He is also involved in 7 other business firms.

Shri Shashidhar Pai is also associated with Kanara Chamber of Commerce and Industry (KCCI) as a Director since 2016. He was elected as President of KCCI unanimously for the Year 2021-22.

The details of Board meeting attendance of **Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor, (DIN 07613534)** have been mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report which is forming part of the Board's Report.

He doesn't hold any equity shares of the Company. Accordingly, the Board of Directors of the Company recommends passing of the Ordinary Resolution set out in this item for your approval.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives except **Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor**, is concerned or interested in this resolution. The Board recommends the resolution for your approval.

Item No. 07:

The Board of Directors of the Company based on the recommendations of the **16**th Nomination and Remuneration Committee vide circular resolution effective dated **21**st **April**, **2022** had appointed **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan** as an additional Director in the capacity of Independent Director for a period of **5** years w.e.f **21**st **April**, **2022**.



The Company has received requisite declarations from **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan (DIN 01565909)** as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and a declaration that she meets the criteria of independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. In the opinion of the Board, **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan** fulfils the conditions for her appointment as an Independent Director, as specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and is independent of the management. The Company has received notice in writing under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from a member proposing the appointment of **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan** as an Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation, under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Smt Nalini Padmanabhan is a practicing Chartered Accountant and is in practice from the year 1988. She has rich professional experience spanning over three decades. She is the Senior Partner in B.Thiagarajan & Co, Chartered Accountants, Chennai. B.Thiagarajan & Co, Chartered Accountants, is a firm having 12 partners and has been in practice for five decades.

She specializes in System Audit and Business Consultancy areas. She has been handling assignments in Information Technology, Textiles, Jewellery, Engineering, Banking and Educational institutions.

She currently serves as a Director of Canara Bank and Independent Director of Indradhanush Gas Grid Limited. She currently serves as a Member of the Disciplinary Committee of Institute of Cost Management Accountants of India.

She is Honorary Secretary of Madras Management Association, a premier Management Association rated as the Best management Association in India for more than ten years continuously.

She had served as an Independent director in NLC India Limited and NLC Tamil Nadu Power Limited (2017-2020). She had also served as a Director in State Bank of India, Chennai Local Board for a period of three years (2003 to 2006). She is the Founder Trustee of Prerana Helpline Foundation (NGO) catering to the needs of visually challenged persons. She is also serving as a Trustee in Vivekananda Educational Trust, running a chain of Educational Institutions numbering more than 10.

Copy of the notice received under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be made available electronically for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company during the business hours on all working days up to the date of the meeting

Considering her expertise and experience, the Board considers that the appointment of **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan** as an Independent Director of the Company will be in the interest of the Company, and hence, it recommends appointment of **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan** as an



Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a term of 5 years commencing from April 21, 2022 to April 20, 2027. Other than **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan** and her relatives, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution set out at Item No.**7.**

The appointment of **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan** as Independent Director was made on 21st April, 2022, hence attendance at the Board meetings during the year 2021-22 is not applicable.

She does not hold any shares in the Company. In compliance with the provisions of Section 149 read with Schedule IV to the Act and other applicable Regulations, the appointment of **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan** as an Independent Director is now being placed before the Members for their approval by way of Special Resolution.

Item No. 8:

The Board of Directors of the Company based on the recommendations of the **18**th Nomination and Remuneration Committee vide circular resolution effective dated 02nd July, 2022 had appointed **Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli (DIN: 01070476)** as an additional Director in the capacity of Independent Director for a period of **3** years w.e.f **02**nd **July, 2022.**

The Company has received requisite declarations from Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli (DIN: 01070476) as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and a declaration that he meets the criteria of independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. In the opinion of the Board, Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli fulfils the conditions for his appointment as an Independent Director, as specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and is independent of the management. The Company has received notice in writing under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 from a member proposing the appointment of Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli as an Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation, under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Shri D.N.Narasimha Raju was a member of Indian Administrative Service (IAS) and got superannuated in 2016. He has done Masters in Business Laws from National Law School University of India, Bangalore and Masters in Science (Horticulture) from University of Agricultural Sciences, Bangalore.

As a member of IAS, he has held senior positions in Government of India and Government of Karnataka for about thirty-two years at policy formulation and implementation levels involving strategic decision making, people management and stakeholder consultation in several



important sectors such as revenue, industry, e-Governance, urban governance, labour, finance, commerce and energy. He has expertise and experience of around 38 years across various sectors.

Copy of the notice received under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be made available electronically for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company during the business hours on all working days up to the date of the meeting

Considering his expertise and experience, the Board considers that the appointment of Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli as an Independent Director of the Company will be in the interest of the Company, and hence, it recommends appointment of Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a term of 3 years commencing from July 02,2022 to July 01, 2025. Other than Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli and her relatives, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution set out at Item No.8.

The appointment of Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli as Independent Director was made on 02nd July, 2022, hence attendance at the Board meetings during the year 2021-22 is not applicable.

He does not hold any shares in the Company. In compliance with the provisions of Section 149 read with Schedule IV to the Act and other applicable Regulations, the appointment of Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli as an Independent Director is now being placed before the Members for their approval by way of Special Resolution.

Item No. 9:

Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC) vide its letter MSEZ/Nomination/Director/2022 dated June 23, 2022 had nominated **Smt Pomila Jaspal (DIN 08436633)** holding the position of Director (Finance) of ONGC as Director (Nominee of ONGC) on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Limited. Pursuant to provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Articles of Association of the Company, the Board of Directors have appointed Smt Pomila Jaspal (DIN 08436633), as an Additional Director (Nominee of ONGC) of the Company with effect from 02nd July, 2022.



Smt Pomila Jaspal will hold office up to the date of this AGM. The Company has received notice in writing under the provisions of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing the candidature of Smt Pomila Jaspal (DIN 08436633) for the office of Director.

Copy of the notice received under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be made available electronically for inspection by the members at the Registered Office of the Company during the business hours on all working days up to the date of the meeting.

Smt Pomila Jaspal is a fellow member and gold medalist of the Institute of Cost Accountants of India. She is a recipient of the Late Mrs Dhanpati Goel Gold Medal from the Institute. She has obtained a degree in B.Com. (Hons) from MCM DAV College, Chandigarh, and M.Com. from the Punjab University.

Smt Jaspal has 36 years of experience across varied segments of the oil & gas industry, encompassing operating, regulatory and policy aspects of upstream and downstream industry.

Smt Jaspal has taken over as Director (Finance) of ONGC on 19 April 2022. Prior to this, Ms Jaspal served as Director (Finance) in Mangalore Refinery and Petrochemicals Ltd (MRPL) - Schedule 'A' CPSE and subsidiary of ONGC, since October 2019. She has also served as Director on the Board of ONGC Mangalore Petrochemicals Limited (OMPL), Petronet Mangalore Hassan Bangalore Limited (PMHBL) and ONGC Petro additions Limited (OPaL).

Smt Jaspal was instrumental in the merger of OMPL with MRPL, paving the way for synergy and integration benefits for the ONGC Group. As Director (Finance) of MRPL, she focused on the restructuring of the borrowing portfolios leading to a lower effective rate of interest.

The appointment of Smt Pomila Jaspal as Additional Director was made after March 31, 2022, hence attendance at the Board meetings during the year 2021-22 is not applicable.

She doesn't hold any equity shares of the Company. Accordingly, the Board of Directors of the Company recommends passing of the Ordinary Resolution set out in this item for your approval.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives except Smt Pomila Jasapl is concerned or interested in this resolution. The Board recommends the resolution for your approval.

Item No. 10:



The 70th Board based on the recommendation of the 56th audit committee, had approved the appointment of Shri P.Venkatgiri Rao, Practicing Cost Accountant, Mangalore bearing membership No.32390 and firms registration no 101602 as cost auditors at a remuneration of Rs 50,000/- (Rupees Fifty Thousand) per annum plus out of pocket expenses, at actuals and applicable taxes, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the company for the financial year ending 31 March 2023.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors as recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors has to be ratified by the members of the Company.

Accordingly, consent of the members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution as set out at Item No.10 of the notice for ratification of the remuneration payable to the cost auditors for the financial year ending 31 March 2023.

None of the directors or key managerial personnel of the company and their relatives are, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out in item no. 10 of the notice.

The board recommends the resolution set forth in item no. 10 of the notice for approval of the members.

By Order of the Board of Directors For Mangalore SEZ Limited

Sd/-

Phani Bhushan.V
Company Secretary

Place: Mangalore Date: 25/07/2022



Annexure to the Notice

Details of the Directors seeking Appointment/Re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting)

Name of Director	Shri M.Venkatesh	Shri Baiju	Shri Ravi Brijmohan	Dr Alka Mittal
	Madhava Rao		Sikeriya	
Date of Birth	11/01/1965	29/03/1971	31/08/1973	27/08/1962
Date of Appointment	25/06/2018	12/09/2021	26/10/2021	11/01/2022
Expertise in specific	A Chemical Engineer	He has 26 years of work	25 years of experience in	she joined ONGC as a Graduate
functional areas	having over three	experience and has	Finance. His experience	Trainee in 1985 and brings with
	decades of experience in	worked in various	includes managing	her an extremely rich
	Oil & Gas Sector. He is	capacities as an	financial, compliance,	experience spanning over
	associated with	Engineer and in Finance	Business Planning, MIS,	three decades.
	Mangalore Refinery and	& Accounts	Taxation & Treasury	
	Petrochemicals Ltd	departments in	Management.	Dr Mittal is the first woman to
	(MRPL) since 1994 and	companies such as		hold the charge of a full-time
	has executed all major	Mazagon Docks Ltd,		Director in ONGC's history. She
	projects.	Essar Steel Limited,		is also on the board of ONGC
		Sterlite Industries Ltd		Mangalore Petrochemicals
		(now Vedanta),		Limited (OMPL) as ONGC
		Reliance Industries Ltd,		nominee Director since August
		Visa Power Ltd and in		2015. Dr Mittal has always
		IL&FS.		strived to foster the philosophy
				of equal opportunity employer
				and has contributed towards
				creating an inclusive workplace
				ecosystem in ONGC.



Qualification	Chemical Engineer	Bachelor of Engineering	Chartered Accountant.	Post graduate in Economics,
	_	and Master of		MBA (HRM) and Doctorate in
		Management studies.		Commerce and Business
				Studies
List of other companies in	1. Mangalore Refinery	1. Tamil Nadu Water	Nil	1. Oil and Natural Gas
which directorship is held	and Petrochemicals Ltd.	Investment		Corporation Ltd.
as on March 31, 2022*	2. ONGC Mangalore	Company Limited		2. ONGC Mangalore
	Petrochemicals Limited	2. New Tirupur Area		Petrochemicals Ltd.(Merged
	3. Petronet MHB Limited	Development		with MRPL)
		Corporation		3. ONGC Videsh Limited.
		Limited		4. Mangalore Refinery &
				Petrochemicals Limited.
				5. ONGC Petro-additions
				Limited
				6. ONGC Tripura Power
				Company Ltd.
				7. Petronet LNG Limited
Chairman /	NI:I	NI:1	NI:1	Oil and Natural Cas Correction
Chairman/	Nil	Nil	Nil	Oil and Natural Gas Corporation
Member of the				Ltd. – Member of Stakeholders
Committees of the Board				Relationship Committee.
of the other Companies in				
which he/she is a director				
as on March 31, 2022*	A1	A1		<u></u>
Equity Shares held in the	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Company				



Relationship between	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Directors inter-se				

^{*} Directorships and Committee memberships in Mangalore SEZ Ltd and its Committees are not included in the aforesaid disclosure. The directorships in Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Section 8 companies and their Committee memberships are excluded. Membership and Chairmanship of Audit Committees and Stake holders' relationship Committees of only public Companies have been included in the aforesaid table.

Name of Director	Shri Shashidhar Pai	Smt Nalini	Shri Narasimha Raju	Smt Pomila Jaspal
	Maroor	Padbanabhan	Narasappa	
			Doddahosahalli	
Date of Birth	23/11/1969	20/07/1964	28/04/1956	11/01/1964
Date of Appointment	19/01/2022	21/04/2022	02/07/2022	02/07/2022
Expertise in specific	A passionate	She has rich	He has held senior	Smt Pomila Jaspal has 36 years
functional areas	Entrepreneur with over 3	professional experience	positions in Government	of experience across varied
	decades of experience in	spanning over three	of India and Government	segments of the oil & gas
	Automobile Trading and	decades. She is the	of Karnataka for about	industry, encompassing
	Distributorship. He	Senior Partner in	thirty-two years at policy	operating, regulatory and
	Joined the family	B.Thiagarajan & Co,	formulation and	policy aspects of upstream and
	business as a third-	Chartered Accountants,	implementation levels	downstream industry.
	generation entrepreneur	Chennai. B.Thiagarajan	involving strategic	
	at the age of 21 years. He	& Co, Chartered	decision making, people	Smt Pomila Jaspal has taken
	is a result-oriented	Accountants, is a firm	management and	over as Director (Finance) of
	entrepreneur with rich	having 12 partners and	stakeholder consultation	ONGC on 19 April 2022. Prior to
	experience in	has been in practice for	in several important	this, she served as Director
	operations, inventory	five decades.	sectors such as revenue,	(Finance) in Mangalore
	management,		industry, e-Governance,	Refinery and Petrochemicals
	administration,		urban governance,	Ltd (MRPL) - Schedule 'A' CPSE



usanisatina IID	Cha anasialisas in	Jahanna - Einanaa	and autoidians of ONCC since
marketing, HR	She specializes in	labour, finance,	and subsidiary of ONGC, since
Management, office	System Audit and	commerce and energy.	October 2019. She has also
management, Policy	Business Consultancy		served as Director on the Board
implementation,	areas. She has been	He has expertise and	of ONGC Mangalore
compensation &	handling assignments in	experience of around 38	Petrochemicals Limited
Benefits, Statutory	Information	years across various	(OMPL), Petronet Mangalore
Compliance,	Technology, Textiles,	sectors	Hassan Bangalore Limited
Performance	Jewellery, Engineering,		(PMHBL) and ONGC Petro
management and	Banking and		additions Limited (OPaL).
customer service. He is	Educational		
the primary decision	institutions.		Smt Jaspal was instrumental in
maker of the policies,			the merger of OMPL with
processes and systems	She had been a		MRPL, paving the way for
and ensures its	resource person in		synergy and integration
implementation and	various seminars and		benefits for the ONGC Group.
smooth running of the	conferences in the area		As Director (Finance) of MRPL,
same.	of finance. She had		she focused on the
	taken sessions on		restructuring of the borrowing
	Finance to Senior		portfolios leading to a lower
	Executives of		effective rate of interest.
	corporates and has		
	been a resource person		
	for her training		
	programs like Finance		
	and Non finance		
	Executives,		
	Entrepreneurship		



		development,		
		Personality		
		development etc. She is		
		interested in social		
		activities particularly in		
		the areas of women's		
		upliftment, programs		
		and gave counselling to		
		many womenfolk from		
		downtrodden,		
		environments.		
Qualification	Diploma degree in	Chartered Accountant.	Member of Indian	Fellow member and gold
	Mechanics Engineering		Administrative Service	medalist of the Institute of Cost
			(IAS) and got	Accountants of India.
			superannuated in 2016.	B.Com. (Hons) and M.Com.
			Masters in Business Laws	
			and Masters in Science	
			(Horticulture)	
List of other companies in	Kanara Chamber Of	1. Indradhanush Gas	Nil	1. Oil and Natural Gas
which directorship is held	Commerce & Industry	Grid Limited		Corporation Ltd.
as on March 31, 2022*		2. Prerana Educational		2. Petronet MHB Ltd
		Media Private Limited		
		3. Information Systems		
		Audit and Solutions		
		Private Limited		
		4. Canara Bank		
Chairman/	Nil	Canara Bank	Nil	



Member of the		- Audit Committee-		
Committees of the Board		Chairman		
of the other Companies in		- Stakeholders		
which he/she is a director		Relationship		
as on March 31, 2022*		Committee-		
		Member		
Equity Shares held in the	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Company				
Relationship between	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Directors inter-se				

BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members,

Your directors are pleased to present the 16th Annual Report of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2022.

Financial Performance:

The highlights of the financial results of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2022 are as follows:

Rs. in lakhs

		113: 111 14111	10
Stand	alone	Consc	olidated
2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
19244.60	16512.40	19244.60	16512.40
654.46	436.03	654.71	436.37
19899.06	16948.43	19899.31	16948.77
6240.63	4908.52	6240.63	4908.52
741.40	709.45	741.40	709.45
3998.94	4491.54	3998.94	4491.54
3604.66	3612.65	3604.66	3612.65
2670.47	2526.18	2670.47	2526.18
3365.41	2833.27	3365.97	2833.53
20621.51	19081.61	20622.07	19081.87
(722.45)	(2133.18)	(722.76)	(2133.10)
(722.45)	(2133.18)	(722.76)	(2133.10)
314.91	45.10	314.91	45.12
955.75	1026.77	955.75	1026.77
(1993.11)	(3205.05)	(1993.42)	(3204.99)
(1993.11)	(3205.05)	(1993.42)	(3204.99)
8.24	8.59	8.24	8.59
(1984.87)	(3196.46)	(1985.18)	(3196.40)
	2021-22 19244.60 654.46 19899.06 6240.63 741.40 3998.94 3604.66 2670.47 3365.41 20621.51 (722.45) (722.45) 314.91 955.75 (1993.11) (1993.11) 8.24	19244.60 16512.40 654.46 436.03 19899.06 16948.43 6240.63 4908.52 741.40 709.45 3998.94 4491.54 3604.66 3612.65 2670.47 2526.18 3365.41 2833.27 20621.51 19081.61 (722.45) (2133.18) 314.91 45.10 955.75 1026.77 (1993.11) (3205.05) 8.24 8.59	2021-22 2020-21 2021-22 19244.60 16512.40 19244.60 654.46 436.03 654.71 19899.06 16948.43 19899.31 6240.63 4908.52 6240.63 741.40 709.45 741.40 3998.94 4491.54 3998.94 3604.66 3612.65 3604.66 2670.47 2526.18 2670.47 3365.41 2833.27 3365.97 20621.51 19081.61 20622.07 (722.45) (2133.18) (722.76) (722.45) (2133.18) (722.76) (314.91 45.10 314.91 955.75 1026.77 955.75 (1993.11) (3205.05) (1993.42) (1993.11) (3205.05) (1993.42)

Review of Performance and state of the company's affairs

- During the year under review,
 - The standalone revenues (operations) have increased by Rs 2732.20 Lakhs to Rs 19244.60 Lakhs from Rs 16512.40 Lakhs of the previous year 2020-21,
 - o The comprehensive income has increased to Rs (1984.87) Lakhs compared to Rs (3169.46) lakhs of the previous year 2020-21.
 - o Total Expenses have increased by Rs 1539.90 Lacs from Rs 19081.61 Lakhs to Rs 20621.51 Lakhs.
 - The Company has achieved the Profit Before Tax without JBF provisions of Rs 1777.55
 Lakhs as Compared to Rs 366.82 Lakhs in the Previous year.

- The Company has achieved Profit After Tax (PAT) without JBF provisions of Rs 506.89 Lakhs as Compared to a PAT of Rs (705.05) Lakhs in the Previous year.
- o The Net worth of the Company as at 31 March, 2022 was Rs (785.89) Lakhs as compared to Net Worth of Rs 1198.98 Lakhs of the previous year.
- The Company had prepaid principal on the Term Loan in advance for the Quarter ended June 2022 on 29th October, 2021 and September 2022 on 03rd December, 2021.

The Company has substantially completed infrastructure development for Phase–I of the Project. The status and salient features of the developments during the year are as under:

- Up to 31st March 2022, the Company has awarded and completed 244 major orders for infrastructure development of the zone cumulatively amounting to capex of Rs 858 Cr.
- The Company is having around 306.71 acres of land available for leasing to the prospective investors. Owing to non-availability of Direct tax benefits and muted response for the SEZ Land, the Company had presented a strategy to the 63rd Board to de-notify the part SEZ land into Domestic Tarrif area (DTA) and SEZ. As per the said strategy, the Company has earmarked around 179 Acres as Domestic Tarrif area (DTA) to be developed in 2 phases, phase 1, 110.50 Acres and 68.50 Acres in phase 2. The balance 127.71 acres will be marketed as SEZ land due to contagious issues requirement for the SEZ compliances. The Company has obtained the NOC for phase -1 (110 Acres) from the GoK 07th March, 2021 for denotification of the SEZ land to DTA and obtained de-notification approval from the Board of Approval from the Ministry of Commerce and Industries, New Delhi in February, 2022.
- Subsequent to the receipt of de-notification approval, the Company has taken up DTA infrastructure works like Compound wall, approach Road to DTA. The said works are under progress.

Land & Rehabilitation and Resettlement (R&R) of Displaced People

- Overall, 1424 plots have been developed in 9 R&R colonies. All the 9 R&R colonies have been fully developed (48.15,17.66, 10.93 & 9.88 acres at Kulai, 16 acres at Permude, 4 acres at Kalavar, 35 acres at Bajpe, 69 Acres at thokur and 6.48 acres at Bajpe).
- As part of the handover of the 9 R&R colonies to the urban local bodies (ULB), the Company
 has handed over the Civic amenities of all R& R colonies to ULB's. Roads, Street lights and
 Parks has been handed over to Panchayat/Municipal Corporations. Water Supply has been
 handed over to local bodies excepting 3 colonies (6.48 acres, 4 Acres & 35 acres). The
 Company is in the process of handover of Underground Drainage to Local bodies/authorites.
- As part of the implementation of the Government Order for R&R activities, out of the total no of 1628 eligible PDF candidates for employment, one time compensation has been paid to 884 candidates and balance 744 are to be provided employment. Out of the 744 candidates 634 candidates have been provided employment and balance 110 is yet to be placed, out of 110 PDF's 14 PDF's are under process of employment with the Units. Payment of Stipend & Sustenance allowance to PDF nominees is being paid by the Company.

• As per the Lease cum sale agreement with KIADB, the Company is entitled to seek for Sale deed once 50% of the area is utilized. Accordingly, the Company has made an application to KIADB, Zonal office, Mangalore for the sale deed. The Zonal office has sought for certain additional documents, layout plans and reconciliation of payments which has been furnished. The Zonal office has scrutinized and is in the process of sending the recommendation to the Head office for further approval at Bangalore.

Infrastructure Development

• The Company has completed substantial development of infrastructure for Phase-I. The Company has incurred expenditure of Rs 1529 Cr as against Rs 1707 Cr towards Land, R&R, infrastructure development and proponents' share of corridor as on 31st March, 2022.

Power

- I. The Company is a deemed Distribution Licensee for supply of Power to various units in the Zone. The Company is annually filing the tarrif application for fixation of tariff before the KERC. During the year under review, the Company has filed before KERC for approval of Annual Performance Review (APR) for FY 2020-21 and determination of Annual Revenue Requirement for the Distribution & Retail Supply Business for Control period FY 22-23 to FY 24-25 & Tariff Petition for FY 22-23. The KERC has passed the tariff order on 4th April, 2022. Further, the KERC considering the prayer made the Company has reduced the power purchase trading margin by 50 paise/unit which has helped lower the end retail supply tariff to consumers and aided in recovery of retail distribution cost.
- II. To reduce the end retail power supply tariff on consumers in the Zone, the Company has initiated short term open access (STOA) power purchase based on e-reverse bidding process and purchase of power through IEX, a power exchange. The Company had entered into STOA agreement for 2MW for period 17.01.2021 to 17.07.2021 at a landed rate of Rs.3.82/unit and subsequently, a STOA PPA for 3MW was entered with M/s.Manikaran Power Limited for a period 17.07.2021 to 17.01.2022 at a landed rate of Rs.3.53/unit.Further, for period commencing after 17.01.2022, the Company purchased green power through IEX at an average cost of Rs.5.4/unit.
- Based on the Tarriff order for FY 2017-18, One of the consumers had filed petition before III. KERC challenging the recovery of dues amounting to Rs.79,32,960 and your Company had appealed against the petition filed. The KERC has vide its order dated 28th May 2019 dismissed the petition filed by the consumer and upheld the recovery of dues of Rs.79,32,960 from the said consumer. The consumer has since filed a writ petition before the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka against the KERC and restrained the recovery of dues. The Company has filed interlocutory application (IA) for vacating the interim order of the Hon'ble High Court and objections to the said consumer IA direction. The KERC has also filed a detailed statement of objections to the said consumer IA direction. Later, based on the outcome of the Court, a joint memo was filed regarding an interim arrangement to the effect that Cardolite shall furnish BG of Rs 79.33 lakhs which shall be kept current and valid till disposal of the petition and the payment to be made under the Bank Guarantee shall be subject to orders of the Hon'ble Court and the outcome of the litigation. The case is to be listed for hearings before a Divisional Bench of the Hon'ble Karnataka High Court.

Environment

- The Company is submitting the Compliance reports as per the Environmental Clearance conditions to the Ministry of Environment & Forests (MoEF) and Karnataka State Pollution Control Board (KSPCB) as stipulated.
- The company has installed an online ambient air quality monitoring station as mandated by MoEF & Pollution Control Board. The online monitored data is continuously uploaded to Central Pollution Control Board website.
- As part of the Compliance requirement to KSPCB directions for operational of CETP, the Company had installed online analysers to monitor the quality of inlet and outlet parameters of effluents to the CETP and the same is being uploaded to CPCB and KSPCB on real-time basis.

Green Belt Development

- The Company has developed green belt in 272 acres. During 2021-22, the Company planted 1300 saplings at its facilities such as Water Treatment Plant, Common Effluent Treatment Plant and Marine out fall, GSS 3, reach 3 locations. In addition, the Company undertook regular maintenance of the green belt.
- MSEZL in coordination with department of forest completed maintaining 1000 avenue trees in fly over area for the second year to improve the aesthetics.
- Mangalore SEZ developed garden in its Canteen premises and marine out fall pump house and planted 250 ornamental plant species and flowering shrubs. MSEZ is maintaining its garden area in its facilities like administrative building, Customs office, Security gate, Electrical substation, WTP, CETP, TTP marine out fall pump house and road median time to time weeding, pruning, lawn moving, applying manures and fertilizers.
- Mangalore MSEZ in coordination with District legal authority, State Pollution Control Board, SEZ Units, neighboring industries and department of forests celebrated world environment day on June 05th 2021 in the customs office premises and planted around 100 trees.
- Mangalore MSEZ along with department of customs celebrated Azadi Ka Amruth Mahothsav under "Green and Swatch SEZ "theme by planting 200 trees species, organized Beach cleaning program at Thannirbhavi and School sanitization and ground cleaning work at Higher primary school in Baipe.
- Mangalore MSEZ started geo tagging of green belt plant species where exact location of the plants are recorded with coordinates along with name of the plant species for future reference/ documentation and completed geo tagging of 6000 plant species.

Marketing Initiatives

During the year under review, the Company has signed MOU's with 2 investors for DTA land viz Eswari Global Metal Industries Pvt Ltd – 5 Acres and SJT Lifesciences Private Ltd – 5 Acres. The Government of Karnataka (GoK) as part of its initiatives to promote global investments in the state has referred investors to the Zone such as such as Renew Power, Manikaran Group, Gold plus, Gujarat Fluro Chemicals Ltd, Mallaya Group and Laxmi Organics. The GoK

identified MSEZ as the preferred location based on the requirements of the said parties and the Company is in discussion with such parties for leasing of balance land.

• To promote the leasing of the land, the company has put in place success fee of 1% to those entities who successfully markets the land to the prospective investors.

Administrative Matters

- ➤ The Registered office of the Company is situated at Sy. No 168/3A, Plot No U-1, Administrative Building, Mangalore Special Economic Zone, Bajpe Village Mangalore taluk, Dakshina Kannada (Dist), Karnataka 574142.
- ➤ The Project site of the company is at Bajpe, Permude village, Mangalore 574 509, Dakshina Kannada (Dist), Karnataka.
- ➤ The total strength of the employees as at March 31, 2022 is 44.
- > The company has a HR policy which has been approved by the Board.

Units in SEZ

The Company has leased/allotted land to 11 Units in the SEZ. Presently, 9 companies viz ONGC Mangalore Petrochemicals Limited (OMPL), Indian Strategic Petroleum Reserve Limited (ISPRL), , Syngene International Ltd (Syngene) (a subsidiary of M/s Biocon Ltd, Catàsynth Speciality Chemicals Private Ltd, Cardolite Specialty Chemicals India LLP(Cardolite), Gadre Marine Exports Pvt Ltd (Gadre), Ulka India (ULKA), Yashaswi Fish Meal and Oil Company (Yashaswi) & , Authentic Ocean Treasure (AOT) had already commenced its operations, while the other 2 entities viz., JBF Petrochemicals Ltd and Anthea Aromatics are in the process of setting up units in the SEZ and are in different stages of implementation.

Share Capital

During the period under review there is no change in the authorised and paid-up capital of the Company. The authorised share capital is Rs 425,00,00,000 and paid-up share capital is Rs 50,00,12,000.

Your Company has provided the facility to its shareholders to hold the equity shares in Demat mode under ISIN INE04YJ01012 in line with directions of Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). As at 31st March, 2022, 7 shareholders representing 3,84,81,200 Equity Shares constituting 76.96% of the paid-up share capital are held in Demat form, while the balance 2 shareholders representing 1,15,20,000 Equity Shares constituting 23.04% of the paid-up share capital are held in Physical form and requests have been made to the 2 shareholders for earliest conversion of their physical holding to Demat mode of holding.

The Company has not issued any shares with differential rights and hence no information as per provisions of Section 43(a)(ii) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 4(4) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debenture) Rules, 2014 is furnished.

Dividend

No dividend is being recommended by the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2022 as there is no profit during the year and no amount has been transferred to General Reserve during the FY 2021-22.

Credit Rating

The Company had obtained credit rating from CARE Ratings Ltd for the Long-term Credit facilities of Rs 504.05 Cr (reduced from 538.64 Cr) outstanding. CARE has assigned a rating of CARE A Stable (Single A with outlook as stable) on 03rd January, 2022 reaffirmed the rating.

Declaration of Commercial Operation Date (COD)

The Company has achieved the Commercial Operations Date (COD) with effect from April 01, 2015.

Credit facilities

The company has Term Loan facility of Rs 585 Cr from State Bank of India (Refinanced from consortium of 7 Banks lead by Indian Overseas Bank). The outstanding amount as at 31st March 2022 is around Rs 496.63 Cr.

During the year under review, the interest rate remains unchanged at 7.35% p.a. (6 Months MCLR plus 0.40 BPS spread). The Interest rate was changed from Annual MCLR reset to half yearly MCLR reset w.e.f 01 July 2020.

Financial Accounting

Your Company's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 are prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, amended Schedule III to the Companies Act, issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016, as applicable from time to time.

Consolidated Financial Statements:

The Annual Audited Consolidated Financial Statements together with Auditors' report thereon form part of annual report.

The Company has the following two Subsidiaries:

1. Mangalore STP Limited (MSTPL)

Mangalore STP Limited is a Special Purpose Company registered under the Companies Act, 2013 on 24th March 2011. The main object of the Company is to undertake the O&M of the 3 sewage treatment plants and connected wet wells on Cost sharing basis in the ratio of 70:30 between the Company and MCC. The shareholding is held by Mangalore SEZ Limited (70%) and Mangalore City Corporation (MCC) (30%).

MSTPL presently operates the Kavoor STP and its associated 9 wet wells plus wet well 6 and 7 of Bajal STP which were taken over from MCC for efficient operation & maintenance.

The Company has engaged M/s Vishvaraj Environment Private Limited, Pune as the O&M operator for Kavoor STP, 12 Wet Wells, Sewage Pumping Mains & related ancillaries in Mangalore City for a period of 3 Years vide contract Package no: MSTPL/O&M/STP Kavoor/2021 with Commencement date of 01st October, 2021 up to 30th September 2024. MSTPL has been supplying STP water to MSEZ on a regular basis.

During the year under review, the revenues from operations stood at Rs 758.66 Lakhs as compared to Rs 746.25 Lakhs during the FY 2020-21. The comprehensive income is Nil in the current year and Previous year.

2. MSEZ Power Limited (MPL)

MSEZ Power Limited is a 100% Subsidiary of the company formed with the prime objective of distribution of Power to the units in MSEZL. This Subsidiary will commence its operations once the power distribution segment currently vesting with Mangalore SEZ Ltd (MSEZL) is transferred to MPL. There is no progress on the capital structure options and its feasibility to transfer the power assets to MSEZ Power Ltd. It has also been granted a Co-Developer status from the Ministry of Commerce and Industries on May 19, 2015.

During the year under review, the company had other revenue income of Rs 0.24 Lakhs as compared to Rs 0.34 Lakhs during the FY 2020-21. The Loss for the Period is Rs 0.31 Lakhs and the comprehensive income for the period is Rs (0.31) Lakhs compared to comprehensive Income of Rs 0.06 Lakhs in the Previous year.

The statement containing the salient features of the financial statement of a company's subsidiaries under the first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed in form **AOC-1** as **Annexure V**.

Directors & Meetings of the Board

Four meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the financial year. The details of the meetings have been furnished in the Corporate Governance report annexed to this report as **Annexure-II.**

Directors and Key Managerial Personnel - changes during the financial year 2021-22:

Change in Directors (Resignations):

- Consequent upon superannuation from the services of Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC) as Chairman and Managing Director, Shri Shashi Shanker, Chairman has resigned as the Chairman/Director of the Company with effect from 01st April, 2021.
- Shri Paritosh Kumar Gupta has resigned as Nominee Director (IL&FS) of the Company effective from June 12, 2021
- Shri Isaac Vas has resigned as Nominee Director (KCCI) of the Company effective from October 27, 2021.
- Consequent upon superannuation from the services of Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC) as Chairman and Managing Director, Shri Subhash Kumar has resigned as the Chairman/Director of the Company with effect from 01st January, 2022
- Consequent upon completion of tenure, Shri Srinivas S Kamath ceases to be an Independent Director w.e.f 28.03.2022.

Your directors wish to place on record their sincere appreciation for the valuable services rendered by Shri Shashi Shanker, Shri Paritosh Kumar Gupta, Shri Isaac Vas, Shri Subhash Kumar and Shri Srinivas S Kamath during their association with the Company.

Change in Directors (Appointments)

The following persons were appointed as Directors during the year

- 1. Shri Subhash Kumar (Nominee of ONGC) has been appointed as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Mangalore SEZ Ltd w.e.f 06th April, 2021.
- 2. Shri Anurag Sharma (Nominee of ONGC) has been inducted as an additional Director on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Ltd w.e.f 09th June, 2021.
- 3. Shri Anurag Sharma was regularized as Director (Nominee of ONGC) at the 15th AGM held on September 10, 2021.
- 4. Shri Baiju Mathew (Nominee of IL&FS) has been inducted as an additional Director on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Ltd w.e.f 12th September, 2021.
- 5. Shri Ravi Sikeriya (Nominee of IL&FS) has been inducted as an additional Director on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Ltd w.e.f 26th October, 2021.
- 6. Dr Alka Mittal (Nominee of ONGC) has been inducted as an additional Director & Chairperson on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Ltd w.e.f 11th January, 2022.
- 7. Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor (Nominee of KCCI) has been inducted as an additional Director on the Board of Mangalore SEZ Ltd w.e.f 19th January, 2022.

Change in Key Managerial Personnel: Nil

a. Re-appointments of Directors at the 16th AGM:

The following re-appointments to the Board are proposed:

Approval of the shareholders is being sought for the re-appointment of **Shri Venkatesh Madhava Rao (DIN: 07025342)**, Nominee Director of the Company, who retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company and being eligible offer himself for re-appointment in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and pursuant to Articles of Association of the Company. Your Board recommends his re-appointment.

- b. Appointments of Directors at the 16th AGM:
 - Shri Baiju (DIN: 05274214) was inducted as an Additional Director on the Board w.e.f September 12, 2021. As per the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, he holds office only up to the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Approval of the Shareholders is being sought for his appointment as Director (Nominee of IL&FS) (Non-Executive) in the ensuing Annual General Meeting pursuant to the provisions of the Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013. Being eligible, the Board recommends his appointment.
 - Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya (DIN: 06591404) was inducted as an Additional Director on the Board w.e.f October 26, 2021. As per the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, he holds office only up to the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Approval of the Shareholders is being sought for his appointment as Director (Nominee of IL&FS) (Non-Executive) in the ensuing Annual General Meeting pursuant to the provisions of the Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013. Being eligible, the Board recommends his appointment.
 - Dr.Alka Mittal (DIN: 07272207) was inducted as an Additional Director on the Board w.e.f January 11, 2022. As per the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, she holds office only up to the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Approval of the Shareholders is being sought for her appointment as Director (Nominee of ONGC) (Non-Executive) and Chairperson in the ensuing Annual General Meeting pursuant to the provisions of the Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013. Being eligible, the Board recommends her appointment.
 - Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor (DIN: 07613534) was inducted as an Additional Director on the Board w.e.f January 19, 2022. As per the provisions of Section 161 of the

Companies Act, 2013, he holds office only up to the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Approval of the Shareholders is being sought for his appointment as Director (Nominee of KCCI) (Non-Executive) in the ensuing Annual General Meeting pursuant to the provisions of the Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013. Being eligible, the Board recommends his appointment.

- Smt Nalini Padmanabhan (DIN: 01565909) was inducted as an Additional Director in the capacity of Independent Director on the Board w.e.f April 21, 2022. As per the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, she holds office only up to the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Approval of the Shareholders is being sought for her appointment as Independent Director (Non-Executive) in the ensuing Annual General Meeting pursuant to the provisions of the Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013. Being eligible, the Board recommends her appointment.
- Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli (DIN: 01070476) was inducted as an Additional Director in the capacity of Independent Director on the Board w.e.f July 02, 2022. As per the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, he holds office only up to the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Approval of the Shareholders is being sought for his appointment as Independent Director (Non-Executive) in the ensuing Annual General Meeting pursuant to the provisions of the Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013. Being eligible, the Board recommends his appointment.
- Smt Pomila Jaspal (DIN: 08436633) was inducted as an Additional Director on the Board w.e.f July 02, 2022. As per the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, she holds office only up to the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company. Approval of the Shareholders is being sought for her appointment as Director (Nominee of ONGC) (Non-Executive) in the ensuing Annual General Meeting pursuant to the provisions of the Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013. Being eligible, the Board recommends her appointment.

Declarations by Independent Directors:

The Company had received declarations form the Independent Directors under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 confirming their independence vis-à-vis the Company.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

As required under clause (c) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that:

- a) the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanations relating to material departures, if any, for preparation of the annual accounts;
- b) the accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and judgments and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year ended March 31, 2022 and of the profit and Loss of the Company for that period.
- c) proper and sufficient care has been taken to maintain adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud or other irregularities;
- d) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.
- e) the Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Corporate Governance

The report on Corporate Governance is annexed to this report as Annexure-II.

Contracts and Arrangements with Related Parties

Related party transactions that were entered during the financial year are on arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business There were no related party transactions with the Company's Promoters, Directors, Management or their relatives, which could have a potential conflict with the interests of the Company. Transactions with related parties entered by the Company in the normal course of business are periodically placed before the Audit Committee for its review. The particulars of transactions made with the Related Parties during the year in the prescribed Form AOC-2 are enclosed as **Annexure-III**.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiatives

As a socially responsible organization, MSEZL is committed to the well-being of the communities around the SEZ area. The Company had reported loss and hence the CSR budget for the FY 2021-22 was nil, hence, the Company could not take up any CSR activities during the FY 2021-22.

As required under the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is required to spend at least 2% of the average net profits in the immediately three preceding financial years. The average profit before tax for the last three years viz., 2018-19, 2019-20 & 2020-21 was Rs (1682.07) Lakhs and 2% of 3-year average profit After tax was Rs (33.64) Lakhs.

The CSR Policy may be accessed on the Company's website at http://www.mangaloresez.com/index.php/about-us/company-policies. A report on the CSR activities for FY 2021-22 is provided as an **Annexure-IV** to this report.

Risk Management

The Risk Management Policy has been adopted for the organization by the Board. The Risk Management Committee reviews various types of risks whether present or future and updates the risk register. The Management appraises the same to the Audit Committee periodically.

Internal Financial Control Systems and their Adequacy:

Your Company has in place a Policy on Internal Financial Controls. The Audit Committee regularly reviews the Internal Audit Reports for the audit carried out in all the key areas of the operations. Additionally, the Audit Committee reviews the significant issues raised by the Internal and External Auditors. Regular reports on the business development, future plans if any and projections wherever required are given to the Board of Directors. Internal Audit Reports are regularly circulated for perusal of Senior Management for appropriate action as and when required.

The Company's assets are adequately covered by comprehensive insurance, risk assessments, inspections and safety audits are carried out periodically.

Statutory Auditors

M/s Ray & Ray, Chartered Accountants, bearing Registration No. 301072E are the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years from the conclusion of 12th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 17th Annual General Meeting at such remuneration as may be

decided by the Audit Committee/Board of Directors thereon. They have audited the Financial Statements for the FY 2021-22 and submitted their report which forms part of this report.

Auditors' Report:

The report of the Auditors of the Company and notes to the accounts are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any further comments and may be treated as adequate compliance of Section 134(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Auditors' Report is un qualified but has an emphasis on the following matters:

Audit Report on Standalone Financials:

Notes 8 and 12 (b) of the standalone financial statements regarding provision of Rs.11,617.16 Lakhs against receivable from JBF Petrochemicals Limited of Rs. 17,133.76 lakhs. The company had initially filed application as operational creditor to initiate Corporate Insolvency Resolution process under the IBC before the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT). As the Corporate Debtor (JBF Petrochemicals Limited) is admitted before IBC, the NCLT vide its order dated 28th January 2022 directed the Company to place its claim before the Interim Resolution Professional (IRP) of the Corporate Debtor. Accordingly, the Company has filed the claim before the IRP of the Corporate debtor and the same has been provisionally accepted as per list of Operational Creditors' Claims received up to 16th February, 2022. Pending finalization of Operational Creditors' Claims as per the IBC, the Company has provided Rs. 2,500 Lakhs as credit loss during the year in the books of account.

Management reply for the emphasis matter:

Impairment of the old receivables from JBF are done with the approval of the competent authority from FY 2019-20 in a phased manner as the Company believes that the entire manufacturing facility is still intact within SEZ area and the unit cannot commence production without the assured water supply from the company. JBF Petrochemicals Limited, the Corporate Debtor is admitted under IBC vide NCLT, Ahmadabad order dated 28th January 2022. The Company has filed a Claim before the Resolution professional and the same has been admitted. As per the CIRP of the Corporate Debtor, the Resolution Applicants are given time to submit their bids/resolution plans which is under process. The Company believes that the JBF dues are realizable based on the successful completion of the Corporate Insolvency Resolution process of the corporate debtor.

Audit Report on Consolidated Financials:

Notes 7 and 11 (b) of the Consolidated financial statements regarding provision of Rs.11,617.16 Lakhs against receivable from JBF Petrochemicals Limited of Rs. 17,133.76 lakhs. The company had initially filed application as operational creditor to initiate Corporate Insolvency Resolution process under the IBC before the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT). As the Corporate Debtor (JBF Petrochemicals Limited) is admitted before IBC, the NCLT vide its order dated 28th January 2022 directed the Company to place its claim before the Interim Resolution Professional (IRP) of the Corporate Debtor. Accordingly, the Company has filed the claim before the IRP of the Corporate debtor and the same has been provisionally accepted as per list of Operational Creditors' Claims received up to 16th

February, 2022. Pending finalization of Operational Creditors' Claims as per the IBC, the Company has provided Rs. 2,500 Lakhs as credit loss during the year in the books of account.

Management reply for the emphasis matter:

Impairment of the old receivables from JBF are done with the approval of the competent authority from FY 2019-20 in a phased manner as the Company believes that the entire manufacturing facility is still intact within SEZ area and the unit cannot commence production without the assured water supply from the company. JBF Petrochemicals Limited, the Corporate Debtor is admitted under IBC vide NCLT, Ahmadabad order dated 28th January 2022. The Company has filed a Claim before the Resolution professional and the same has been admitted. As per the CIRP of the Corporate Debtor, the Resolution Applicants are given time to submit their bids/resolution plans which is under process. The Company believes that the JBF dues are realizable based on the successful completion of the Corporate Insolvency Resolution process of the corporate debtor.

Internal Auditors

The Board of Directors at its 66th meeting have appointed M/s. N.M. Raiji & Co, Chartered Accountants as Internal Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2021-22.

Secretarial Audit

The Board at its 70th Board meeting had appointed S U & Associates, Company Secretaries LLP (LLPIN AAM-9499) as the Secretarial Auditor to conduct Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2021-22. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 is annexed herewith and marked as **Annexure-I** to this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report do not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

Cost Auditors & Cost Records

Mr. P.Venkatgiri Rao, Practicing Cost Accountant, Mangalore bearing membership No.32390 and firms registration no 101602 was appointed by the 66th Board of Directors as the Cost Auditor of the company for FY 2021-22 at a remuneration of Rs 50,000/- (Rupees Fifty Thousand Only) plus applicable taxes and out of pocket expenses, subject to ratification of the said remuneration by the Members at the ensuing 15th Annual General Meeting pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has maintained the necessary accounts and records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to Cost Audit. They are required to submit the report within 180 (One Hundred and Eighty) days from the end of the accounting year.

Evaluation of Board

The provisions of Section 134 (3) (p) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8(4) of the Companies (Accounts) rules, 2014 requires every listed company and every other public Company having paid-up share capital of Rs 25 Cr or more shall include a statement indicating the manner in which formal annual evaluation has been made by the Board of its own performance and that of its committees and individual directors.

Accordingly, based on the criteria of Board evaluation approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC), the Board of Directors have evaluated the performance of

Board, Non-Executive and Non-Independent Directors, Committees of Board and Independent Directors of the Company. A consolidated report was submitted to the 17th Nomination and Remuneration Committee and to the 70th Board for its review. The 17th Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviewed the consolidated report on Evaluation and noted the % of rating obtained against each category by the Directors. Based on the % of rating obtained, the 17th NRC had expressed its satisfaction and recommended for reappointment of the Directors of the Company. The Consolidated report on the performance of Board, Non-Executive and Non-Independent Directors, Committees of Board and Independent Directors was placed for review and noting by the Board. The Board reviewed the consolidated report on Board Evaluation and concurred with the recommendations of the 17th Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Meeting of Independent Directors

6th Independent Directors meeting was held on March 25, 2022, inter-alia, to discuss the evaluation of performance of Non-Independent Directors, the Board as a whole, evaluation of the performance of the Chairman and the evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties. The Independent Directors expressed satisfaction over the same.

Disclosures:

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee Consists of the following Directors as its members. The constitution consists of one Independent Director and one non-independent Director as at 31.03.2022. Shri Srinivas S Kamath, Independent Director term got completed on 28.03.2022. The Company is in the process of Inducting an Independent Director. The details of the Terms of reference are provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

Name of Director	Designation				
Shri Srinivas S Kamath (Tenure up to	Chairman and Independent Director				
27.03.2022)					
Shri ISN Prasad	Independent Director				
Shri Venkatesh Madhava Rao	Member				

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee consists of following Directors as its members. The constitution consists of One non independent Director and one Independent Director. Shri Srinivas S Kamath, Independent Director term got completed on 28.03.2022. The Company is in the process of Inducting of an Independent Director. The details of the Terms of reference are provided in the Corporate Governance Report. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy may be accessed on the Company's website at http://www.mangaloresez.com/index.php/about-us/company-policies.

Name of Director	Designation
Shri Srinivas S Kamath (Tenure up to 27.03.2022)	Chairman and Independent Director
Shri ISN Prasad	Member and Independent Director

Name of Director	Designation
Shri Shri Venkatesh Madhava Rao	Member

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee Consists of the following Directors as its members. The CSR Committee constitution consisted of at least one Independent Director as member as required under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The details of the Terms of reference are provided in the Corporate Governance Report.

Name of Director	Designation
Shri Srinivas S Kamath (Tenure up to 27.03.2022)	Chairman and Independent Director
Shri Baiju Mathew	Member
Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya	Member

Internal Complaints Committee (ICC):

The Company in compliance of instruction of Department of Woman and Child development read with the guidelines issued by the Honorable Supreme Court, the company has constituted an Internal Complaints Committee to enquire into the complaints on sexual harassment of women at work place under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. The ICC was re-constituted on 01st February, 2021 with the following as the members of the ICC., Mrs Divya T (Presiding officer), Mrs Saritha K, Mr. Nishanth B.S, Mr Yogeesha K and Mrs Priya D'souza. During the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, three meetings were held and the Company has not received any complaints pertaining to Sexual Harassment.

Vigil Mechanism:

The Company has adopted in its Board Meeting held on 28th March, 2015 a Vigil mechanism and Whistle blower policy (part of HR policy) which would be overseen by the Audit Committee under which a protected Disclosures should be addressed to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. If the protected disclosure is received by an executive, the same should be forwarded to the Chairman of the Audit Committee for appropriate action. The Company Secretary shall act as a vigil officer for operational matters under the policy. Detailed policy on vigil mechanism is available on the Company's website viz., www.mangaloresez.com. During the year, the Company has not received any Complaints under the Vigil mechanism.

Details of frauds reported by auditors under Section 143(12) other than those which are reportable to the Central Government – Nil

Particulars of Loans given, Investments made, Guarantees given and securities provided

During the year, the Company has not made any investment and no loans or guarantees or securities were provided to other business entities.

Fixed Deposit

The Company did not invite or accept any deposits from the public during the year within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013. There are no unpaid or unclaimed deposits with the Company.

Particulars of Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption etc.

Information on conservation of Energy, Technology absorption, Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo required to be disclosed under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are provided hereunder:

(A) Conservation of Energy:	
i) the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy ii) the steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy iii) the capital investment on energy conservation equipment's;	Energy conservation continues to receive priority attention at all levels. All efforts are made to conserve and optimise use of energy with continuous monitoring, improvement in maintenance and distribution systems and through improved operational techniques.
(B) Technology absorption :	
(i) the efforts made towards technology absorption	Updation of Technology is a Continuous process, absorption implemented and adapted by the Company for innovation. Efforts are continuously made to developing infrastructure and rendering allied services to its clients.
(ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution	The Company has been successful in conservation of river water by constructing Sewage Treatment Plants for treating the secondary sewage water with the help of the State of the Art Technology and making it fit for Industrial use.
 (iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year) (a) the details of technology imported (b) the year of import; (c) whether the technology been fully absorbed 	Not applicable since 5 years period is over.
(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof	
(iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development.	Nil

Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo	2021-22	2020-21	
Foreign Exchange Earnings	Nil	Nil	
Foreign Exchange Outgo	Nil	Rs 2,89,27,626	

The company had initially filed application as operational creditor on the Corporate Debtor (JBF Petrochemicals Limited) to initiate Corporate Insolvency Resolution process under the IBC before the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), Ahmadabad. As the Corporate Debtor (JBF Petrochemicals Limited) is admitted before IBC, the NCLT vide its order dated 28th January 2022 and the Company was directed to place its claim before the Interim Resolution Professional (IRP)

of the Corporate Debtor. Accordingly, the Company has filed the claim before the IRP and the same has been admitted.

Extract of Annual Return

Pursuant to section 134(3)(a) and section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, a copy of the annual return is placed on the website of the Company and can be accessed at https://www.mangaloresez.com/index.php/about-us/annual-reports.

Particulars of Employees

Since, your Company is an unlisted company, the Company is not required to provide any disclosures required in terms of Section 197(12) and Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. However, any such information required shall be made available to any shareholder on a specific request made by him in writing before or after the date of such Annual General Meeting.

Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the company

There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the company which occurred between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

Significant and Material Orders passed by the Regulators or Courts

No significant and material orders were passed by the Regulators/Courts that would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

Environment Protection Measures

The Company has taken up regular environmental monitoring to check the quality of water and air to maintain the environmental standards. It has installed an online ambient air quality monitoring station as mandated by MoEF & Pollution Control Board. The online monitored data is continuously uploaded to Central Pollution Control Board website. As part of the Compliance requirement to KSPCB directions for operational of CETP, the Company had installed online analysers to monitor the quality of inlet and outlet parameters of effluents to the CETP and the same is being uploaded to CPCB and KSPCB on real-time basis.

Acknowledgment

Your directors wish to express a deep sense of gratitude and acknowledge the co-operation, assistance and support extended by the Central and State Government, Government departments & agencies, Banks and local authorities for their continued guidance and support. The Directors also wish to place on record their sincere appreciation for the total commitment, dedication and hard work put in by the employees at all levels for the development of the Company.

The Directors place on record their appreciation for the continued co-operation and confidence reposed by all stakeholders viz Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Ltd (ONGC), Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Ltd (IL&FS), Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board (KIADB), Kanara Chamber of Commerce and Industry (KCCI) and ONGC Mangalore Petrochemical Ltd (OMPL- has now merged with Mangalore Refinery and Petrochemicals Ltd).

On Behalf of the Board For Mangalore SEZ Limited

\$d/- \$d/-

Place: Mangalore (Venkatesh Madhava Rao) (Maroor Shashidhar Pai)

Dated :25/07/2022 Director Director

DIN: 07025342 DIN: 07613534

ANNEXURE I TO BOARD'S REPORT

FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

(FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2022)

[Pursuant of section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule no.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members
MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED
Sy. No 168/3A, Plot No U-1,
Administrative Building,
Mangalore Special Economic Zone,
Bajpe Village, Mangalore- 574142

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED** (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of **MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period on 31st March 2022 complied with the statutory provisions listed in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- 1. I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms, and returns filed and other records maintained by MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED for the financial year on 31st March 2022 according to the provisions of:
 - 1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the act) and the Rules made there under;
 - II) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and rules made thereunder do not apply to the Company as it is Unlisted Public Company.
 - III) The Depository Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Byelaws to the extent applicable to the Company.
 - IV) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under.
 - V) The regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992('SEBI Act') is not applicable to Company as it is not a listed Company.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines & Standards mentioned above.

2. I further report that:

The Company has, in my opinion, complied with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, with regard to:

a) Maintenance of various statutory registers and documents and making necessary entries therein;

- b) Closure of the Register of Members: there were no events observed that required the closure of Register of Members during the year under review.
- c) Forms, returns, documents and resolutions required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies and the Central Government;
- d) Service of documents by the Company on its Members, Auditors and the Registrar of Companies;
- e) Notice of Board meetings and Committee Meetings of Directors;
- f) The meetings of Directors and Committees of Directors including passing of resolutions by circulation;
- g) The Annual General Meeting for the calendar year 2021 was held on 10/09/2021.
- h) Minutes of proceedings of General Meetings and of the Board and its Committee meetings.
 4 Board Meetings, 5 Audit Committee Meetings, 1 CSR Committee Meeting, 3 NRC Meeting and 1 Independent Directors' Meeting were conducted in the period under review;
- i) Approvals of the Members, the Board of Directors, the Committees of Directors and the government Authorities, wherever required;
- j) Constitution of the Board of Directors / Committee(s) of Directors, appointment, retirement and reappointment of Directors including the Whole-time Directors;
- k) There was no payment of remuneration to Directors including the Whole-time Directors except payment of sitting fees to Independent Directors for attending the Board and Audit Committee;
- 1) Appointment and Remuneration of Auditors and Internal Auditors;
- m) Transfers and transmissions of the Company's shares and issue and dispatch of duplicate certificates of shares if any; There were no such events observed during the year under review;
- n) Declaration and payment of dividends if any: is not applicable.
- o) Transfer of certain amounts as required under the Act to the Investor Education and Protection Fund and uploading of details of unpaid and unclaimed dividends on the websites of the Company and the Ministry of Corporate Affairs is not applicable;
- p) Borrowings and registration, modification and satisfaction of charges wherever applicable: There were no such events during the year under review;
- q) Investment of the Company's funds including investments and loans to others if any: There were no such events during the year under review;
- r) Form of Balance Sheet as prescribed under Part I, form of Statement of Profit and Loss as prescribed under Part II and General Instructions for preparation of the same as prescribed in Schedule III to the Act:
- s) Directors' report;
- t) Contracts, common seal, registered office, and publication of name of the Company; and
- u) Generally, all other applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules made under the Act.

3. I further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors (Nil), Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and

obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views if any are captured and recorded as part of the minutes. The Company has obtained all necessary approvals under the various provisions of the Act; and

There was no prosecution initiated and no fines or penalties were imposed during the year under review under the Act, SEBI Act, SCRA, Depositories and Guidelines framed under these Acts against/ on the Company, its Directors and Officers.

The Directors have complied with the disclosure requirements in respect of their eligibility of appointment, their being independent and compliance with the code of Business Conduct & Ethics for Directors and Management personnel;

4. The provisions of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the Rules made under that Act, with regard to maintenance of minimum public shareholding is not applicable to this company.

5. I further report that:

Based on the information received and records maintained, there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For S U & ASSOCIATES LLP LLP Identification Number: AAM-9499

Designated Partner
ULHAS S BHAT
(DPIN 07104951)
FCS No.7116, CP No.7806
PRACTISING COMPANY SECRETARY
UDIN: F007116D000482272

Place: Mangalore Date: 10/06/2022

ANNEXURE II TO BOARD'S REPORT

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR THE YEAR 2021-22

Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance

The Company is committed to maintain the highest standards of Corporate Governance in its dealings with its various stakeholders. It is an integral part of the Company's core values which include transparency, integrity, honesty and accountability. The Company believes in practicing good Corporate Governance and endeavors to improve on these aspects on an ongoing basis.

Board of Directors

As on March 31, 2022, the Company's Board of Directors comprised of Seven Directors consisting of Six Non-Executive Directors and One Independent Director. The Details of the Directors are as under:

Name of Director	Designation	Category of Directorship
Dr Alka Mittal	Chairperson, Additional Director (Nominee from ONGC).	Non-Executive Director
Shri Anurag Sharma	Nominee Director from ONGC.	Non-Executive Director
Shri M.Venkatesh	Nominee Director from ONGC	Non-Executive Director
Shri I S N Prasad	Independent Director	Non-Executive Director
Shri Baiju	Additional Director (Nominee from IL&FS)	Non-Executive Director
Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya	Additional Director (Nominee from IL&FS)	Non-Executive Director
Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor	Additional Director (Nominee from KCCI)	Non-Executive Director

Changes during the financial year 2021-22:

Name of the Director	Date of Resignation/tenure completion	Remarks
Shri Shashi Shankar	01/04/2021	Resigned as Director & Chairman of the Company.
Shri Paritosh Kumar Gupta	12/06/2021	Resigned as Director of the Company.
Shri Isaac Vas	27/10/2021	Resigned as Director of the Company.
Shri Subhash Kumar	01/01/2022	Resigned as Director of the Company.
Shri Srinivas S Kamath	28/03/2022	Completed tenure as Independent Director

Name of the Director	Date of Appointment	Remarks
Shri Subhash Kumar	06/04/2021	Appointed as Chairman of the
		Company.
Shri Anurag Shama	09/06/2021	Appointed as Additional Director (Nominee of ONGC) of the Company.
Shri Anurag Sharma	10/09/2021	Appointed as Director (Nominee of ONGC) at the 15 th AGM.
Shri Baiju	12/09/2021	Appointed as Additional Director (Nominee of IL&FS) of the Company.
Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya	26/10/2021	Appointed as Additional Director (Nominee of ONGC) of the Company.
Dr Alka Mittal	11/01/2022	Appointed as Additional Director (Nominee of ONGC) & Chairperson of the Company.
Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor	19/01/2022	Appointed as Additional Director (Nominee of KCCI) of the Company.

Changes in the Board of Directors after 31st March 2022.

- 1. Smt Nalini Padmanabhan was appointed as Additional Director in the capacity of Independent Director w.e.f 21/04/2022.
- 2. Consequent to the Completion of second tenure of 2 Years, Shri ISN Prasad ceases to be an Independent Director of the Company w.e.f 04/06/2022.
- **3.** Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli was appointed as Additional Director in the capacity of independent Director w.e.f 02/07/2022.
- **4.** Smt Pomila Jaspal was appointed as Additional Director (Nominee of ONGC) of the Company w.e.f 02/07/2022.

The Board places on record its appreciation for the valuable services rendered by Shri ISN Prasad during his tenure as Director of the Company.

Directors Appointments/Re-appointments

In terms of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, **Shri Venkatesh Madhava Rao**, **(DIN: 07025342)** Nominee Director of ONGC (DIN 07025342) will retire by rotation at the Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offer himself for re-appointment. The Board of Directors of the Company recommend his re-appointment.

In terms of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, **Shri Baiju (DIN: 05274214)** who was appointed as additional director by the Board on **September 12**, **2021** is proposed to be appointed as **Nominee Director (Nominee of IL&FS)** at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board of Directors of the Company recommends his appointment.

In terms of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, **Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya (DIN: 06591404)** who was appointed as additional director by the Board on **October 26, 2021** is proposed to be appointed as **Nominee Director (Nominee of IL&FS)** at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board of Directors of the Company recommends his appointment.

In terms of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, **Dr.Alka Mittal (DIN: 07272207)** who was appointed as additional director by the Board on **January 11, 2022** is proposed to be appointed as **Nominee Director (Nominee of ONGC)** at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board of Directors of the Company recommends her appointment.

In terms of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, **Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor (DIN: 07613534)** who was appointed as additional director by the Board on January **19, 2022** is proposed to be appointed as **Nominee Director (Nominee of KCCI)** at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board of Directors of the Company recommends his appointment.

In terms of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, **Smt Nalini Padmanabhan (DIN: 01565909)** who was appointed as additional director by the Board in the capacity of Independent Director on **April 21, 2022** is proposed to be appointed as Independent Director to hold office for a period of 5 years at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board of Directors of the Company recommends her appointment.

In terms of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, **Shri Narasimha Raju Narasappa Doddahosahalli** (**DIN: 01070476**) who was appointed as additional director by the Board in the capacity of Independent Director on **July 02, 2022** is proposed to be appointed as Independent Director to hold office for a period of 3 years at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board of Directors of the Company recommends his appointment.

In terms of Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, **Smt Pomila Jaspal (DIN: 08436633)** who was appointed as additional director by the Board on **July 02, 2022** is proposed to be appointed as **Nominee Director (Nominee of ONGC)** at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The Board of Directors of the Company recommends her appointment.

A Statement showing the particulars of Directors as per the corporate governance regulations is Annexed to the Notice of 16th Annual General Meeting.

Board Meetings held during the financial year 2021-22

During the financial year under review, the Board of Directors met four times as under:

Number of the Meeting	Date of Meeting	Place of Meeting
66 th	04 th May, 2021	New Delhi
67 th	28 th July, 2021	New Delhi
68 th	26 th October, 2021	New Delhi
69 th	27 th January, 2022	New Delhi

Attendance of Directors as on March 31, 2022 at the Board meetings held during the financial year 2021-22 and attendance at the 15th AGM and directorships/Committee positions held in other companies were as under:

Name of Director	No. of Board meetings held during the year	No. of Board Meetings attended	Attendance at the 15 th AGM	Directorships in other companies*	No. of outside committee #	
					Member	Chairman
Dr Alka Mittal	4	1	NA	7	1	-
Shri Anurag Sharma	4	2	Present	4	2	1
Shri M.Venkatesh	4	4	Present	3	-	-
Shri ISN Prasad	4	1	Absent	11	5	1
Shri Baiju	4	2	NA	2	_	-
Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya	4	2	NA	0	0	-
Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor	4	1	NA	1	-	-

[#] Chairmanship/Membership of the Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of Public Limited Companies,

Details of attendance of Directors (resigned during the year/completed tenure) at the Board meetings held during the financial year 2021-22 and attendance at the 15th AGM and directorships/Committee positions held in other companies

Name of Director	No. of Board meetings held during the year	No. of Board Meetings attended	Attendance at the 15 th AGM	Directorships in other companies*		outside nittee #
					Member	Chairman
Shri Shashi Shankar	4	0	NA	7	-	-
Shri Paritosh Kumar Gupta	4	1	NA	9	3	-
Shri Isaac Vas	4	1	Present	2	-	-
Shri Subhash Kumar	4	3	Absent	9	4	-
Shri Srinivas S Kamath	4	4	Present	-	-	-

[#] Chairmanship/Membership of the Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee of Public Limited Companies,

Note: Directorships and Committees data as per the last Disclosure made to the Company

^{*}excludes directorships in foreign companies

^{*}excludes directorships in foreign companies

Independent Directors

In order to comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2013, the company has appointed Independent Directors. Considering the requirement of skill sets on the Board, eminent people having an independent standing in their respective field/profession, and who can effectively contribute to the Company's business and policy decisions are considered by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, for appointment, as Independent Directors on the Board. The Committee, inter alia, considers qualification, positive attributes, area of expertise and number of Directorships and memberships held in various committees of other companies by such persons while selecting such Directors and determining Directors' independence. The Board considers the Committee's recommendation, and takes appropriate decision subject to the approval of Shareholders in the General Meeting. Accordingly, the existing independent Directors registered in the data bank of Independent Directors were re-appointed for another term of 2 years.

Following are the Independent Directors as at 31st March, 2022.

Name	Term	Tenure
Shri ISN Prasad	04 th June, 2020 to 03 rd	2 Years
	June, 2022	
Shri Srinivas S. Kamath	28 th March 2020 to 27 th	Completed his term as
	March, 2022	Independent Director w.e.f
		28.03.2022

Disclosure of Relationships between directors Inter-se:

Inter-se relationships between Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company: None

Number of Shares held by Non-Executive Directors: Nil

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was re-constituted on April 20,2021 in accordance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. The broad terms of reference, role and scope were drawn as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee as approved by the Board is reproduced below:

- To discuss with the auditors periodically about the internal control systems, the scope of audit including the observation of the auditors.
- To review the half-yearly and annual financial statements before submission to the Board for its approval,
- To ensure compliance of internal control systems
- To investigate into any matter in relation to the items referred to it by the Board.
- To make any recommendations on any matter relating to financial management, including the Audit Report.
- review of annual capital and revenue budgets

Five meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the financial year 2021-22;

Number of the meeting	Date of Meeting	Place of meeting
51st	03 rd May, 2021	Mangalore
52 nd	28th July, 2021	Mangalore
53 rd	22 nd October, 2021	Mangalore
54 th	14 th December, 2021	Mangalore
55 th	25 th January, 2022	Mangalore

The composition of the Committee during the year under review and the details of meetings attended by the Directors during the financial year are given below:

Name of Director	Designation	No. of meetings held during the year	No. of meetings attended
Shri Srinivas S Kamath*	Chairman & Independent Director	5	5
Shri ISN Prasad	Member & Independent Director	5	3
Shri Venkates Madhava Rao	n Member	5	5

^{*}Ceases to be a member w.e.f 28/03/2022.

The Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors of the Company were invited to attend the Audit Committee meetings where ever required.

Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was re-constituted on October 26, 2021 pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The CSR Committee formulates the CSR Policy, monitors the CSR activities & CSR spending of the company as per the guidelines of Companies Act, 2013.

One meeting of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was held during the financial year 2021-22;

Number of the meeting	Date of Meeting	Place of meeting
14 th	30 th April, 2021	Mangalore

The composition of the Committee during the year under review and the details of meetings attended by the Directors during the financial year are given below:

Name of Director	Designation	No. of meetings held during the Year	No. of meetings attended
Shri Srinivas S Kamath*	Chairman & Independent	1	1
	Director		
Shri Paritosh Kumar Gupta	Member	1	1
Shri Isaac Vas**	Member	1	1
Shri Baiju Mathew***	Member	NA	NA

Name of Director	Designation	No. of meetings held during the Year	No. of meetings attended
Shri Ravi Sikeriya****	Member	NA	NA

^{*} Ceases to be a member w.e.f 28th March, 2022; ** Ceases to be a member w.e.f 27th October, 2021; *** Member w.e.f 12th September, 2021; **** Member w.e.f 26th October, 2021.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee was re-constituted by the Board on April 20,2021 pursuant to Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall:

- a. Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director.
- b. Identify persons who are qualified to become Director and persons who may be appointed in Key Managerial and Senior Management positions in accordance with the criteria laid down in this policy.
- c. Recommend to the Board, appointment and removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel (at Board level).
- d. Review the organogram, HR policy framework, compensation structure bench marked to (a) other companies in infrastructure arena, other JV's of ONGC, the KPI's of different roles of the executives and the role relationship amongst the intra functional and interfunctional teams of the Company for the Construction phase and O&M phase

Three meetings of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was held during the financial year 2021-22;

Number of the meeting	Date of Meeting	Place of meeting
13 th	03 rd May, 2021	Mangalore
14 th	08 th June, 2021	Managlore
15 th	22 nd October, 2021	Mangalore

The composition of the Committee during the year under review and the details of meetings attended by the Directors during the financial year are given below:

Name of Director	Designation	No. of meetings held during the tenure	No. of meetings attended
Shri Srinivas S	Chairman &	3	3
Kamath**	Independent Director		
Shri ISN Prasad	Member & Independent	3	3
	Director		
Shri M.Venkatesh	Member	3	3
Shri Subhash Kumar*	Member	NA	NA

^{*}Ceases to be a member w.e.f 20/04/2021.

^{**} Ceases to be a member w.e.f 28/03/2022

Committee of Directors (COD)

The Committee of Directors is constituted for following powers based on the value of contracts and proposals:

- 1. To approve the work contracts: Award of contracts on open tender basis from Rs.10 Crore to Rs.200 Crore, limited tender basis from Rs. 7.5 Crore to Rs. 150 Crore and single tender basis from Rs.2.50 to Rs. 50 Crore.
- 2. To approve appointment of consultants ranging from Rs. 50 Lakhs to Rs. 1 Crore.
- 3. To approve variation proposals where value of variation is between Rs. 5 Crore to Rs. 50 Crore subject to max ceiling of 10% of the contract value.
- 4. Consideration of proposals of new capital investment, marketing related proposals beyond the approved business plan under the Scope of the Committee of Directors.

Committee of Directors reviews all proposals of award of works which requires approval of Board of Directors and furnishes its recommendation to the Board. Committee of Directors have powers up to 5% of the order value mentioned against in S.No.1 above to waive compensation for loss and/or liquidated damage/price reduction already claimed /levied due to failure of contractors/suppliers.

COD Meetings held during the financial year 2021-22 - Nil.

The Committee of Directors was re-constituted by the Board on October 26, 2021 The composition of the Committee during the year under review are given as under:

Name of Director	Designation
Shri M.Venkatesh	Member
Shri Srinivas S Kamath*	Member
Shri Baiju Mathew	Member

^{*}Ceases to be a member w.e.f 28.03.2022

Remuneration to Directors

The Company pays sitting fees to Non-Executive Independent Directors for attending the Board and Audit Committee meetings. The Details of sitting fees paid during the financial year 2021-22 are provided hereunder

Name of Director	Amount In Rs
Shri ISN Prasad	1,00,000
Shri S.S.Kamath	2,25,000

The company do not pay any sitting fees to the Non-Executive Directors/ Executive Director.

Other Disclosures as required under Schedule V part II of Section II:

S.No Particulars	Details
------------------	---------

I	All elements of remuneration package such as salary, benefits, bonuses, stock options, pension, etc., of all the directors;	Sitting fees is paid to Independent Directors for attending the Board and Audit Committee meetings.
li	Details of fixed component. and performance linked incentives along with the performance criteria	NA
lii	Service contracts, notice period, severance fees; and	Nil
lv	Stock option details, if any, and whether the same has been issued at a discount as well as the period over which accrued and over which exercisable.	NA

Annual General Meetings (AGM)

The details of the last three Annual General Meetings of the Company are as under:

Financial Year Ended	Date of AGM	Time	Venue	Special Resolution passed
31st March 2019	27 th September, 2019.	12.30 Hrs	The Gateway Hotel, Old Port Road, Bunder, Mangalore – 575 001	Managing Director for Six
31st March 2020	29 th September, 2020.	9.45 Hrs	Registered office through Video conferencing /Other audio visual means	Nil
31st March 2021	10 th September, 2021.	10.00 Hrs	Registered office through Video conferencing /Other audio visual means	Nil

Extra-ordinary General Meeting

During the year under review, the company has not conducted any Extra-Ordinary General Meeting.

Code of Conduct

The Company is committed to conducting its business in conformity with ethical standards and applicable laws and regulations. This commitment stands evidenced by the Code of Conduct adopted by the Board of Directors at their 32nd meeting held on 26th March, 2013 which is applicable to each member of the Board of Directors and Senior Management of the Company. The Board Members and Senior Management have affirmed the compliance to the Code of Conduct of the company for the year ended March 31, 2022.

CEO and CFO Certification

Certificate on the financial statement and internal controls relating to financial reporting from Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer for the year ended 31st March, 2022 was submitted to the Board at its meeting held on 05th May, 2022.

General Shareholder Information

- a. The Company is registered in the State of Karnataka, India. The Corporate Identification Number (CIN) allotted to the Company by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) is U45209KA2006PLC038590.
- b. The Annual General Meeting is scheduled to be held on 26/08/2022.
- c. Financial Calendar: April to March
- d. Book Closure: None
- e. ISIN: INE04YJ01012
- f. Registrars/Transfer Agent: KFIN Technologies Limited.

Karvy Selenium, Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli,

Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500 032, Telangana

Contact person: Mr. Hanumantha Rao P, Sr Manager-

Corporate Registry, (040) 6716 1602 email: hanumantha.patri@kfintech.com

g. Shareholders' Enquiries: Shri V.Phani Bhushan, Company Secretary, E-mail ID for

shareholders' queries: Email: phanibhushan@msezl.com.

- h. **Address for correspondence:** Sy.No 168/3A, Plot No U-1, Administrative Building, Mangalore Special Economic Zone, Bajpe Village, Mangalore Taluk, Dakshina Kannada (Dist), Karnataka 574142.
- i. **Annual Report**: Annual Report containing inter-alia, Audited Accounts,

Board's Report, Corporate Governance Report, Auditor's Report including information for the shareholders and other important information is circulated to the members and others

entitled thereto.

- j. **Designated Exclusive email-id**: The Company has designated the following email-id exclusively for investor services: info@msezl.com
- k. **Special Economic Zone Location**; Mangalore SEZ Ltd, Bajpe, Permude village, Mangalore 574 509, Dakshina Kannada (Dist), Karnataka.

Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March 2022:

SI.	Name of Shareholder	No. of Equity	% of
No.		Shares of Rs 10/-	Shareholding
		each Held	

1	Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Ltd. (IL&FS)	25,000,000	50.00
2	Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Ltd. (ONGC)	13,000,000	26.00
3	Karnataka Industrial Area Development Board (KIADB)	11,500,000	23.00
4	ONGC Mangalore Petrochemicals Ltd.(OMPL)	480,000	0.96
5	Kanara Chamber of Commerce & Industries (KCCI)	20,000	0.04
6	V.Suryanarayana	100	0
7	Rishi Bhardwaj	500	0
8	Diwakar Sinha	100	0
9	Paritosh Kumar Gupta	500	0
	TOTAL	50,001,200	100.00

Disclosures:

Related Party Transactions: There was no related party transaction with its promoters, the Directors or the management or relative of the Directors that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company.

Disclosure of Accounting Treatment: In preparation of the Financial Statements, the company has followed the Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India (ICAI), to the extent applicable.

Compliances: The Company has complied with provisions of law and regulations as applicable to the Company. co

Transfer to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF): The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and also the Company has not declared any dividend since its incorporation. Therefore, transfer by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund established by the Central Government pursuant to Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013 do not arise.

On Behalf of the Board For Mangalore SEZ Limited

Sd/- Sd/-

Place: Mangalore (Venkatesh Madhava Rao) (Maroor Shashidhar Pai)

ANNEXURE III TO BOARD'S REPORT

FORM NO AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso is given below

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

SI. No	Particulars	Details
a)	Name (s) of the related party & nature of relationship	Nil
b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transaction	Nil
c)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements /transaction	Nil
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or	Nil
	transaction including the value, if any	
e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or	Nil
	arrangements or transactions	
f)	Date of approval by the Board	Nil
g)	Amount paid as advances, if any	Nil
h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in	Nil
	General meeting as required under first proviso to	
	section 188	



ANNEXURE IV TO BOARD'S REPORT

1. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis

1.	Details of mate		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
S.N o	Name (s) of the related party	ONGC	IL&FS	KIADB	OMPL	MRPL	Hindustan Petroleum Corporatio n Ltd
A	Nature of Relationship	Associate	Associate	Associate	ONGC- Ultimate holding company	Subsidiary of ONGC	Subsidiary of ONGC
В	Nature of contracts/ arrangement s/ transaction	As mentione d in Sl. No. (d) below	As mentione d in SI. No. (d) below	As mentione d in SI. No. (d) below	As mentione d in SI. No. (d) below	As mentione d in Sl. No. (d) below	As mentione d in Sl. No. (d) below
С	Duration of the contracts/ arrangement s / transaction	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	01.04.202 1 to 31.03.202 2	01.04.202 1 to 31.03.202 2	01.04.202 1 to 31.03.202 2	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022
D	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangement s or transaction including the value, if any	Nil	Nil	a) Services received –Annual lease rent b)Toward s acquisitio n of Land	a) Supply of services-Annual lease rental b) Sale of products c) Supply of Services d) Supply of other services e) Interest expense on security deposit	a) Sale of products b) Supply of services c) Supply of other services	a) Supply of Service
E	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangement s or transactions	Ordinary Course of Business	Ordinary course of business	Ordinary course of business	Ordinary course of business	Ordinary course of business	Ordinary course of business
F	Date of approval by the Board	Not Applicabl e.	Not Applicabl e.	Not Applicabl e	Not Applicabl e	Not Applicabl e	Not Applicabl e



G	Amount	Nil	Nil	a) 10.98	a)233.96	a)2541.56	a)68.00
	incurred			b)37.07	b)3291.47	b)2994.27	
	during the				c)978.28	c)6.34	
	year (Rs In				d) -		
	Lakhs)				e)6.55		

S.N o	Name (s) of the related party	Mangalor e STP Ltd	MSEZ Power Ltd	Key Managerial Personnel	Key Managerial Personnel	Key Managerial Personnel
A	Nature of Relationship	Subsidiary Company	Wholly owned Subsidiary company	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial officer	Company Secretary
В	Nature of contracts/ arrangements / transaction	As mentione d in SI. No. (d) below	As mentione d in SI. No. (d) below	Remuneratio n	Remuneratio n	Remuneration
С	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements / transaction	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022
D	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transaction including the value, if any	a) Supply of goods	a) Supply of services	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary
Е	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	Ordinary course of business	Ordinary course of business	Ordinary course of business	Ordinary course of business	Ordinary course of business
F	Date of approval by the Board	Not applicabl e	Not applicabl e	13/05/2019	21/09/2019	12/05/2016
G	Amount incurred during the year (Rs In Lakhs)	a) 613.75	a) 0.31	61.93	33.61	25.64

On Behalf of the Board

\$d/- \$d/-

Place : Mangalore (Venkatesh Madhava Rao) (Maroor Shashidhar Pai)
Dated :25/07/2022 Director Director

DIN: 07025342 DIN: 07613534

ANNEXURE IV TO BOARD'S REPORT

Format of the Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities for the financial year 2021-22.

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company

To actively contribute to the social and economic development of the communities in which we operate through our services, conduct and initiatives with environmental concern. In so doing build a better, sustainable way of life for the weaker sections of society.

Depending upon their core competency and business interest, Company shall undertake activities for economic and social development of communities and geographical areas, particularly in the vicinity of its operations.

These include: Promoting education, skill building for livelihood of people, health, cultural and social welfare etc, particularly targeting sections of society.

To generate through its CSR initiatives, a community goodwill for MSEZL and help re-inforce a positive and socially responsible image of the Company as a Corporate entity

The CSR Committee has allocated the budget for CSR activities for the FY 2019-20. The CSR Policy is available at companies Website viz www.mangaloresez.com under policies.

2. Composition of CSR Committee:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the allied rules, the Company's CSR Committee, comprises of the following members as on 31st March, 2022:

S.No	Name of the Director	Designation/Nature of Directorship	No.of Meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	No.of Meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Shri Srinivas S Kamath (Tenure up to 27.03.2022)	Chairman of Committee & Independent Director	1	1
2	Shri Baiju Mathew	Member of Committee & Nominee Director	1	NA
3	Shri Ravi Brijmohan Sikeriya	Member of Committee & Nominee Director	1	NA

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company.

The CSR Committee has allocated Nil budget for CSR activities for the FY 2021-22 as the average net profits of the Company is negative. The CSR Policy is available at companies Website viz www.mangaloresez.com under policies.

- 4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report). Not Applicable.
- 5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any

S.No	Financial Year	Amount available for	Amount required to					
		set-off	be setoff					
		from preceding financial	for the financial year, if					
		years (in Rs)	any (in Rs)					
Nil								

- 6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs (1682.07) Lakhs
- 7. Total CSR Obligation for the Financial Year 2021-22:

SL. No.	Particulars	Amount in Rs Lakhs
a)	Two (2) % percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	(33.64)
b)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years.	0
c)	Amount required to be set off for the financial year	0
	Total CSR obligation for the financial year(a+b+c)	(33.64)

8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)							
Amount spent for the Financial	Total Amounto unspent CS		Amount transferred to any fund specified under schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5)					
Year (in Rs.)	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the fund	Amount	Date of transfer			
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(!	5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11	1)
SI. no	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Loca I area (Yes /No)	Locati the pr	on of oject Distric		Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent /disburs edin the current financia I Year (in Rs.) #	Amount transfer red to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.)	Mode of Imple menta tion - Direct (Yes/N o)	Mode Implemer Through Implemer Agency Name	
	Not Applicable											

(b) DETAILS OF CSR AMOUNT SPENT AGAINST ONGOING PROJECTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 21-22: NA

(c) DETAILS OF CSR AMOUNT SPENT AGAINST OTHER THAN ONGOING PROJECTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR FY 2021-22:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	
S.No.	Name of	Item from the list		Location of the		Amount	Mode of	Mode of	
	the	of activities in	Local	project		spent	implem	implementation	
	Project	schedule VII of	area			for the	entation	Through	
		the Act.	(Yes/No)	No)		project	- Direct	implementing	
						(in Rs.)	yes /No)	agency	
				State	Distric			Name	CSR
					t				Registrat
									ion
									number
Not Applicable									
		Total							

- a. Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: Nil
- b. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Nil

c. Total amount spent/disbursed for the Financial Year- (8b+8c+8d+8e): Nil

d. Excess amount for set off, if any NIL

Sl.No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
i.	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Nil
ii.	Total amount spent/disbursed for the Financial Year 21-22	Nil
iii.	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Nil
iv.	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
v.	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	Nil

9 (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

SI.	Preceding	Amount	Amount	Amount trai	nsferred to	any fund	Amount	remaini	ng
No.	Financial	I transferred spent in the		specified under Schedule VII as			to be	spent	in
	Year	to unspent	reporting	per section 135(6), if any.			succeeding		
		CSR Account	Financial	Name of the	Amount	Date of	financial	years.	(in
		under	Year (in Rs.)	Fund	Rs).	transfer.	Rs.)		
		section							
		135(6)							
		(in Rs.)							
1	20-21	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil	
2	19-20	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil	
3	18-19	NII	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil	
	Total			Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil	

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year FY 21-22 for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s):Nil

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
SI. No.	Project I	Name of the Project	Financial year in which the project was commenced	Project duratio		Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs).	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Status of the project - Completed /Ongoing.
1								
2								

- 1. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details).- NIL
 - (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s). N.A.
 - (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset. -N.A.
 - c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.- N.A.
 - (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).- N.A.
- 2. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5). Not Applicable

Sd/(Venkatesh Madhava Rao)
Director
DIN: 07025342

Sd/(Nalini Padmanabhan)
Chairman CSR Committee
DIN: 01565909



Annexure V to Board's Report

Form AOC -1

Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries/associate companies/Joint ventures

Statement pursuant to first proviso to sub section (3) of section 129 of the companies act, 2013, read with rule 5 of companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Part -A: Subsidiaries

Amount in Rupees Lakhs

S.No	Particulars	Name of the Subsidiary				
		Mangalore STP Ltd	MSEZ Power Ltd			
1	Reporting Currency	INR	INR			
2	Exchange Rate	NA	NA			
3	Share Capital	5.00	5.00			
4	Other Equity	0	(1.26)			
5	Total Assets	119.17	3.74			
6	Total Liabilities	119.17	3.74			
7	Investment other than	0	0			
	investment in Subsidiary					
8	Turnover/other income	758.66	0.24			
9	Profit /(Loss)before Tax	0	(0.31)			
10	Provision for Taxation	0	-			
11	Profit /(Loss)after taxation	0	(0.31)			
12	Proposed Dividend	0	0			
13	% of share holding	70	100			

^{*}turnover do not include other income

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations; MSEZ Power Ltd is yet to commence its operations.
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year; Not Applicable

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures – Not Applicable

On Behalf of the Board

Sd/- Sd/-

Place: Mangalore (Venkatesh Madhava Rao) (Maroor Shashidhar Pai)
Dated: 25/07/2022 Director Director

DIN: 07025342 DIN: 07613534

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Mangalore SEZ Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate, subject to our note below, to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Notes 8 and 12 (b) of the standalone financial statements regarding provision of Rs. 11,617.16 Lakhs against receivable from JBF Petrochemicals Limited of Rs. 17,133.76 Lakhs. The company had initially filed application as operational creditor to initiate Corporate Insolvency Resolution process under the IBC before the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT). As the Corporate Debtor (JBF Petrochemicals Limited) is admitted before IBC, the NCLT vide its order dated 28th January 2022 directed the Company to place its claim before the Interim Resolution Professional (IRP) of the Corporate Debtor. Accordingly, the Company has filed the claim before the IRP of the Corporate debtor and the same has been provisionally accepted as per list of Operational Creditors' Claims received upto 16th February,2022. Pending finalization of Operational Creditors' Claims as per the IBC, the Company has provided Rs. 2,500 Lakhs as credit loss during the year in the books of account.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matter.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the standalone financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of these standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
 - g) According to the information and explanation given to us by the management, no managerial remuneration has been paid/ provided during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of section 197(16) of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements Refer to Note no. 56(b) to the standalone financial statements.

- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and iii. Protection Fund by the Company;
- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances; nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- No dividend is declared or paid by the Company during the year and hence, compliance with section ٧. 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For RAY & RAY

Sd/-

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 301072E)

(Shipra Gupta) Place: Bengaluru Partner Date: 05th May, 2022 Membership No 436857

UDIN: 22436857AJMMKH3999

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Mangalore SEZ Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over the financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide

reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company generally, in all material respect has an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For RAY & RAY

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 301072E)

Sd/-(Shipra Gupta)

Partner Membership No 436857

UDIN: 22436857AJMMKH3999

Place: Bengaluru Date: 05th May, 2022

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred under paragraph 2 of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report at even date)

We report that -

i.

- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and the situation of the Property Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) The Company has the program of physical verification of all Property Plant and Equipment in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with the program, certain assets are physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the reasonableness of the frequency of such physical verification is commensurate to the size of the Company and the nature of the assets.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has no immovable property that are not held in the name of the Company (other than properties where the Company is lessee and the lease agreement are executed in favor of the lessee) as disclosed in the Financial Statements.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the disclosure requirement is not applicable to the Company.

ii.

- (a) The Company does not maintain any inventories in its books of accounts. Accordingly, clause 3 (ii) (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Hence, filing of returns or statements to Banks or Financial Institution are not applicable to Company
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Hence, the disclosure of clause 3(iii) (a) to (f) is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any loans, investments, guarantees and securities, where provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act have to be complied with. Hence, the disclosure of clause 3 (iv) is not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposited during the year. Hence, the provisions of clause 3 (v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The Central Government under sub section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act has specified the maintenance of Cost Records as applicable to the Company. On the basis of information and certificate of independent cost auditor, provided to us, the Company has generally complied with the rules made by Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under Sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us:
 - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities and the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues on the last day of the financial year does not concern a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) There are no statutory dues referred to in sub clause (a) which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2022 on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions not recorded in the books of accounts as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. According to the information and explanations given to us:
 - (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) The Company is not declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institutions or other lender.
 - (c) The Company has applied the loans for the purpose of which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) The Company has not raised any funds on a short-term basis. Accordingly, reporting under clause ix (d) is not applicable.
 - (e) The Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate company.
 - (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3 (x) (a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly paid convertible debentures during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3 (x) (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given to us:

х.

- (a) No fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- (c) The Company has not received any whistle-blower complaints during the year.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us, all the related party transactions are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, where applicable and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us:
 - (a) The Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business
 - (b) The report of the Internal Auditor for the period under Audit was duly considered for the Statutory Audit purpose.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors during the year. Hence, provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. According to the information and explanations and representation given to us:
 - (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Group of Companies does not have any Core Investment Company as a part of the Group as per the definition of the Group contained in the Core Investment Company (Reserve Bank) Directions 2016. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. The cash profit generated by the Company is as follows:

Amount Rs. In Lakhs

Particular	FY 21-22	FY 20-21
Net Profit/(Loss) after tax before OCI	-1,993	-3,205
Depreciation and Amortization	3,605	3,613
Non-cash Items	869	869
Cash Profit/(Loss) for the year	2,481	1,277

- xviii. There has not been any resignation of the Statutory Auditors during the year. Hence, the reporting under clause 3 (xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, no material uncertainty exists as on the date of audit report. Based on the Financial Statement, the Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing as on the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

xx. According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act is not applicable to the Company. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For RAY & RAY

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 301072E)

Sd/-(Shipra Gupta)

Partner

Membership No. 436857 UDIN: 22436857AJMMKH3999

Place: Bengaluru Date: 05th May, 2022 Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022

(Rs in lakhs)

				(Rs. in lakhs)
		Notes	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
	ASSETS			
(1)	Non-current assets			
	(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	77,103.39	80,359.13
	(b) Capital work in progress	4	6,667.08	13,335.68
	(c) Investment Property	5	52,771.23	46,487.98
	(d)Other Intangible Assets	6	1,122.35	1,188.52
	(e) Financial Assets			
	(i) Investments	7	8.50	8.50
	(ii) Trade Receivables	8	638.40	729.60
	(iv) Others	9	707.04	705.27
	(f) Other non-current assets	10	505.67	1,601.00
			1,39,523.66	1,44,415.68
(2)	Current assets		,,.	, ,
(-/	(a) Financial Assets			
	(i) Investments	11	4,303.91	5,720.87
	(ii) Trade receivables	12	7,014.16	8,970.20
	(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	13	291.91	244.51
	(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above	14	2,802.73	2,805.61
	(va) Other Financial Assets	15	70.39	88.53
	(b) Current tax asset (Net)	16	0.09	131.07
	(c) Other current assets	17	440.34	423.78
	(c) other current assets	17	14,923.53	18,384.57
	Total Assets		1,54,447.19	1,62,800.25
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		,, ,	,,,,,,,,,,
(1)	EQUITY			
	(a) Equity Share capital	18	5,000.12	5,000.12
	(b) Other equity	19	(5,786.01)	(3,801.14)
	(1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		(785.89)	1,198.98
	LIABILITIES			
(2)	Non-current liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	20	48,104.63	51,059.43
	(ia) Lease liabilities	21	2,247.42	2,275.21
	(ii) Other financial liabilities	22	4,769.94	4,747.39
	(b) Provisions	23	219.09	214.23
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	24	3,026.64	2,067.99
	(d) Government grant	25	1,695.38	1,777.88
	(e) Other Non Current Liabilities	26	86,482.31	89,596.28
			1,46,545.41	1,51,738.40
(3)	Current liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	27	1,482.98	2,304.90
	(ia) Lease liabilities	28	27.80	21.65
	(ii) Trade payables	29		
	- To Micro and Small enterprises		172.60	164.54
	- To Others		1,077.91	889.24
	(iii) Other financial liabilities	30	2,161.85	2,394.88
	(b) Other current liabilities	31	3,420.03	2,888.00
	(c) Provisions	32	262.00	1,117.15
	(d) Government grant	33	82.50	82.50
			8,687.67	9,862.86
	Total liabilities		1,55,233.08	1,61,601.27
	Total Equity and Liabilities		1,54,447.19	1,62,800.25

Significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates and judgements Notes 1 to 2

The accompaying notes are an integral part of these financial statements Notes 3 to $58\,$

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants

(Firms Registration No.301072E)

UDIN: 22436857AJMMKH3999

Sd-KATESH MAROOR

VENKATESH MAROOR
Sd/Shipra Gupta
Director
Partner
DIN:07025342
DIN:07613534
Membership No. 436857

MAROOR
SHASHIDHAR PAI
Director
Director
Director
DIN:07025342
DIN:07613534

Sd/- Sd/-V Suryanarayana K S Ramesh

Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Sd/-

V Phani Bhushan Company Secretary

Place: BANGALORE Place: MANGALORE Date: 05.05.2022 Date: 05.05.2022



Statement of Profit and Loss

for the period ended 31st March, 2022

(Re in lakhe)

				(Rs. in lakhs)
	Particulars	Notes	Year	Year 2020-
			2021-22	21
I	Revenue from Operations	34	19,244.60	16,512.40
II	Other Income	35	654.46	436.03
III	Total Income (I+II)		19,899.06	16,948.43
IV	EXPENSES			
	Cost of materials consumed	36	6,240.63	4,908.52
	Employee benefit expense	37	741.40	709.45
	Finance costs	38	3,998.94	4,491.54
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	39	3,604.66	3,612.65
	Net impairment losses on financial assets	40	2,670.47	2,526.18
	Other expenses	41	3,365.41	2,833.27
	Total Expense (IV)		20,621.51	19,081.61
V	Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax		(722.45)	(2 122 19)
v	(III - IV)		(722.43)	(2,133.18)
VI	Exceptional items			
V I	Exceptional items		-	-
VII	Profit/(loss) before tax (V - VI)			
			(722.45)	(2,133.18)
VIII	Tax expense	42 A		
	(1) Current tax		314.91	45.10
	(2) Deferred tax		955.75	1,026.77
	Total Tax expense		1,270.66	1,071.87
IX	Profit/(loss) for the period from continuing			
	operations (VII - VIII)		(1,993.11)	(3,205.05)
X	Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations		-	-
XI	Tax expense of discontinued operations		-	-
XII	Profit/(loss) from Discontinued operations (after			
	tax) (X -XI)		-	-
XIII	Profit/(loss) for the period (IX + XII)		(1,993.11)	(3,205.05)
XIV	Other Comprehensive Income	42 B		
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(a) Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans		11.14	11.61
	(b) Income tax relating to the above		(2.90)	(3.02)
			8.24	8.59
XV	Total Comprehensive Income for the period		(1,984.87)	(3,196.46)
	(XIII+XIV)		(1,984.87)	(3,190.46)
XVI	Earnings per equity share:	54		
	(1) Basic		(3.99)	(6.41)
	(2) Diluted		-	-

Significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates and judgements Notes 1 to 2

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Ray & Ray **Chartered Accountants**

(Firms Registration No.301072E)

Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-

MAROOR VENKATESH Shipra Gupta MADHAVA RAO SHASHIDHAR PAI **Partner** Director Director

Membership No. 436857 DIN:07025342 DIN:07613534 UDIN: 22436857AJMMKH3999

> Sd/-Sd/-V Suryanarayana K S Ramesh

ou/-

V Phani Bhushan **Company Secretary**

Place: BANGALORE Place: MANGALORE Date: 05.05.2022 Date:05.05.2022

The accompaying notes are an integral part of these financial statements Notes 3 to 58



Statement of Changes in Equity

for the period ended 31st March, 2022

A Equity Share Capital

(Rs. in lakhs)

	Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
i	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	5,000.12	5,000.12
ii	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
iii	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period (i+ii)	5,000.12	5,000.12
iv	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-	-
v	Balance at the end of the reporting period (iii+iv)	5,000.12	5,000.12

B Other Equity

(Rs. in lakhs)

		As at 31.	03.2022	As at 31.03.2021		
	Particulars	Reserves and Surplus	m . 1	Reserves and Surplus	m . 1	
		Retained Earnings	Total	Retained Earnings	Total	
i	Balance at the beginning of the current reporting					
1	period	(3,801.14)	(3,801.14)	(604.68)	(604.68)	
ii	Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	-	-	
iii	Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period (i+ii)	(3,801.14)	(3,801.14)	(604.68)	(604.68)	
iv	Additions during the year:		-			
	Profit/(Loss) for the year/period	(1,993.11)	(1,993.11)	(3,205.05)	(3,205.05)	
v	Items of OCI for the year, net of taxes:					
	Remeasurment benefit of defined benefit plans	8.24	8.24	8.59	8.59	
vi	Total Comprehensive Income for the current year (iii+iv+v)	(1,984.87)	(1,984.87)	(3,196.46)	(3,196.46)	
vii	Reductions during the year/period:					
	Transfer to general reserves	-	-	-	-	
viii	Any other change	-	-	-	-	
ix	Total (vii+viii)	_	-		-	
X	Balance at the end of the current reporting period (iii+vi-ix)	(5,786.01)	(5,786.01)	(3,801.14)	(3,801.14)	

As per our report of even date For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants (Firms Registration No.301072E)

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/- Sd/-VENKATESH MAROOR

Sd/- MADHAVA RAO SHASHIDHAR PAI
Shipra Gupta Director Director

 Partner
 DIN:07025342
 DIN:07613534

 Membership No. 436857
 DIN:07025342
 DIN:07613534

UDIN: 22436857AJMMKH3999 Sd/- Sd/-

V Suryanarayana K S Ramesh

Sd/-

V Phani Bhushan Company Secretary

Place: BANGALORE
Date: 05.05.2022

Place: MANGALORE
Date:05.05.2022

Cash Flow Statement

for the period ended 31st March, 2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		Ye	ar	Year		
i ai tic			1-22	2020-21		
Α.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	2022		2020	, =1	
	Profit before tax	(722.45)		(2,133.18)		
	Adjustments for:	(, , , , ,		())		
	- Depreciation and amortisation	3,604.66		3,612.65		
	- Impairment	2,670.47		2,526.18		
	- Finance cost	3,763.97		4,274.37		
	-Interest on lease liability	207.00		208.41		
	-Provision for Gratuity	22.05		22.50		
	-Provision for Leave Encashment	20.38		14.98		
	-Provision for other Employee benefits	73.77		79.17		
	- Provision for interest on income tax	4.71		-		
	-Interest Income	(109.78)		(138.80)		
	-Gain on sale of investments	(142.55)		(128.31)		
	-Fair value gain on mutual funds	(0.19)		(25.83)		
	-Deferred Government Grant	(82.50)		(45.38)		
	-Interest on income tax refund	(147.57)		- 1		
	-Other (describe) - (Profit)/Loss on sale of asset & Loss	, ,				
	on sale of asset	72.74		17.40		
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	9,234.71		8,284.18		
	Adjustments for:-	,		,		
	-(Increase)/decrease in Trade and other receivables	(595.91)		2,484.40		
	-(Increase)/decrease in Other assets	(13.88)		18.39		
	-Increase/(Decrease) in Trade payable and other	· · ·				
	liabilities	(2,410.92)		(2,592.25)		
	Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	(88.44)		(111.38)		
	Cash generated from Operating activities	6,125.57		8,083.34		
	Income Tax (Paid)/Refund	1,060.29		(184.08)		
	Net Cash generated from Operating activities	ĺ	7,185.86	Ì	7,899.26	
B.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		,		,	
	Payments for Property, plant and equipment	(992.58)		(364.24)		
	Payments/receipts for investment property	(53.76)		(785.29)		
	Investment in term deposits	(23.27)		(344.36)		
	Proceeds from maturity of term deposits	26.15		973.48		
	Gain on redemption of mutual funds	142.55		128.31		
	Fair value gain on mutual funds	0.19		25.83		
	Interest received	117.57		155.58		
	Net Cash (used) in Investing activities		(783.16)		(210.69)	
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
	Repayment of current borrowings	(2,304.90)		(1,649.70)		
	Repayment of non-current borrowings	(1,483.67)		(1.08)		
	Finance Cost paid	(3,755.05)		(4,260.81)		
	Interest paid on lease liability	(207.00)		(208.41)		
	Principal paid of lease liability	(21.64)		(16.11)		
	Net Cash (used) in Financing activities		(7,772.26)		(6,136.11)	
	Net (Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents					
D.	[A+B+C]		(1,369.57)		1,552.46	
	Add: Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents		5,965.38		4,412.92	
	Closing Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,595.82		5,965.38	

Continued

Cash Flow Statement

for the period ended 31st March, 2022

Notes:

- The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 on Cash Flow statements.
- ii Payments for property, plant and equipment includes movement of Capital Work-in-progres during the year.
- iii Brackets indicate cash outflow/ deduction.
- iv Cash and cash equivalents as per above statement comprises as under:

(Rs. in lakhs)

	As at	As at
Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Balances with Banks:		
-Current account	291.75	244.42
Cash on hand	0.16	0.09
Investment in liquid mutual funds	4,303.91	5,720.87
Cash and cash equivalents in Cash Flow Statement	4,595.82	5,965.38

v Statement showing reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the Balance Sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes

(Rs. in lakhs)

			Non-cas	h changes	
Particulars	As at 01.04.2021	Cash Flows	Fair value	Current/Non-	As at
		Casii Flows	_	current	31.03.2022
			changes	classification	
Borrowings - Non Current	51,059.43	(1,483.67)	11.85	(1,482.98)	48,104.63
Other Financial Liabilities	2,304.90	(2,304.90)	-	1,482.98	1,482.98

As per our report of even date For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants (Firms Registration No.301072E) For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/- Sd/-

Shipra Gupta VENKATESH MAROOR

MADHAVA RAO SHASHIDHAR PAI

 Partner
 Director
 Director

 Membership No. 436857
 DIN:07025342
 DIN:07613534

UDIN:22436857AJMMKH3999 Sd/- Sd/-

V Suryanarayana K S Ramesh

Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

V Phani Bhushan Company Secretary

Place: BANGALORE
Date:05.05.2022
Place: MANGALORE
Date:05.05.2022



Notes accompanying financial statements

1. Corporate information

Mangalore SEZ Limited ("Company"), an unlisted Public Limited Company domiciled and incorporated in India having its registered office at Survey No. 168/3A, Plot No U-1, Administrative Building, Mangalore Special Economic Zone, Bajpe Village, Mangalore Taluk, Karnataka -574 142 is engaged in the business of leasing and maintenance after development of property in Special Economic Zone (SEZ) and Domestic Tariff Area at Mangalore.

The Company is jointly promoted by Karnataka Industrial Area Development Board (KIADB), Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC) and Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Limited (IL&FS).

2. Significant accounting policies

2.1. Statement of compliance

The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Technical Guide on Accounting for Special Economic Zones (SEZs) Development Activities issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

2.2 Basis of Preparation

The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain assets and liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

As the operating cycle cannot be identified in normal course due to the special nature of industry, the same has been assumed to have duration of 12 months. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities have been classified as current or noncurrent as per the Company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in Ind AS-I Presentation of Financial Statements (Ind AS-I) and Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The Standalone Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees.

Fair value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.



Notes accompanying financial statements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- > In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ➤ In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the assets in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

- ➤ Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement at a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.



Notes accompanying financial statements

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

2.3 Investments in subsidiaries

The Company records the investments in subsidiaries at cost less impairment loss, if any.

2.4 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the assets or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such assets. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification as held for sale, and actions required to complete the plan of sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets are not depreciated or amortized once classified as held for sale.

2.5 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

These are recognized in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognizes the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognized at fair value as deferred revenue and disclosed as 'Deferred revenue arising from government grant a liability in the Standalone Balance Sheet and transferred to the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

2.6 Tangible Assets – Property, Plant and Equipment



Notes accompanying financial statements

Buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes, are stated in the Standalone Balance Sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses ("Cost Model"). Cost includes of an asset comprises its purchase price or its construction costs (net of applicable tax credits) and any cost directly attributable to bring the asset into the present location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Management. It includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. The carrying amount of a tangible asset is de-recognized on disposal or when no further economic benefits are expected from its use and the gain / loss arising from such de-recognition is considered in the statement of profit and loss

Depreciation of these PPE commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is provided on the cost of PPE less residual value, under straight-line method in accordance with the Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 adopting the useful life for assets as specified therein, except for the following, whose useful life have been taken on the basis of the technical certification obtained. However, the management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Asset	Useful life (in years)
Electrical Installations & Equipments	15
Hydraulic works, pipelines & sluices	30
Marine Pipeline Asset – Pipeline Inside Sea	15
TTP Water Membranes	10
Car Parking Shed	20
Corridor	30
Common Effluent Treatment Plant	15

Depreciation on power distribution assets is provided at the rate of depreciation notified by Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC).

Buildings and pipelines related to River Water System, Tertiary Treatment Plant and Water Treatment Plant are depreciated on Units of Production Method.

The estimated useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each year and if necessary, changes in estimates are accounted for prospectively.



Notes accompanying financial statements

Depreciation on subsequent expenditure on PPE arising on account of capital improvement or other factors is provided for prospectively over the remaining useful life.

An item of PPE is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of assets and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The company follows a plan of physical verification of items of Property, Plant and Equipment so as to ensure full coverage over 3 years in a phased manner. This would provide adequate control having regard to the nature of assets and the operations of the Company.

2.7 Investment properties (Freehold Land):

Property (Freehold Land) that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the company, is classified as investment property. Investment properties are measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs, and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure including mandatory & unavoidable expenditure incurred on creation of infrastructure at R&R colony is capitalised to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized.

2.8 Intangible Assets

(i) Intangible Assets and Amortization

Intangible assets acquired are measured on initial recognition at cost.

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably and are amortized under straight line method as follows:

- Specialized software over a period of 5 years from the month of addition.
- Cost of Barrage usage Rights is amortized on a straight line basis over the lease period/life of the underlying asset whichever is less and determined at 25 Years.

(ii) De-recognition of Intangible Assets



Notes accompanying financial statements

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. When the asset is derecognized, Gains or losses, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognized as impairment in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

2.9 Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

The Company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible and intangible assets, Property, Plant and Equipment (including Capital Works in progress) annually to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

An assessment is made annually as to see if there are any indications that impairment losses recognized earlier may no longer exist or may have come down. The impairment loss is reversed, if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the previous impairment loss was recognized. If it is so, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. After a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. Reversals of impairment loss are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost (weighted average method) and net realizable value.



Notes accompanying financial statements

Unserviceable and scrap items, when determined, are valued at estimated net realizable value less all costs necessary to make the sale.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.11 Revenue recognition

Under Ind AS 115, Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to consumers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expect to receive in exchange of those products or services.

a) Sale of Goods

Revenue arising from sale of goods is recognized when the control is passed to the buyer and the company does not retain any managerial involvement in the goods transferred and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

- 1. Income from supply of River water and Tertiary Treated Plant are recognized on the basis of quantity committed/delivered to the units and invoiced at the agreed rates.
- 2. Income from distribution of power is recognized as per actual consumption billed at Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission (KERC) approved tariff.

b) Sale of Services

Revenue from services is recognized when the outcome of services can be estimated reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with rendering of services will flow to the Company, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

- 1. Operation and Maintenance charges (O&M) and CETP Treatment & Usage Charges are recognized based on the agreed rates with the units.
- 2. Marine outfall usage charges, Corridor Usage charges, CETP joining fees, internal corridor charges received in advance are recognized over the useful life of the asset on proportionate basis.

c) Other Income:

- 1. Capital Gains are recognized based on the receipt of the redemption proceeds from the Liquid Mutual Funds
- 2. The Liquid Mutual funds are on Marked to market based on the closing NAV. Gain or Loss is accounted accordingly



Notes accompanying financial statements

- 3. Dividend income from the investments is recognized when the right to receive payment is established
- 4. Interest income from financial assets is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is that rate exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that assets net carrying amount on initial recognition.
- 5. Rental and other charges for usage of long term assets of the company which do not partake the character of lease, are recognized as and when they fall due as per the terms of the agreements.

2.12 Leases

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" effective 1st April, 2019, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Companies (Indian Accounting Standard), Amendment Rules, 2019, using the modified retrospective method.

On transition, the adoption of the standard resulted in recognition of Right-to-Use assets with corresponding equivalent lease liabilities.

Lease Income and Lease rentals paid are recognized in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles as per Ind AS 116.

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset. Lease other than financial lease are classified as operating lease.

AS LESSEE:

Land acquired from KIADB on a long term lease cum sale and to be converted into a sale subject to fulfillment of the terms and conditions is treated as finance lease and recognized under Investment Property.



Notes accompanying financial statements

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Prepayments towards operating lease are amortized on straight line basis over the period of the lease. Contingent rentals, if any, arising under operating leases are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

AS LESSOR:

Lease agreements with a definite term with no stipulation for transfer of the ownership of the asset by the end of the lease term or for further renewal, are treated as operating lease.

Lease Premium:

Lease Premium received/receivable are recognized on straight line basis over the lease term as specified in the lease agreements.

Lease Rentals:

Lease rentals are recognized as and when they fall due as per the terms of the lease agreements

2.13 Foreign Exchange Transaction

The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupees which represents the currency of the economic environment in which it operates.

A foreign currency transaction is recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

At the end of each reporting period:

- a. Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate.
- b. Non Monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition or in the previous financial statements are recognized in the statement of profit and loss of the period.



Notes accompanying financial statements

2.14 Employee Benefits

a) Short term employee benefits:

Short term employee benefit are recognized in the year in which the service has been rendered by the employees and measured at cost.

All short term employee benefits are recognized at the undiscounted amount in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

b) Post-employment benefits

- i. Defined Contribution Plans: The provident fund scheme and the employee pension scheme are defined contribution plans. The contribution paid / payable under the schemes are recognized during the period in which the employee renders the related service.
- ii. Defined Benefit plans: The employee's gratuity liability is the company's defined benefit plan. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measure each unit separately to build the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, is based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date, having maturity periods approximating to the term of related obligations.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

c) Long term employee benefits

The obligation for long term employee benefits such as long term compensated absences is recognized in the same manner as in the case of defined benefit plans as mentioned in (b) (ii) above.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined liability), are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.



Notes accompanying financial statements

2.15 Taxes on Income

Income tax expense represents the aggregate of Current tax and Deferred tax.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of Income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for a period.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect of situations in which applicable tax regulations re subject to interpretation ad establishes provisions where appropriate.

(ii) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized on deductable/taxable temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Financial Statement and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company



Notes accompanying financial statements

expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to get future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realized.

(iii) Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.16 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs specifically identified in the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets is capitalized as part of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss applying the "effective interest method" as described in Ind AS 109, *Financial Instruments*.

Borrowing Cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

2.17 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

Contingent assets are disclosed in the Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.



Notes accompanying financial statements

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts, unless possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

2.18 Financial instruments

A Financial Instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset or a financial liability or an equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.19 Financial assets

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest/risk adjusted rate method if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms



Notes accompanying financial statements

of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Company has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure.

- a) Lease receivables under Ind AS 116.
- b) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- > Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; and
- ➤ All lease receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 116

The application of simplified approach does not require the company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the



Notes accompanying financial statements

lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the cost of borrowing. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.
- > Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized in the statement of profit and loss (P&L). This amount is reflected under the head 'Net impairment loss on financial assets' 'in the Statement of P&L. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

Derecognition of financial assets

The Company de-recognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.20 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and delivered financial instruments.



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The measurement of the financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near team. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/losses attributable to changes in own credit risk is recognized in OCI. These gains/losses are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

The category generally applies to borrowings.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor falls to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the



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guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognized less cumulative amortization.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company de-recognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability de-recognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.21 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.22 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.



Notes accompanying financial statements

2.23 Operating Segments

Operating Segments are identified based on the business activities from which they earn revenue and incur expenses and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entities Chief operating decision maker and for which discrete financial information is available.

2.24 Critical Accounting Judgments and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Application of many of the accounting policies used in preparing the Financial Statements, MSEZL Management makes judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual outcomes could differ from the estimates and assumptions used.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key source of judgments and estimation of uncertainty in the preparation of the Financial Statements which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are in respect of impairment, useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment, retirement benefit obligations, provisions, valuation of deferred tax assets and contingent assets & liabilities.

2.25 Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations (Refer note 57), that the Management have made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Financial Statements.

2.26 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

a) Impairment of assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired, if any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates that asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely



Notes accompanying financial statements

independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, when the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Company extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on investments, are recognized in the statement profit and loss, except for properties previously revalued with the revaluation surplus taken to OCI. For such properties, the impairment is recognized in OCI up to the amount of any previous revaluation surplus.

For assets excluding goodwill, am assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.



Notes accompanying financial statements

b) Defined benefit obligation (DBO)

Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Mangalore SEZ Limited Notes accompanying financial statements

Note 3: Property, Plant & Equipment

(Rs. in lakhs)

		Gross carryin	ig amount		Ι	Depreciation /	Amortisation	1	Net carryi	ng amount
Particulars	As at 01.04.2021	Additions during the period	Deductions /Adjustme nts	As at 31.03.2022	As at 01.04.2021	Additions during the period	Deductions /Adjustme nts	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021
Lease- Right-of-use assets										
Leasehold land	36.24	-	-	36.24	13.08	2.27	-	15.35	20.89	23.15
Lease assets (Refer Note no. 49)	2,324.08	-	-	2,324.08	222.30	113.31	-	335.61	1,988.47	2,101.78
Buildings	48,875.59	33.82	39.90	48,869.51	5,514.93	1,511.08	3.50	7,022.51	41,847.00	43,360.66
Plant and equipment	42,028.64	292.49	67.54	42,253.59	8,032.68	1,563.64	30.55	9,565.75	32,687.84	33,995.96
Furniture and fixtures	107.01	2.57	-	109.58	52.70	8.33	-	61.03	48.55	54.31
Vehicles	191.56	-	-	191.56	107.82	22.74	-	130.56	61.00	83.74
Office equipment	75.14	17.82	3.07	89.89	60.01	6.95	2.96	64.00	25.89	15.13
Roads	8,490.21	9.53	-	8,499.74	7,765.82	310.17	-	8,075.99	423.75	724.39
Total	1,02,128.47	356.23	110.51	1,02,374.19	21,769.34	3,538.49	37.02	25,270.80	77,103.39	80,359.13
Previous Year	96,464.32	5,709.82	45.66	1,02,128.47	18,248.04	3,544.02	22.72	21,769.34	80,359.13	78,216.28

- 3(i) The company has taken borrowings from bank which carry charge over all the assets of the company (refer Note no.20 towards security and pledge).
- 3(ii) All the title deeds for the Property, Plant and Equipment, except the lease assets, are held in the name of the Company.
- 3(iii) Refer Note no.56(a) for disclosure of contractual commitments for acquistion of Property, Plant & Equipment.

3(iv) Corridor Asset:

In the development of the Special Economic Zone (SEZ), the Company has set up a Pipeline-cum-Road Corridor Project from New Mangalore Port Trust (NMPT) to Mangalore SEZ (MSEZ). The project has been developed and capitalized entirely during FY 20-21 on a self-sustainable, cost and revenue model under an agreement with two customers viz., MRPL and OMPL.

In terms of the agreement:

- (a) All the three parties have contributed in equal shares towards cost of the project.
- (b) The title, ownership, possession and maintenance of the assets vests with MSEZ only.
- (c) OMPL and MRPL have been given perpetual rights to use the corridor for specified width leaving substantial width of the corridor for commercial exploitation by
- (d) The 'usership fee' relating to the width allocated to OMPL and MRPL on 'cost basis' is adjusted against the contribution and the balance is also treated as 'user fee' but reckoned for 'residual contribution'.
- (e) The revenue on the corridor project from third party customers accrue to the three parties in the ratio of their 'residual contributions'.

Note 4: Capital work in progress

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Capital work in progress		
Development of Land	2,653.59	9,710.77
Infrastructrure Development	4,013.49	3,624.91
Total	6,667.08	13,335.68

- 4(i) Capital work in progress includes Rs.2,653.59 lakh as at March 31, 2022 (Rs.9.710.77 lakh as at March
- 31, 2021) mandatory and unavoidable expenditure incurred on creation of infrastructure at R&R colony, pursuant to the Government of Karnataka ORder No.KE 309 REH, 2006, Bangalore dated 20.06.2007. The expenditure will be transferred to the cost of land in the year in which the obligation is completed.
- 4(ii) In FY 21-22, R&R colony expenditure works amounting to Rs.6,213.85 lakhs (FY 20-21 Rs.766.32 lakhs) was handed over to respective local authourities and thus, transferred to cost of land.
- 4(iii) The Company has an obligation vide Government Order no. RD 309 REH 2006 dated 20.06.2007 to provide various compensations to the Project Displaced Families (PDFs) including one job per family and sites for construction. The PDFs can opt for cash in lieu of site and cash in lieu of job. The estimated provision in respect of various compensations is as under which has been included in development of land.

(Rs. in lakh)

	As at	As at
Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Rehabilitation Compensation		
including training	210.90	232.33
Rehabilitation Colony Development		
Cost	30.00	873.33
Total	240.90	1,105.66

The Company has made the above provision based on present obligation as a result of past event. Further, the said R&R package has been amended vide G.O. no. RD 116 REH 2011 dated 02.12.2011 by including the following:

- a) Exit Option the PDF's can opt for an ex-gratia cash in lieu of employment, in addition to the one time cash compensation payable as per earlier G.O.
- b) Payment of stipend/sustenance allowance to PDF/nominees who do not opt for the ex-gratia as mentioned in option (a) above.
- 4(iv) The company has taken borrowings from bank which carry charge over all the assets of the company (refer Note no.20 towards security and pledge).
- 4(v) Refer Note No.44 (i) and 44(ii) for disclosure on CWIP aging and completion schedule respectively.
- 4(vi) Refer Note No.56(a) for disclosure of contractual commitments for acquistion of Plant, Property & Equipment



Mangalore SEZ Limited Notes accompanying financial statements

Note 5: Investment Property

(Rs. in lakhs)

	Gross carrying amount			Amortisation				Net carrying amount		
Particulars	As at 01.04.2021	Additions during the period	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31.03.2022	As at 01.04.2021		Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Land - Lease cum Sale	46,487.98	6,283.25	-	52,771.23	-	-	-	-	52,771.23	46,487.98
Previous Year	45,702.69	838.49	53.20	46,487.98	-	-	-		46,487.98	45,702.69

- 5(i) No fair value has been obtained for investment property.
- 5(ii) Refer Note no.43 on 'Title deeds not held in name of Company' and Note no.50(i) on Finance lease.
- 5(iii) Refer Note no.55 on 'amounts recognised in statement of profit & loss account'.
- 5(vi) Refer Note No.56(a) for disclosure of contractual commitments for Investment Property.

Note 6: Other Intangible Assets

(Rs. in lakhs)

		Gross carryi	ng amount		Amortisation			Net carrying amount		
Particulars	As at	Additions	Deductions/	As at	As at	Additions	Deductions/	As at	As at	As at
	01.04.2021	during the	Adjustments	31.03.2022	01.04.2021	during the	Adjustments	31.03.2022	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
		period				period				
Specialised Software	1.65	-	-	1.65	1.50	0.15	-	1.65	-	0.15
Barrage usage rights	1,584.49	-	-	1,584.49	396.12	66.02	-	462.14	1,122.35	1,188.36
Total	1,586.14	-	-	1,586.14	397.62	66.17	-	463.79	1,122.35	1,188.52
Previous Year	1,588.84	-	2.70	1,586.14	331.51	68.81	2.70	397.62	1,188.52	1,257.33

6(i) The company has taken borrowings from bank which carry charge over all the assets of the company (refer Note no.20 towards security and pledge).

Note 7: Investments

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	No of	As at	As at
	shares	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Investments in Equity Instruments:			
- Unquoted Equity Shares:			
- Subsidiaries (measured at cost):			
a) MSEZ Power Limited, Mangaluru (Wholly owned	50,000	5.00	5.00
subsidairy)	30,000	5.00	3.00
50,000 shares as on March 31, 2022; 50,000 shares as			
on March 31, 2021			
b) Mangalore STP Limited, Mangaluru (Partly owned	35,000	3.50	3.50
subsidiary)	33,000	3.30	3.30
35,000 shares as on March 31, 2022; 35,000 shares as			
on March 31, 2021			
Total		8.50	8.50
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments - At Cost		8.50	8.50

Note 8: Trade Receivables

(Rs. in lakhs)

		(143. III Idkiis
Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Trade receivables		
(a) Considered good - Secured	-	-
(b) Considered good - Unsecured	-	-
(c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
(d) Trade Receivables - credit impaired	638.40	729.60
	638.40	729.60
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts		
Considered good - Unsecured	-	-
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-
	-	•
Total	638.40	729.60

Note 9: Other financial Assets

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Security Deposits	706.50	704.78
Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity	0.54	0.49
Total	707.04	705.27

Note 10: Other Non current Assets

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at 31.03.2021
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Capital Advances:	154.19	154.19
Others		
-Security deposits	52.04	46.12
-Income Tax (Net of Provision)	299.44	1,400.69
Total	505.67	1,601.00

Note 11: Investments

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	
Investments in Mutual Funds - Quoted		
- SBI Liquid Fund - Direct plan Daily Income		
Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal		
4,00,157.819 units of face value of Rs.1075.5542		
each (Previous corresponding March, 2021 -	4,303.91	5,720.87
5,50,303.7 units of face value Rs.1039.5847 each)		
Total	4,303.91	5,720.87
Aggregate amount of quoted investments - At market value	4,303.91	5,720.87

Note 12: Trade Receivables

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	
Trade receivables			
(a) Considered good - Secured	-	-	
(b) Considered good - Unsecured	2,284.65	1,765.51	
(c) Trade Receivables which have significant			
increase in credit risk	-	-	
(d) Trade Receivables - credit impaired	16,572.14	16,509.41	
	18,856.79	18,274.92	
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts			
Considered good - Unsecured	148.70	110.70	
Trade Receivables - credit impared	11,693.93	9,194.02	
	11,842.63	9,304.72	
Total	7,014.16	8,970.20	

Note no.12(a): For disclosure on Trade Receivables aging schedule, Note no.48(ii) to be referrred

Note no.12(b): Trade Receivables includes dues of Rs.4,878.21 lakhs (net of impairment) from JBF Petrochemicals Limited (JBF) outstanding for a significant period. The company has filed an application with National Company Law Tribunal, Ahmedabad Bench as operational creditor to initiate Corporate insolvency Resolution process (CIRP) under the IBC Code. As the Corporate debtor (JBF Petrochemicals Ltd) is admitted before IBC, NCLT vide its order dated 28th January, 2022 directed the company to place a claim before the Interim Resolution Professional (IRP) of the Corporate Debtor. The Company has filed the form B (Claim) before the IRP and the same is verified and admitted on a provisional basis.

Note no.12(c): For disclosure on revenue from JBF for financial year 21-22, Note no. 48(i) to be referred.

Note no.12(d): On cancellation of Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) entered into with M/s. Trident Infrastructure, the Company has considered the net lease premium amount as advance. The same is not forfeited since the same is under discussion with the Competent authourity and hence, Rs.404.48 lakhs is not recognised as revenue.

Note 13: Cash and Cash Equivalents

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at
		31.03.2021
(A) Cash and cash equivalents		
(a) Balances with banks:		
Current accounts	291.75	244.42
(b) Cash on hand	0.16	0.09
Total	291.91	244.51

Note 14: Bank Balances other than above

(Rs. in lakhs)

		(IXS. III Iakiis)
Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at
		31.03.2021
Other Balances with banks		
Term deposits held as margin money	881.73	858.47
Term deposit as per arbitration	1,921.00	1,947.14
Total	2,802.73	2,805.61

Note 15: Other Financial Assets

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at
		31.03.2021
Security Deposit	-	24.25
Due from related parties	0.72	0.41
Interest accrued on deposits	19.70	27.48
Other Receivables	49.97	36.39
Total	70.39	88.53

Note 16: Current tax asset (net)

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at
		31.03.2021
Tax credits	323.04	176.17
Income tax provision	(322.95)	(45.10)
Total	0.09	131.07

Note 17: Other current assets

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at	
		31.03.2021	
Advances:			
(i) Advances to Suppliers	2.36	23.18	
(ii) Advaces to Related party	6.32	-	
(ii) Balances with government authorities			
- Goods and Service Tax input	105.28	140.98	
Prepaid expenses	326.38	259.62	
Total	106 440.34	423.78	

Note 18. Equity Share Capital

Authourised, Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital

(Rs. in lakhs)

	,	(
	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Authorised :		
425000000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	42,500	42,500
Issued		
100000000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully	10,000	10,000
paid up	10,000	10,000
Subscribed and fully Paid up capital		
50001200 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	5 000 12	5 000 13
up	5,000.12	5,000.12
	5,000.12	5,000.12

a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of year:

	As at 31.	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
Fully paid Equity shares	No. of Shares	Amount in Rs. lakhs	No. of Shares	Amount in Rs. lakhs	
At the beginning of the year	5,00,01,200	5,000.12	5,00,01,200	5,000.12	
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-	-	
At the end of the year	5,00,01,200	5,000.12	5,00,01,200	5,000.12	

b) Terms / rights attached to equity shares:

- (i) The Company has issued only one class of equity shares and no securities have been issued with the right / option to convert the same into equity shares at a later date.
- (ii) No shares have been reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.
- (iii) The shares issued and subscribed carry equal rights and voting power.
- (iv) All the shares issued and subscribed carry equal right of dividend declared by the Company and no restrictions are attached to any specific shareholder.

c) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares in the Company:

N. CH. CL. I. I.	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
Name of the Shareholders	No. of Equity	Percentage	No. of Equity	Percentage of
	Shares	of Holding	Shares	Holding
Fully paid Equity Shares of Rs.10 each held by:				
Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services	2,50,00,000	50%	2,50,00,000	50%
Limited (Associate)	2,30,00,000	30%	2,30,00,000	30%
Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited	1,30,00,000	26%	1,30,00,000	26%
(Associate)	1,50,00,000	2070	1,50,00,000	2070
Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board	1,15,00,000	23%	1,15,00,000	23%
(Associate)	1,13,00,000	2370	1,13,00,000	2370

Note 18. Equity Share Capital

d) Details of Shareholding of Promoters:

As at 31.03.2022

Equit				
Sl.		N 1	% of total	% Change
No.	Promoter Name	No of shares	shares	during the year
1	Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Limited	2,50,00,000	50%	-
2	Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited	1,30,00,000	26%	-
3	Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board	1,15,00,000	23%	-

As at 31.03.2021

Equit				
Sl.		No of shares	% of total	% Change
No.	Promoter Name	No of shares	shares	during the year
1	Infrastructure Leasing and Financial	2,50,00,000	50%	
1	Services Limited	2,30,00,000	30%	-
2	Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited	1,30,00,000	26%	-
2	Karnataka Industrial Areas Development	1 15 00 000	23%	
3	Board	1,15,00,000		_



Note 19: Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus	TOTAL	
	Retained Earnings		
Balance at the end of the reporting period March	(604.68)	(604 68)	
31, 2020	(604.68)	(604.68)	
Changes in accounting policy	•	-	
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting	(604.68)	(604.68)	
period April 01, 2020 (A)	(004.00)	(004.00)	
Additions during the year:			
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(3,205.05)	(3,205.05)	
Items of OCI for the year, net of taxes:			
Remeasurment benefit of defined benefit plans	8.59	8.59	
Total Comprehensive Income for the period March	(3,196.46)	(3,196.46)	
31, 2021 (B)			
Reductions during the year:			
Transfer to general reserves	-	-	
Any other change -	-	-	
Total (C)	-	-	
Balance at the end of the reporting period March	(3,801.14)	(3,801.14)	
31, 2021 (D = A + B + C)	` ,	. , ,	
Changes in accounting policy	-	-	
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting	(2.001.14)	(2 001 14)	
period April 01, 2021 (E)	(3,801.14)	(3,801.14)	
Additions during the year:	(1.002.11)	(1.002.11)	
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(1,993.11)	(1,993.11)	
Items of OCI for the year, net of taxes:	0.24	-	
Remeasurment benefit of defined benefit plans	8.24	8.24	
Total Comprehensive Income for the period March	(1.004.05)	(1.004.05)	
31, 2022 (F)	(1,984.87)	(1,984.87)	
Reductions during the year:		-	
Transfer to general reserves		-	
Any other change		-	
Total (G)	-	-	
Balance at the end of the reporting period March		,	
31, 2022 (E+F-G)	(5,786.01)	(5,786.01)	

Note 20: Borrowings

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Maturity	Terms of	Effective	As at	As at
	date	repayment	interest rate	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Secured				_	
Rupee Term Loans	March 2032	Sixty two unequal quarterly installments	7.38% (7.38%)*	49,663.08	53,451.65
Less: Amortized cost	of debt			(75.47)	(87.32)
Non-current borrov	vings			49,587.61	53,364.33
Less: Current maturities of long-term borrowings (included under Current financial liabilities Note 27)			(1,482.98)	(2,304.90)	
Total non-current b	orrowings			48,104.63	51,059.43

^{*} Indicates the EIR as at 31.03.2021

(i) Term loan from banks including current maturities is secured by mortagage of the land and structure/lease hold rights, of the entire immovable assets of the borrower both present and future, excluding land & structure pertaining to the rehabiltation and resettlement of the colony and lands for which lease agreements with tenants of the SEZ project already in place. First charge on the entire assets of the borrower present and future both movable and immovable. First charge on all revenues/receivables accuring to the project.

(ii) There has been no default in payment of principal and interest during the year.

Note 21: Lease liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Lease liabilities (Refer Note no.49)	2,275.22	2,296.86
Less: Current maturities of lease liabilities (included under Other		
Current financial liabilities refer Note 28)	(27.80)	(21.65)
Total non current lease liabilities	2,247.42	2,275.21

Note 22: Other financial liabilities

(Rs in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	
Payable towards capital/project related expenditure/works; contractual obligations	4,561.73	4,524.65
Trade Deposits	208.21	222.74
Total	4,769.94	4,747.39

Note 23: Provisions

(Re in lakhe)

		(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Provision for employee benefits		
Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note no. 51)	137.76	128.07
Provision for Compensated absences (Refer Note no. 51)	81.33	86.16
Total 110	219.09	214.23

Note 24: Deferred tax

The major components of deferred tax liabilities/(assets) arising on account of timing differences are as follows:

As at 31st March, 2022

Particulars	Balance Sheet	Recognised in Profit and Loss	Recognised in Other Comprehensive income	Balance Sheet
	01.04.2021	2021-22	2021-22	31.03.2022
Difference between written down value/capital work in progress of fixed assets (including Investment Property)		790.20	-	6,909.73
as per the books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961				
Difference between written down value of Intangible assets as per the books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961	251.35	(2.73)	-	248.62
Difference in carrying value and tax base of term loan measuerd at amortized cost	22.71	(3.08)	-	19.63
Employee benefit, provision for expense allowed for tax purpose on payment basis	(0.23)	(6.43)	2.90	(3.76)
DTA on non refundable one time user fee considered as income for Income Tax, while the same is amortized over the period of agreement under IND AS and unwinding of security deposit	(4 325 39)	177.79	-	(4,147.60)
Net Deferred tax liabilities	2,067.99	955.75	2.90	3,026.64

Note 25: Government grant

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Government grant (refer Note no.53)	1,777.88	1,860.38
Less: Current portion of government grant (included under 'Other Current Liabilities' Refer Note 33)	(82.50)	(82.50)
Total	1,695.38	1,777.88

Note 26: Other non current liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

		(,
Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Advances from customers	89,596.55	92,106.53
Less: Current maturities of advances from customers (included	(2.204.00)	(0.700.45)
under 'Other Current liabilities' Refer Note 31)	(3,294.99)	(2,708.45)
Total (a)	86,301.56	89,398.08
Deferred income	190.83	208.07
Less: Current portion of deferred income (included under 'Other	(10.09)	(0.97)
Current Liabilities' Refer Note 31)	(10.08)	(9.87)
Total (b)	180.75	198.20
Total (a+b)	86,482.31	89,596.28

Note 27:Borrowings

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer Note no.20)	1,482.98	2,304.90
Total	1,482.98	2,304.90

Note 28: Lease liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Lease liabilities (refer Note no.21)	27.80	21.65
Total	27.80	21.65

Note 29: Trade Payables

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Outstanding dues to Micro and Small Enterprises	172.60	164.54
Outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises	1,077.91	889.24
Total	1,250.51	1,053.78

Note 29(i): The classification of the suppliers under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is made on the basis of information made available to the Company.



Note 29(ii): Disclosure requirement as required under Micro, Small, & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is as follows

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
a. the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining		
unpaid to any supplier as at the end of accounting year:		
Principal	172.60	164.54
b. The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act,		
2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier	Nil	Nil
beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.		
c.the amount of interest due and payable for the period (where the		
principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act, 2006 not	Nil	Nil
paid)		
d. The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of	NI:1	NI:1
the accounting year and	Nil	Nil
e. The amount of further interest due and payable even in the		
succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are	NI:1	NI:1
actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance	Nil	Nil
as a deductible expenditure under Section 23.		

Note 29 (iii): Trade Payables aging schedule

As at 31.03.2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

				,		
		Outstand	ing for fo	llowing perio	ods from the	
			due of payment			Total
Sl.		Less than	1-2		More than 3	Total
No.	Particulars	1 year	years	2-3 years	years	
(i)	MSME	172.60	-	-	-	172.60
(ii)	Others	1,034.84	3.02	8.55	31.50	1,077.91
(iii)	Disputed dues-					
	MSME	-	-	-	-	-
	Others	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	1,207.44	3.02	8.55	31.50	1,250.51

As at 31.03.2021

		Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from the			
			due of payment			TD-4-1
Sl.		Less than	1-2		More than 3	Total
No.	Particulars	1 year	years	2-3 years	years	
(i)	MSME	164.54	-	ı	-	164.54
(ii)	Others	844.52	13.21	31.50	-	889.23
(iii)	Disputed dues-					
	MSME	-	-	-	-	-
	Others	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	1,009.07	13.21	31.50	-	1,053.78

Note 30: Other financial liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

		(Its. III lakiis)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Retention monies relating to capital expenditure/projects	580.58	726.26
Security Deposits	662.45	665.35
Earnest Money Deposit	13.88	12.54
Payable towards capital/project related expenditure/works; contractual obligations	833.26	919.09
Payable to employees	65.38	63.22
Others	6.30	8.42
Total	2,161.85	2,394.88

Payable to contractors towards project related EMD accepted by company and retention monies to contractors, are non-interest bearing.

Note 31: Other current liabilties

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Advances from customers (refer Note no.26)	3,294.99	2,708.45
Deferred income (refer Note no. 26)	10.08	9.87
Others		
-Payable towards Goods & Service tax	59.16	130.45
-Payable towards TDS and TCS under Income Tax	53.83	37.25
-Payable towards Providend fund, Profession Tax and ESI	1.97	1.98
Total	3,420.03	2,888.00

Note 32: Provisions

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Provision for Employee Benefits		
-Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note no.51)	7.12	5.90
-Provision for Compensated absences (Refer Note no. 51)	13.98	5.59
Provision towards Rehabilitation & Resettlement cost (refer Note no. 4 (iii))	240.90	1,105.66
Total	262.00	1,117.15

Movement for Rehabilitation & Resettlement provision

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Opening provision	1,105.66	1,516.59
Addition during the year	45.27	71.84
Provision write back during the year	(873.33)	(428.26)
Utilized during the year	(36.70)	(54.51)
Closing provision	240.90	1,105.66

Note 33: Government grant

		(Its. III Italias)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Government grant (refer Note no. 25)	82.50	82.50
Total	82.50	82.50

Note 36: Cost of materials consumed

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Purchase of Power	5,709.57	4,386.14
STP water drawal charges	531.06	522.38
Total	6,240.63	4,908.52

Note 37: Employee benefit expense

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Salaries and allowances	646.64	624.54
Contribution to provident and other funds	10.33	10.39
Gratuity	22.05	22.50
Staff welfare expenses	62.38	52.02
Total	741.40	709.45

Note 38: Finance costs

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Interest on financial liabilities measured at		
amortized cost		
-Interest on bank borrowings	3,737.32	4,137.27
-Interest on security deposit	26.65	45.90
Interest on security deposits measured at fair value	10.97	8.76
Interest on lease liability at fair value (refer Note no. 49)	207.00	208.41
Other borrowing cost	17.00	91.20
Total	3,998.94	4,491.54

Note 39: Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment	3,422.91	3,428.26
(Refer Note 3)	3,422.91	3,428.20
Amortization of right-of-use assets (Refer	113.31	115.58
Note no. 3 and Note no.49)	113.31	113.36
Amortisation of Intangible assets (Refer Note	68.44	68.81
no. 6)	00.44	08.81
Total	3,604.66	3,612.65



Note 40: Impairment losses

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Impaired and written off (*)	132.02	-
Loss allowance (Refer Note no. 46C)	2,538.45	2,526.18
Total	2,670.47	2,526.18

^(*) Includes Rs.27.33 lakhs of Other assets written off.

Note 41: Other expenses

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Rent	51.58	48.38
Rates & taxes	533.65	274.20
Repair and Maintenance	2,122.03	1,999.44
Insurance	106.62	106.55
Advertising and publicity	16.28	18.33
Travelling expenses	69.19	60.03
Professional & consultancy charges	50.01	30.97
Legal fees	3.53	11.69
Payment to auditors (Refer Note no. 41(i))	10.64	7.75
Corporate social responsibility (Refer Note no. 41 (ii))	-	-
Interest on income tax	4.71	0.85
Miscellaneous Expenses	397.18	275.08
Total	3,365.41	2,833.27

Note 41(i): Payment to auditors

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Audit fee	3.75	3.75
Tax Audit fee	1.00	1.00
Limited Review and Certification fees	4.10	3.00
Re-imbursement of expenses	1.79	-
Total payment to auditors	10.64	7.75

Note 41(ii): Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses

David Land	Year 2021-22	Year 2020-
Particulars		21
A. Gross amount required to be spent by the		
Company	-	-
B. Amount spent during the year on:	-	-
i. Construction/Acquisition of any assets	-	-
ii. Purposes other than (i) above	-	-
Total	-	-
Amount spent against current year budget	-	-
Amount spent against previous year	119 -	-

Note 42 A: Income tax expense

The major components of income tax expense for the year are as under:

Income tax recognised/reported in the Statement of Profit and loss

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the year	317.51	45.10
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(2.60)	-
Total current tax expense	314.91	45.10
Deferred tax:		
-Increase/(Decrease) in deferred tax	955.75	1,026.77
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)	955.75	1,026.77
Income tax expense	1,270.66	1,071.87
Income tax expense is attributable to:		
Profit from continuing operations	1,270.66	1,071.87

Note 42 B: Expenses recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Defined benefit obligation	(11.14)	(11.61)
Total	11.14	11.61

Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Income tax charged on Defined benefit obligation	2.90	3.02
Total	2.90	3.02

Note 43: Income tax expense

A. The major components of income tax expense for the year are as under:

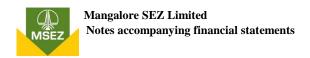
Income tax recognised/reported in the Statement of Profit and loss

Particulars	Quarter ended 31.03.2022
Current tax:	-
Current tax on profits for the year	40.44
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	-
Total current tax expense	40.44
Deferred tax:	
(i) Increase/(Decrease) in deferred tax	219.62
(ii) Deferred tax Asset MAT entitlement (not	
recognised)/reversal of excess MAT - of earlier years	
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)	219.62
Income tax expense	260.06
Income tax expense is attributable to:	
Profit from continuing operations	260.06

B.Other Comprehensive Income Section

Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during in the year

Particulars	
Net loss/(gain) on remeasurement of defined benefit plans	
Income tax charged to OCI	



Note no.43: Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company

Table 1: Statement showing the details of total land area:

Area Details - in Acres

Transferre	Transferred	ferred	Land handed/yet to be handed over to		Registerd Land as on 31.03.2022		Un-		Land	Balance not registered as	
Total Area as on 01.04.2021	to KIADB for MRPL Purpose	Balance area	entities related to R& Colony viz, local bodies & PDF	as on 31.03.2022	as on	Registeration date	registered land as on 31.03.2022		Area Registered as on 31.03.2021	surrendered to KIADB	31.03.2021 (after surrender to KIADB)
2346.92	251.23	2095.69	199.33	1896.36	1533.22	17.02.2011	266.63	2346.92	1,632.20	251.23	463.49
					9.99	11.08.2011					
					86.52	10.11.2014					
2346.92	251.23	2095.69	199.33	1896.36	1629.73		266.63	2,346.92	1,632.20	251.23	463.49

^(*) The 199.33 Acres includes 93.1492 & 106.1809 acres of land handed over to Project Displaced Families and Local bodies as per the Government of Karnataka Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy.

Table 2: Statement showing title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company

Sl. No.	Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value - Rs. In lakhs	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deeds holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
A	Investme nt property	Land - Acres					
i		199.33	16,134.73	Project displaced families and Local authourities	No	Year 2011	The Company has developed Rehabilitation and Resettlement Colonies for the Project Displaced families as per GoK order No.KE 309 REH, 2006, Bangalore dated 20.06.2007. The developed colonies along with common infrastructure developed areas are handed over to the individual PDF and local authourities respectively.
ii		266.63	4,661.17		Yes, held by KIADB who is a Co-promoter and also the lessor of the property.	Year 2012	This land is situated outside the notified SEZ area. The land is being utilized for various utilities viz., corriodor, approach roads, green belt. The land is also held for lease to DTA industries. As and when the land use pattern is firmed up based on the requirement the Company will take up registration.

Further, refer to Note no.50(i) on Finance lease

^{(**) 266.6292} acres of land is in possession but unregistered.

Note 44: Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)

(i) Aging schedule as at 31.03.2022

(Amount in Rs. lakhs)

	Amo	Total			
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in					
progress					
R&R Colony					
Development				2,653.59	2653.59
By Pass road works				3,260.05	3260.05
DAF and Digister					
system	21.49	235.44			256.93
Installation of Electromagnetic					
flow meters	16.7				16.7
Construction of Chemical storage	0.24				0.24
house	9.24 9.10				9.24 9.10
Projects temporarily suspended	9.10				9.10
Providing and laying MS Pipeline in the river bed	114.28				114.28
Boundary Wall Package 3				347.19	347.19
Total	170.81	235.44	-	6,260.83	6,667.08

Aging schedule as at 31.03.2021

(Amount in Rs. lakhs)

	(Amount in						
	Amoun	Amount in CWIP for a period of					
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years			
Projects in progress							
Providing and laying MS Pipeline in the river bed	9.5		19.1868	76.97	105.65		
Fixing of Electromagnetic Flow meter	13.10				13.10		
R&R Colony Development				9,710.77	9,710.77		
By Pass road works				2,896.35	2,896.35		
DAF and Digister system	235.44				235.44		
Projects temporarily suspended					-		
Boundary Wall Package 3 -				347.19	347.19		
Others(*)				27.19	27.19		
Total	258.04	-	19.19	13,058.5	13,335.68		

^(*) Others incudes Rs.27.19 lakh towards initial project study charges. As currently, these projects are not taken up they are impaired off.

(ii) Completion schedule:

As at 31.03.2022

As at 31.03.2022								
	(Amount in Rs. lakhs)							
		To be completed in						
CWIP	Less than	1.2	2.2	More than 3				
Projects in	1 year	1-2 years	2-3 year	years	-			
progress								
DAF and Digister								
system	310.00				310.00			
Installation of								
Electromagnetic								
flow meters	16.70				16.70			
Construction of								
Chemical storage								
house	20.71				20.71			
CAAQMS spares	9.10				9.10			
Projects								
temporarily								
suspended					-			
Providing and								
laying MS Pipeline								
in the river bed	114.28				114.28			
Boundary Wall								
Package 3 -	347.19				347.19			
Total	817.98		-	-	817.98			

As at 31.03.2021

As at 31.03.2021					D 111 \
		(Amount in	Total		
		10 00 00	ompleted i	Ш	Total
CWIP	Less than			More than	
	1 year	1-2 yea	2-3 years	3 years	
Projects in					
progress					
Providing and laying					
MS Pipeline in the					
river bed	105.65				105.65
Fixing of					
Electromagnetic					
Flow meter	13.10				13.10
DAF and Digister					
system	310				310
Projects					
temporarily					
suspended					
D 1 W 11					
Boundary Wall	247.10				245 10
Package 3	347.19				347.19
Others				27.19	27.19
Total	775.94		-	27.19	803.13

Note No. 45: Ratios

			31-Mar-22		31	-Mar-21		% Variance	Reasons if variance is more than 25%
		D.C	Amount Rs. in lakh	D .:	D.C	Amount Rs. in lakh	D. d		
		Reference	iakn	Ratio	Reference	lakn	Ratio		
(a)	Current Ratio, (i/ii)			1.72			1.86	-7.85%	
(u)	Current assets (i)	As per BS	14,923.53	1.72	As per BS	18,384.57	1.00	-7.0370	
	Current liabilities (ii)	As per BS	8.687.67		As per BS	9,862.86			
	Current nationales (n)	As per bs	0,007.07		As per bs	7,002.00			
(b)	Debt-Equity Ratio, (i/ii)			0.56			0.57	-1.93%	
(0)	Debt (i)	Note No: 20	49,663,08	0.00	Note No: 20	53,451.65	0.07	11,5570	
	Equity		,						
	Equity	As per BS	(785.89)		As per BS	1,198.98			
	Long term advances	Note No: 26	89,172.60		Note No: 26	92,090.13			
	Net Equity (ii)		88,386.71			93,289.11			
	D 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1			T			0.50	
(c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (i/iv)			1.54			1.41	9.29%	
	Earnings before Interest, Depreciatoin and Tax (i)								
	Total Income (ii)	As per P&L	19,899.06		As per P&L	16,948.43			
	Less: Operating expenses (iii)	As per rac	19,899.00		As per rac	10,946.43			
	Cost of materials consumed	As per P&L	6,240.63		As per P&L	4,908.52			
	Employee benefit expense	As per P&L	741.40		As per P&L	709.45			
	Interest on security deposits; Interest	713 per 1 cel	741.40		As per I &L	707.43			
	on Lease assets; Other borrowing	Note No. 28			Note No: 38				
	,	11016 110. 38	261.62		Note No. 38	254.20			
	costs	A D0 I	261.62		A D 0 I	354.28			
	Other expenses	As per P&L	3,365.41		As per P&L	2,833.27			
	Total operating exepnses Earnings before Interest, Depreciation		10,609.06			8,805.52			
	and Tax (ii-iii)		9,290.01			8,142.90			
	Debt (iv)								
	Current maturities of long term borrowings	As per BS	2,304.90		As per BS	1,650.78			
	-Interest on bank borrowings	Note No: 38	3,737.32		Note No: 38	4,137.27			
	-interest on bank borrowings	Note No. 38	6,042.22		Note No. 38	5,788.04			
		<u>l</u>	0,042.22			3,700.04		l	
(d)	Return on Equity Ratio, (i/ii)	1		-254%			-267%	-5.13%	
(4)	Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year			20 170			20170	5.1570	
	1	As per P&L	(1,993.11)		As per P&L	(3,205.05)			
	Equity (ii)	As per BS	(785.89)		As per BS	1,198.98			
	Equity (II)	1 10 PCI DO	(703.09)		1 10 per 110	1,170.90		l	<u> </u>
(e)	Inventory turnover ratio,				Not ap	plicable			
	Im	1			1			I	Γ
(f)	Trade Receivables turnover ratio, (i/iii)		10.511	7.75	. 76-	4	8.39	-7.59%	
	Revenue from operations (i)	As per P&L	19,244.60		As per P&L	16,512.40			
	Less: One time revenue amortizations	As per P&L	2,692.05		As per P&L	2,634.68			
	Net Revenue from operations (i)		16,552.55			13,877.72			
	Net closing trade receivables -	Nata No. 10	2 125 05		Note No. 12	1 654 90			
	Considered good, unsecured (ii)	Note No: 12	2,135.95		Note No: 12	1,654.80			

Note No. 45: Ratios

(g)	Trade payables turnover ratio (i/ii)			7.68			7.35	4.56%	
-	Value Goods and services obtained (i)								
	-Cost of material consumed	As per P&L	6,240.63		As per P&L	4,908.52			
	-Other Expenses	As per P&L	3,365.41		As per P&L	2,833.27			
	Net value of goods and services	ris per ruiz	5,500		115 per 1 cc2	2,000.27			
	obtained (i)		9,606,04			7,741.79			
	Closing trade payable (ii)	As per BS	1,250.51		As per BS	1,053.79			
	S. Mark Fragman ()		,			,			<u> </u>
(h)	Net capital turnover ratio (i/ii)			3.09			1.94	59.27%	Th
	Total revenue from operations (i)	As per P&L	19,244.60		As per P&L	16,512.40			The ratio has varied by 59.27% because the total
	Net Working capital (ii =a-b)	Î	6,235.86			8,521.72			revenue has increased by
	Current asset (a)	As per BS	14,923.53		As per BS	18,384.57			Rs.2732.2 lakhs along
	Current liabilities (b)	As per BS	8,687.67		As per BS	9,862.86			with the net decrese in
			.,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			working capital
									Rs.2285.87 lakhs.
									KS.2203.07 lakiis.
(i)	Net profit ratio (i/ii)			-10%			-19%	-47.03%	
	Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year								
	1	As per P&L	(1,993.11)		As per P&L	(3,205.05)			
	Total Income (ii)	As per P&L	19,899.06		As per P&L	16,948.43			
	Total income (ii)	As per ral	19,899.00		As per ræl	10,946.43			
(j)	Return on Capital employed,			-1%			-2%	-33.90%	
0)	return on Capital employed,			170			270	33.7070	
	Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year								
		As per P&L	(1,993.11)		As per P&L	(3,205.05)			
	Capital employed (ii)	As per P&L	(1,993.11)		As per P&L	(3,203.03)			
	Equity								
	Equity	As per BS	(785.89)		As per BS	1,198.98			
	Long term advances	Note No: 26	89,172.60		Note No: 26	92,090.13			
	Net Equity	Note No. 20	88,386.71		Note No. 20	93,289.11			
	Debt	Note No: 20	49,663.08		Note No: 20	53,451.65			
	Total capital employed (Debt + Equity)	Note No. 20	49,003.08		Note No. 20	33,431.03			
	(ii)		1,38,049.79			1,46,740.76			
	()	<u>l</u>	1,50,045175		<u>I</u>	1,10,710.70			
(k)	Return on investment								
	Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year								
		As per P&L	(1.002.11)	-2%		(3,205.05)	-3%	-35.79%	
	Investment:	As per ral	(1,993.11) 1,10,412.37	-270		1.14.003.89	-3%	-33.19%	
	-Net PPE (excluding lease assets)	Note No: 3	75,094.04		Note No: 3	78,234.20			
	-CWIP	Note No: 4	6,667.08		Note No: 4	13,335.68			
	-Investment property	Note No: 5	52,771.23		Note No: 5	46,487.98			
	-Intangible assets (excluding software)	Note No: 6	1,122.35		Note No: 6	1,188.36			
	Less: Contributions received	110.0 110. 0	1,122.33		11010 110. 0	1,100.30			
	For Corridor Project		(19,514.33)			(19,514.33)			
	For Marine Outfall		(3,758.00)			(3,758.00)			
	For CETP and Flyover - Governemnt		(3,730.00)			(3,730.00)			
	Grant		(1,970.00)			(1,970.00)			
			(1,77,0.00)			(2,57,0.00)			l .

Note no. 46A: Category-wise Classification of Financial instruments

(Rs. in lakhs)

Financial assets measured at fair value through	Refer	Non-Cu	ırrent	Current	
	Note	As at	As at	As at	As at
profit or loss (FVTPL)	INOLE	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Investments in quoted mutual funds	11	-	-	4,303.91	5,720.87
		-	-	4,303.91	5,720.87

Financial assets measured at fair value through	Refer	Non-Cu	ırrent	Current	
	Note	As at	As at	As at	As at
other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)	Note	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Investment in unquoted equity shares (*)	7	8.50	8.50	1	-
		8.50	8.50		-

	Refer	Non-Cu	ırrent	Current		
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	Note	As at	As at	As at	As at	
	Note	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	
Trade Receivables	8, 12	638.40	729.60	7,014.16	8,970.20	
Term deposits with original maturity of more than 12		707.04	705.27			
months	9	707.04	103.21	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	13	-	-	291.91	244.51	
Term deposits	14	-	-	2,802.73	2,805.61	
Others	15			70.39	88.53	
		1,345.44	1,434.87	10,179.19	12,108.85	

	D. C	Non-Cu	ırrent	Cur	rent
Financial liabilities measured at fair value	Refer	As at	As at	As at	As at
through profit or loss	Note	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
		-			

Financial liabilities measured at fair value	Refer	Non-Cu	ırrent	Cur	rent
through amortized cost	Note	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Term loan from bank	20, 27	48,104.63	51,059.43	1,482.98	2,304.90
Lease liabilities	21, 28	2,247.42	2,275.21	27.80	21.65
Trade deposits	22	208.21	222.74	-	1
Trade payables	29	-	-	1,250.51	1,053.79
Retention monies relating to capital expenditure/projects	30	-	-	580.58	726.26
Security Deposits	30	-	-	662.45	665.35
Payable to contractors towards project related Earnest Money Deposit	30	-	-	13.88	12.54
Payable towards capital/project related expenditure/works	22, 30	4,561.73	4,524.65	833.26	919.09
Payable to employees	30	-	-	65.38	63.22
Others	30			6.30	8.42
		55,121.98	58,082.03	4,923.14	5,775.22

(*) Investments in the equity shares represents the investment is subsidiary companies and the shares are not held for trading. The Company has chosen to measure these investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI irrevocably as the management believes that presenting fair value gains and losses relating to these investments is the Statement of Profit and Loss may not be indicative of the performance of the Company.

Note no. 46(B): Fair value measurements

(i) The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's financial assets and liabilities:

As at March 31, 2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

		Fair value	Fa	air Value hierarchy	7
Financial assets Refer Note a		as at 31.03.2022	Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets measured					
at fair value through profit					
or loss (FVTPL)					
Investments in quoted					
mutual funds	11	4,303.91	4,303.91	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Investment in unquoted					
equity shares	7	8.50	-	-	8.50

As at March 31, 2021

(Rs. in lakhs)

		Fair value	Fa	air Value hierarchy	7
Financial assets	Refer Note	as at 31.03.2020	Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets measured					
at fair value through profit					
or loss (FVTPL)					
Investments in quoted					
mutual funds	11	5,720.87	5,720.87	-	-
Financial assets measured					
at fair value through other					
comprehensive income					
(FVTOCI)					
Investment in unquoted			·	_	
equity shares	7	8.50	-	-	8.50

(ii) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Financial instruments measured at fair value

The valuation technique used to value financial instruments at fair value is based on the quoted market prices of mutual funds recognized at their closing NAV per unit

The fair value of security deposits is determined using cost of borrowing.



Note no. 46 (C): Financial Risk Management - Objectives and Policies

The Company's financial liabilities comprises mainly of viz., term loan borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The Company's financial assets comprises mainly of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments in mutual funds and other receivables.

The Company has financial risk exposure in the form of viz., market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Risk Management Committee under the Board of Directors oversees the risk to which the Company is exposed and operates.

The present disclosures made by the Company summarizes the exposure to the financial risks.

1) Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market price comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The financial instruments affected by market risk includes rupee term loan and loans & advance.

a) Interest Rate Risk exposure

The risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has availed significant rupee term loans at floating interest rates from State Bank of India, New Delhi. The interest rate is at 0.40% (spread) plus six months MCLR rate of SBI and the interest rate is reset once every six months.. The Company has not entered into any of the interest rate swaps and hence, the Company is exposed to interest rate risk.

The exposure of the company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Rs. in lakhs

	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Variable rate		
borrowings	49,663.08	53,451.65
	49,663.08	53,451.65

As at the end of the reporting period, the company has the following variable rate borrowings outstanding:

	31-Mar-22					31-Mar-21				
	Weighted average interest rate	Balance Amount in Rs. lakh	% of total loans		Weighted average interest rate	Balance (*) Amount in Rs. lakh	% of total loans			
Rupee term loan	7.23%	49,663.08	100%	Rupee term loan	7.59%	53,451.65	100%			
Exposure to cash flow interest rate risk		49,663.08	100%	Exposure to cash flow interest rate risk		53,451.65	100%			

(Note no. 46 C continued)



Interest Rate Sensitivity analysis

The Company considering the economic environment in which it operates has determined the interest rate sensitivity analysis (interest exposure) at the end of the reporting period. The interest rate for the Company are floating rates and hence, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the borrowings outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point +/- fluctuation in the interest rate is used for disclosing the sensitivity analysis.

(Rs. in lakhs)

	Impact on	Profit before		
		tax		
Sensitivity	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20		
Interest rates - increase by 50 basis points	257.79	271.39		
Interest rates - decrease by 50 basis points	(257.79)	(271.39)		

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is done holding on the assumption that all other variables remaining constant.

The increase/decrease in interest expense is directly attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate of borrowings.

b) Foreign currency risk exposure

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company undertakes transactions in Indian Rupees and its borrowings/loans payable & trade receivables are also denominated in Indian Rupees and hence, there is no exposure to foreign exchange operations and as such no rate fluctuations involves.

Foreign currency rate sensitivity analysis:

Since, there is no foreign currency risk, sensitivity analysis for the same does not arise

c) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market traded prices. The Company invests in liquid fund - Direct plan Daily IDCW (Cash). The Company's equity investment in its subsidiary is not held for trading and hence, there is no risk of price movement.

(Note no. 46 C continued)



2) Credit Risk

The Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investment in mutual funds, Bank balances and other receivables.

The Company primarily deals with the units/consumers operating inside the Mangalore Special Economic Zone (MSEZ). The units/consumers are the industries who have invested in MSEZ for setting up their industry. The Company enters into MOU/Lease deed for lease of land and receives on-time lease premium (as per agreed milestones) and also collects annual lease rentals. The Company supplies water; power and provides services to units/consumers through pre-determined contracts and agreed rates. In so far as supply of power is concerned the Company charges tariff based on the approved tariff by regulatory commission. The Company's exposure are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions is reasonably spread amongst the units. Further, the Company has balance leasable land area of 296 Acres (out of 1075 Acres of leasable land) as on March 31, 2022. The Company upon entering into MOU/lease agreement with the prospective units/consumer would receive one-time lease premium and annual rentals and concurrently, would also receive steady operating cash flows through sale of products and supply of services.

The credit risk arising from the exposure of investing in mutual funds and bank balances is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counterparties are the recognized financial institutions and public sector banks, which are creditworthy.

The credit period in majority of the trade receivables range from 7 days-15 days and average credit period is less than 30 days. Credit risk arising from trade receivables is managed in accordance with the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. The concentration of the credit risk is generally limited due to fact that the area of operation of the Company is confined to one geography (MSEZ) and the number of units/consumers are also limited, wherein again the credit risk mitigated through pre-existing contract obligations.

For trade receivables, as a practical expedient, the Company computes the credit loss allowance if there is life-time expected credit losses and fair value loss measured at present value, based on rate of cost of borrowing.

(Note no. 46 C continued)



Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	9,304.72	6,901.06
Impairment allowance	3,063.10	3,072.16
Fair value losses provided/(write back)	(419.95)	(545.98)
Impairment written-off	(105.24)	(122.52)
Balance at the end of the year	11,842.63	9,304.72

3) Liquidity risk

of liabilities.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly to meet obligations when due. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of values of the financial assets and liabilities.

The Company manages the liquidity risk by (i) maintaining adequate and sufficient cash and cash equivalents including investments in mutual funds (ii) making available the funds from realizing timely maturities of financial assets to meet the obligations when due. The management monitors rolling forecast of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. Also, the Company manages the liquidity risk by projecting cash flows considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet the obligations by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities and monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios. Further, the liquidity risk management involves matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities. The company makes an annual/long term financial plan so as to ensure there are no maturity mismatches in settlement



Note no. 46 (D): Capital Management

The Company's objective when managing capital are to:

- a) safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- b) Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may vary the distribution of dividends to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

As at March 31, 2022, the Company has only one class of equity share and rupee term loan. Consequent to such capital structure, there are no externally imposed capital requirements.

The capital structure of the Company consists of debt (borrowings as detailed **in notes 20** and 27 and total equity including advances received from units towards lease of land and use of infrastructure facilities of the Company and monitors capital, based on this capital structure's gearing ratio.

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period is computed as follows

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
i) Debt	49,663.08	53,451.65
ii) Equity share capital	5,000.12	5,000.12
iii) Other equity	(5,786.01)	(3,801.14)
iv) One time non-refundable amounts from		
customers	89,172.60	92,090.13
v) Total equity [(ii)+(iii)+(iv)]	88,386.71	93,289.11
vi) Debt to equity ratio (times) - [i/iv]	0.56	0.57

Note no.47: Segment reporting

The company has only one operating segment i.e.Development, Operation & Maintenance of Mangalore Special Economic Zone.



Note no.48:

(i) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company on the grounds of (i) Prudence and (ii) Revenue recognition criteria under Ind-AS 115 on 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers', has not recognized revenues for the financial year 2021-22 from JBF Petrochemicals Limited (JBF).

The details of JBF revenue not recognized are as under:

(Rs in lakhs)

		As at	For	As at
Sl. No.	Nature of revenue	01.04.2021	FY 21-22	31-03-2022
1	Supply of water	13,671.38	7,518.91	21,190.30
2	Annual lease rent	198.38	99.19	297.56
3	Treated Effluent Disposal Fees	293.84	156.70	450.53
4	Zone Operation & Maintenance charges	108.89	-	108.89
	Total	14,272.49	7,774.80	22,047.29

The Company emphasizes that non recognition/accrual of the revenue from JBF, as per Ind-AS 115, does not discharge the liability cum obligation of JBF Petrochemicals Limited to pay under the said contracts in vogue nor vitiate the Charge by the Company over such receivables from JBF.

(ii) Net Current trade receivables aging schedule

As at March 31, 2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

					(KS. III	iakiis)
	Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Less than 6	6 months - 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -						
considered good	1,464.87	95.78	66.18	152.87	193.12	1,972.82
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables which						
have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivables - credit						
impaired	91.20	91.20	91.20	1,017.29	3,587.32	4,878.21
(i) Disputed Trade receivables -						
considered good	11.76	12.13	13.39	8.92	116.93	163.13
(ii) Disputed Trade receivables which						
have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed Trade receivables - credit						
impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,567.83	199.11	170.77	1,179.07	3,897.38	7,014.16

As at March 31, 2021

	Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Less than 6	6 months - 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -						
considered good	1,361.12	(1.17)	282.06	(145.64)	0.14	1,496.52
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables which						
have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivables - credit						
impaired	91.20	91.20	1,028.13	5,628.86	476.00	7,315.39
(i) Disputed Trade receivables -						
considered good	11.34	11.53	9.60	86.87	38.95	158.29
(ii) Disputed Trade receivables which						
have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed Trade receivables - credit						
impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,463.66	101.55	1,319.80	5,570.10	515.09	8,970.20

Note no. 49: Leases - As lessee Right-of-use assets - Ind-AS 116

Rs. in lakhs

Sl. No.	Particulars	Note	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
1	Depreciation charge for right-of- use assets	3	113.31	115.58
2	Interest expense on lease liabilities	40	207.00	208.41
3	Total cash outflow for leases	Refer Cash flow statement	(228.64)	(224.52)
4	Carrying amount of right-to-use assets	3	1,988.47	2,101.78
5	Present value of lease liabilities	21, 28	2,275.22	2,296.85

Note no. 50: Leases - As lessor

Lease of land

(i) Finance Lease:

The Company has obtained on a lease-cum-sale basis from Karnataka Industrial Area Development Board (KIABD) vide lease-cum-sale agreement dated 28.12.2010. The lease is for a period of 50 years. The lease agreement with KIADB stipulates various conditions related to lease, including in relation to the manner in which the Company will obtain freehold title of land. The Company is reasonably certain to obtain freehold title, since the terms and conditions for conversion to freehold land has been fulfilled and have already applied to KIADB for absolute sale deed in favour of the Company. Since, reasonable certainity exists that ownership of the asset - land the economic ownership of the land ab initio would eventually pass on to the Company the land is accounted as a tangible asset of the Company e.g.Leasehold land convertible into freehold. Thus in substantive terms, the Company has acquired a tangible asset - only in legal terms the conversion into freehold status is pending.

The Company paid leasehold premium upfront and same has been capitalized. Also, refer to Note No.43 on 'Title deeds not held in the name of the Company'

(ii) Operating Lease

The Company has sub leased land inside MSEZ (lease-cum-sale land acquired from KIADB) on operating lease to various units. The sub-lease are long term in nature and the period of sub-lease with the units is coterminous with that of the lease period entered into by the company with KIADB i.e. Until 26th January 2060. The sub-lease are non-cancellable and does not include contingent rent. The subleases are renewable for a further period on substantial terms as specified in the lease agreements.

The Ministry of Commerce & Industry, Department of Commerce (SEZ Section) has vide Office Memorandum dated 9th February, 2022 has approved for the partial denotification of 79.9241 Ha of SEZ Land.

The Company has entered into MoU for lease of land in Domestic Tariff Area (DTA) with M/s.Eswari Global Metal Industries Pvt Limited (5 Acres) and M/s.SJT Lifesciences Pvt Limited (5 Acres). As at 31st March, 2022 the Company has received lease premium advance of Rs.177.89 lakh. Subject to the Company getting ownership from KIADB, the MoU also provides an option to the above parties to seek for a Sale deed by paying an additional premium as agreed.

The total future rentals receivable as at March 31, 2022 (based on the agreements concluded with the units) is as under:

	As at	
Particulars	31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Not later than one year	401.41	399.77
later than one year and not		
later than five years	1,633.85	1,626.89
later than five years	15,779.04	16,253.73

Note no. 51: Employee Benefits

(i) Post-employment benefits

Brief Description: A general description of the type of employee benefit plan is as follows:

Defined benefit gratuity plan (Unfunded):

The company has a defined benefit gratuity plan for its employees. It is governed by Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the said Act employees who have completed five years of service is entitled to gratuity benefits. The level of benefit provided depends on the employees length of service and last drawn salary.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the projected unit credit method (PUCM).

This post-employment plan typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: Investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Investment	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated using a discount rate which is
Risk	determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government
Interest rate	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially
Risk	offset by an increase in the return on the plan's investments.
Longevity	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of
Risk	the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life
	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries
Salary Risk	of plan participants. As such, an increase in salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's
	liability.

Asset Liability Matching Risk: The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Company has to manage pay-out based on pay as you go basis from own funds.

Mortality risk: Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

The company has changed the benefit scheme in line with Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 by increasing the monetary ceiling from Rs.10 Lakhs to Rs.20 Lakhs. Change in liability (if any) due to this scheme change is recognized as past service cost.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and the present value of defined obligation were carried out as at March 31, 2022.

The principal actuarial assumptions used in determining Gratuity are as follows

Sl. No	Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
1	Discount Rate	6.98%	6.84%
2	Annual increase in	8.00%	9.00%
3	Employee Turnover	5.00%	5.00%

The discount rate relates to the benchmark rate available on G.Sec. And is taken as per deal rate as on 31.03.2022. The tenure of the G.Sec. Rate matches with the expected term of the obligation

Note no. 51 Continued

The following table summarize the components of the defined benefits expense recognized in the statement of profit or loss/OCI.

Rs. in lakhs

	As at 31.03.2022	As at
		31.03.2021
Current Service Cost	12.86	13.49
Net Interest Cost	9.19	9.01
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss	22.05	22.50
Re-measurement on the net defined benefit liability	(11.14)	(11.61)
Components of remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income	(11.14)	(11.61)
Total	10.91	10.89

The following table summarize the components of the defined benefits expense recognized in the Balance

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Present value of benefit obligation at the end of		
the Period	144.88	133.97
(Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the		
period) Net (liability)/Asset recognized in the Balance	-	-
sheet	144.88	133.97

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the beginning		
of the period	133.97	131.73
Interest Cost	9.19	9.01
Current Service Cost	12.86	13.49
Past Service Cost		
(Benefit paid Directly by the Employer)		(8.65)
Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses on Obligations - Due to		
change in Demographic Assumptions	0.03	
Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses on Obligations - Due to change in Financial Assumptions	(11.72)	(0.25)
Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses on Obligations - Due to Experience	0.55	(11.36)
Present Value of Benefit Obligation at the end of		
the period	144.88	133.97
Current	7.12	5.90
Non-Current	137.76	128.07

Note no. 51 Continued

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and employee turnover. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all the other assumption constant.

Rs. in lakhs

Sensitivity analysis	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Projected benefit Obligation on	144.88	133.97
Current Assumptions		
Discount Rate		
-Impact due to increase of 1%	(11.44)	(11.59)
-Impact due to decrease of 1%	13.12	13.40
Salary increase		
-Impact due to increase of 1%	10.08	9.70
-Impact due to decrease of 1%	(9.65)	(9.50)
Employee Turnover		
-Impact due to increase of 1%	(0.45)	(1.32)
-Impact due to decrease of 1%	0.48	1.46

Sensitivity analysis is an analysis which will give the movement in liability if the assumptions were not proved to be true on different count. This only signifies the change in the liability if the difference between assumed and the actual is not following the parameters of the sensitivity analysis.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognized in the balance sheet.

(ii) Other employee long term benefits

Actual Leave and Sick leave assumptions

Compensated absences - Earned leave eligibility is 25 days per annum and sick leave 12 days per annum. Encashment permitted up to a maximum of 300 days per employee.

The liability towards compensated absences (annual leave and sick leave) for the year ended 31st March, 2022 based on actuarial valuation carried out by using Projected Unit Credit Method resulted in increase in liability by Rs.3.56 lakhs (Previous year Decrease by Rs.1.38 lakhs).

Assumptions

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021	
	Indian Assured	Indian Assured	
Mortality	Lives Mortality	Lives Mortality	
Wioitanty	(2006-08)	(2006-08)	
	Ultimate	Ultimate	
Retirement Age	60 years	60 years	
Attrition rate	5% p.a.	5% p.a.	
Salary Escalation Rate	8% p.a.	9% p.a.	
Discount Rate	6.98% p.a.	6.86% p.a.	
While is service Encashment rate	20% of the Leave balance(for the next year)	5% of the Leave balance(for the next year)	

Note no. 52: Related Party disclosures

A Name of related parties and description of relationship:

i Parent entities

Name of the Company	Type	Place of	Ownership interest	
1 7		incorporation	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Limited (IL&FS)		India	50%	50%
Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC)	Associate	India	26%	26%
Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board (KIADB)	Associate	India	23%	23%

ii Subsidiaries: (where control exists)

Name of the Company	Type	Place of	Ownership interest	
Name of the Company	1 ype	Incorporation	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Mangalore STP Limited (MSTP Limited)	Subsidiary	India	70%	70%
MSEZ Power Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary	India	100%	100%

B Board of Directors/Key Management Personnel

(i) Board of Directors

Name	Designation		
Dr Alka Mittal	Chairperson w.e.f.11.01.2022		
Shri Anurag Sharma	Nominee Director (ONGC) w.e.f.09.06.2021		
Shri Venkatesh Madhava Rao	Nominee Director of ONGC		
Shri Inturi Srinivas Nagesh Prasad	Independent Director		
Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor	Nominee Director of KCCI w.e.f.19.01.2022		
Shri Baiju Mathew	Nominee Director (IL&FS) w.e.f.12.09.2021		
Shri Ravi Sikeriya	Nominee Director (IL&FS w.e.f26.10.2021		

(ii) Key Management Personnel

Name	Designation
Shri Velnati Suryanarayana	Chief Executive Officer
Shri K S Ramesh	Chief Financial Officer
Shri Phani Bhushan V	Company Secretary

C List of related parties

Name of the Company	Relationship
ONGC Mangalore Petrochemica	als ONGC - Ultimate holding company
Limited (OMPL)	
Mangalore Refineries as	nd Subsidiary of ONGC
Petrochemicals Limited (MRPL)	
Karnataka Industrial Are	as A statutory body of Government of
Development Board (KIADB)	Karnataka
Hindustan Petroleum Corporation	on Subsidiary of ONGC
Limited (HPCL)	

Details of transactions:

Transactions with related parties

(Rs. in lakhs)

Name of related Party	Nature of Transaction	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
	Supply of services - Annual lease rental	233.96	233.96
	Sale of products	3,291.47	2,977.30
OMPL	Supply of services	978.28	1,030.84
	Supply of other services	-	29.99
	Interest expense on security deposit	6.55	23.81
	Sale of products	2,541.56	2,541.56
MRPL	Supply of services	2,994.27	2,564.96
	Supply of other services	6.34	350.13
KIADB	Services received -Annual Lease rent	10.98	6.83
KIADB	Towards acquisition of land	37.07	-
MSTP Limited	Supply of goods	613.75	522.38
MSEZ Power Limited	Supply of services	0.31	0.28
HPCL	Supply of services	68.00	61.11

(ii) Outstanding balances with related parties

Name of related Party

(Rs. in lakhs)

For the year

ended March

For the year

ended March

		31, 2022	31, 2021
a. Amount payable:			
IL&FS	Trade payable	35.13	35.13
KIADB	Towards acquisition of land	3,608.99	3,571.92
KIADB	Trade payable	-	2.51
OMPL	Other payable	633.46	634.15
Mangalore STP Limited	Supply of goods	-	76.37
MRPL	Other payable	325.16	325.16
HPCL	Supply of services	-	0.85
b. Amount Receivable:			

Nature of Transaction

IOMPL.	Other receivable	-	30.23
	Trade Receivable	637.06	545.54
MRPL	Trade Receivable	408.51	157.83
MSEZ Power Ltd	Other receivable	0.72	0.41
HPCL	Trade Receivable	5.41	-

c. Loans and other assets (Debit balances)

KIADB	Security deposit	11.60	11.60
	Capital advances	154.19	154.19
MRPL	Security deposit	0.13	0.13
MSTP Limited	Advance paid	6.32	_

Note no. 52 Continued

d. Advances & Deposits (Credit balances)

Name of related Party	Nature of Transaction	For the year ended March 31, 2022	ended March
OMPL	Security deposits	279.06	279.06
MRPL	Security deposits	126.80	126.80
HPCL	Security deposits	3.65	3.65

(iii) Provisions for doubtful debts related to amount of outstanding balances

(Rs. in lakhs)

Name of the related party	Nature of Transaction	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
OMPL	Supply of services	28.81	20.38
MRPL	Supply of services	-	9.25
Total		28.81	29.63

(iv) Expense recognised during the period in respect of bad or doubtful debts

(Rs. in lakhs)

Name of the related party	Nature of Transaction	For the year ended March 31, 2022	ended March
OMPL	Supply of services	32.60	(7.99)
MRPL	Supply of services	28.21	131.77
Total		60.81	123.79

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in an arm's length transactions. The outstanding balances are unsecured and will be settled in cash

(v) Compensation to Key management personnel:

(a) Chief executive officer

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	ended March
Short-term employee benefits	61.71	61.82
Post-employment benefits (gratuity) & long-term benefit (Compensated absences)	17.05	15.67
Contribution to providend fund	0.22	0.22
Total	78.98	77.71

Note no. 52 Continued

(b) Chief financial officer

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	ended March
Short-term employee benefits	33.39	32.96
Post-employment benefits (gratuity) & long-term benefit (Compensated absences)	5.09	3.13
Contribution to providend fund	0.22	0.22
Total	38.69	36.31

(c) Company Secretary

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	ended Vlarch
Short-term employee benefits	25.42	24.30
Post-employment benefits (gratuity) & long-term benefit (Compensated absences)	7.18	6.52
Contribution to providend fund	0.22	0.22
Total	32.82	31.03

(d) Independent directors

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended
Sitting fees	3.25	4.00



Note no. 53: Government Grants and Government Assistance

(a) Government Grants (refer Note 25)

The Company has received government grants from Visvesvaraya Trade Promotion Centre (VTPC), a Government of Karnataka organisation under ASIDE scheme for construction of Common Effluent Treatment Plant (CETP) Rs.495 lakh as at March 31, 2022 (Rs.495 lakh as at March 31, 2021) and Two lane Flyover near Jokatte, Manglore SEZ (MSEZ) Rs.1485 lakh as at March 31, 2022 (Rs.1485 lakh as at March 31, 2021).

Movement in Government Grants

(i) CETP

Rs. in lakhs

		As at
Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Opening balance	387.75	420.75
Add: Addition during the year	-	-
Less: Released to Profit & loss	33.00	33.00
account during the year	33.00	33.00
Closing Balance	354.75	387.75

(ii) Two lane Flyover

Rs. in lakhs

		As at
Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Opening balance	1,472.62	1,485.00
Add: Addition during the year	-	
Less: Released to Profit & loss	40.50	12.20
account during the year	49.50	12.38
Closing Balance	1,423.12	1,472.62

The Company has adopted income approach, under which a grant is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of assets which have been capitalized.

(b) Government Assistance

The Company had developed special economic zone (SEZ) at Mangalore, Karnataka, India. Accordingly, it is eligible for certian economic benefits such as exemptions from customs duty, Goods and Service tax etc. which are in the nature of government assistance. These benefits are subject to fulfillment of certain obligations by the company.



Note no.54: Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are included by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	ended March
Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders (Rs. in lakh)	(1,993.11)	(3,205.05)
Weighted average number of equity shares	5,00,01,200	5,00,01,200
Basic & diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	(3.99)	(6.41)
Face value per equity share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00

Note no.55: The amount recognized in Profit & Loss Account for investment property (refer note 5)

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year 2021-22	Year 2020-21
Rental Income	1,800.28	1,731.95
Direct Operating Expenses from property that generate direct rental income	420.70	133.51
Profit from investment property before depreciation and other indirect cost	1,379.59	1,598.45
Profit from investment property	1,379.59	1,598.45

Note no.56: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

(a) Commitments

Particulars	As at	
r at ticulars	31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be		
executed on capital account and not provided for		
- Towards Plant, Property & Equipment	607.47	330.77
- Towards Investment Property	382.98	-
Total	990.45	330.77



Note no. 56

b. Contingent liabilities
The claims against the company not acknowledged as debt is Rs.5,971.25 lakhs (previous year Rs. Rs.6,075.36 lakhs). The details are as under

Sl. No	. Petitioner	A brief description nature of court cases	Estimate of the financial effect - Amount in Rs. lakhs	Indication of the uncertainties relating to the amount or timing of any outflow
1	Mr. Ravindranath Bajpe	The Company had laid the water pipeline by the side of Mangalore-Bajpe Old Airport PWD Road abutting the schedule properties and other properties on the same line commencing from Nethravathi River Bank at sarapady to MSEZ Industrial area. While carrying out works near the plaintiffs (Ravindranath Bajpe) property, had contended that Company officials & contractors have trespassed his property and demolished the stone compound wall of 7 feet height, foundation of 3 feet height beneath the ground & 2 feet wide to the extent of about 500 meters and also cut & destroyed about 101 valuable trees and laid pipeline beneath the schedule properties about to extent of 500 meters. Therefore, Ravindranath Bajpe has filed an Original Suit before the civil court directing the defendants jointly and severally to pay a sum of Rs 47,90, 500/-		1.Ravindranath Bajpe filed a criminal compliant agianst the Company, its officials an Directors at JMFC Court, Mangalore. Then the Company filed a criminal revisio petition at the District Court to set aside the summons issued byJMFC court. Then the District Court upheld the petition filed by the Company. (2) Ravindranath Bajpe challenged the order passed by District Court at the Karnataka High Court which was also dimissed (3) The party again filed a SLP before the Supreme Court which has been dismissed. (4) In the meanwhile the party has also filed a civil case at the District Court in which the District Court has allowed his relatives also implead, which has been challenged by the Party in the High Court. (5) The District court is now awaiting the orders of High Court in the matter of impleading. (6) The Party has made an hug claim which is baseless & far from truth. However, the Company has withheld amount from the contractor's payment towards the claim that may arise in the case.
2	Cherian Varkey Construction Company (CVCC)	The petitioner was awarded the Reach IV contract forming part of Pipeline cum Road Corridor on August 2011. The petitioner had failed to complete the awarded contract as per milestones. Due to which the contract was extended. The petitioner has also stopped the work in an unauthorized manner on multiple occasions. Due to non-handing over of the front for executing work on Part A of the contract within the original contract period, the petitioner was seeking increase in rates for items covered under BOQ. The contract entered between the Company and petitioner being a fixed price contract did not provide for escalation of rates and compensation events to deal with instances of delay in handing over fronts. The intransigence on part of the petitioner lead to delay in works. Hence, the contract was terminated with immediate effect on 06.11.2013 and all Bank Guarantees furnished by the petitioner was invoked. The petitioner approached the Hon'ble District Court in Mangalore and secured a temporary injunction restraining the Company form encashing the BG. After the matter came up for argument in the Court and several adjournments, the case filed by petitioner was dismissed by Hon'ble on 05th April 2014. The petitioner has also initiated proceedings in the matter. In order to settle the dispute out of court/arbitration an opportunity for redressal through an independent committee, the Company sought consent for constituting an Outside Expert Committee (OEC) which was accepted by petitioner. The arbitration proceedings was put on hold while OEC took over the dispute resolution. The OEC has recommended the Company to pay Rs.9.39 Cr to petitioner. However, the petitioner did not accept the recommendations of the OEC and choose to pursue the Arbitration proceedings. The Arbitral Tribunal had passed the award on 24.09.2016 stating that the performance and completion of works under the contract was on account of breaches/defaults committed by the Company and termination of contract was unlawful. The Company was directed to	3,500.00	MSEZL and CVCC had filed Arbitration suits no 1 & 2 /2020 in he IVth Additiona District Court, Mangalore challenging the Award passed by the Arbitral Tribuna Arguments have been held and the Court has summoned the original arbitral record from the Arbitrators. The case was listed for arguments on 07th March, 2021 an adjourned to 11th April, 2022 at request of claimant. The CVCC has in the interveining period filed an execution case against the Company for attaching the bank accounts of the Company to the tune of Rs.3500 lakhs, which was allowed by the District Court The Company filed a writ petition No 4974/2020 (GM-CPC) before the Hon'ble Hig Court of Karnataka, Bengaluru, wherein the Hon'ble High Court vide order dated 17.03.2020 stayed the order dated 28.02.2020 passed by Its Additional District Judge Mangaluru subject to the Company furnishing security of fixed deposit to an extent of award amount. The Company has followed the directions of High Court and executed term deposit of Rs.1921 lakhs. Further, considering the PBG encashment of Rs.730.20 lakhs and contract retention money payable Rs.237.07 lakh, the net charge to statement of profit and loss would be Rs.2532.73 lakh. The matter is in the hearing stage.



Mangalore SEZ Limited Notes accompanying financial statements

Note no. 56

h	Contingent	liabilitia	

b. C	ontingent liabilitie	es s		
		passed orders to attach the bank accounts of the Company to the tune of Rs.3500 lakh.		
-				Note No.56 (b) Continued
SI. N	No. Petitioner	A brief description nature of court cases	Estimate of the financial effect - Amount in Rs.	Indication of the uncertainties relating to the amount or timing of any outflow
3	Commissione r of Customs, Mangalore	The Company received a Show Cause Notice (SCN) dated 28.3.2022 from the Customs department seeking a clarification as to why customs duty on the clearances of crushed rock during the period April 2017 to February 2022 should not be demanded and recovered as per the applicable customs Act along with the applicable interest.		The Company has entered into a MoU with M/s.Trident Infrastructure for sale of boulders/rock against which Trident has paid for supply along with applicable taxes levied by the Company. M/s.Trident Infrastructure would crush the boulders and sell them in DTA by paying applicable duties and taxes at his cost. Now, the Department has issued SCN to the Company demanding payment of Customs duty on the crushed rock cleared by Trident Infrastructure to DTA. The SCN issued by the Department on DTA clearences made by Trident Infrastructure is erroneous. The Company has filed a writ petition no. 8438 dated 18.4.2022 before the Karnataka High Court. The same was listed on 19.4.2022 and the High Court granted an interim order against the operation of the SCN until further order. In any case, the liability to pay the customs duty falls on M/s. Trident Infrastructure as the crushed rocks were moved out to DTA by Trident Infrastructure.
3		M/s RPP Infra Projects Ltd has invoked the arbitration clause in the contract for Pipeline Corridor Reach I which was executed from Dec '10 to Aug '14.	2,306.00	The arbitration clause was invoked in April '18. MSEZL had rejected the invocation of the Arbitration citing that the contract has been discharged after payment of final bill upon issue of No Claim Certificate by the Contractor. The Contractor filed a Civil Miscellaneous Petition in the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka seeking directions to the Company to appoint a nominee arbitrator. The Hon'ble High Court has appointed a Sole Arbitrator. RPP have filed claims to the tune of Rs 2306 lakhs. The Statement of Objections is filed and issues framed on 14th December, 2021 and posted to 30th March, 2022 for evidence by claimant. In the meantime the sole arbitrator has been appointed as Upalokayukta and further, proceedings in the Arbitration will be held after the appointment of substitute arbitrator by the High Court.
		Total Contingent liability	5,971.25	

Note No.56 C: A brief description of other court cases - Non Contingent in nature

	Cases filed	Particulars	Amount in Rs.lakhs	Brief description
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Mangalore SEZ Limited Notes accompanying financial statements

Note no. 56

b. Contingent lia	b. Contingent liabilities							
Cardolit 1 Specialt Chemica India LI	The Cardolite Specialty Chemicals India LLP (a unit in MSEZ) has filed a writ petition in the Hon'ble Hig Court, Karnataka against the tariff order passed by Karnataka State Electricity Commission (KERC)	h 79 33	The matter came up for hearing on 10 Dec '21 during which a joint memo was filed regarding an interim arrangement to the effect that Cardolite shall furnish BG of Rs 79.33 lakhs which shall be kept current and valid till disposal of the petition and the payment to be made under the Bank Guarantee shall be subject to orders of the Hon'ble Court and the outcome of the litigation. The Court ruled that subject to the aforesaid, MSEZL shall provide its consent to the Cardolite to avail open access power. The matter will be next posted before the appropriate Division Bench. Subsequently NOC for availing open access has been given to Cardolite on 22 Dec '21 after furnishing of the BG to the Court. Date of next hearing awaited.					

Mangalore SEZ Limited Notes accompanying financial statements

Note no.57: Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

I. Recognition of Revenue

- (a) The Company's power distribution business is rate/tariff regulated by Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission (KERC). Hence, the Company files Annual Revenue Requirement/tariff application before KEFC. The KERC passes tariff order determining and notifies the retail supply tariff to be charged from Consumers. In respect of FY 2021-22, the revenue is recognized based on the KERC tariff order dated 09th June, 2021 applicable for electricity consumed from the first meter reading date falling on or after 1st April, 2021. The Company upon submission of Annual audited accounts (pertaining to power distribution business) the KERC appraises the accounts and finalizes the revenue requirement. Thus, on final determination of the revenue requirement by KERC, the effect will be given for the difference, if any accordingly.
- (b) The Company has recognized revenue, from a consumer, amounting to Rs.30.94 lakh for the current year (previous year Rs.30.06 lakh) towards Zone Operation and Maintenance (O&M) charges. The agreement with the said consumer is under discussion. Pending finalization of agreement, the Zone O&M charge with the said consumer is recognized at Board approved rate/sft.

II. Recognition of borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss applying the effective interest method. The interest charged on the loan is 40 basis point plus six months Maximum Commercial Lending Rate (MCLR) rate of the Lender. If the Lender changes the MCLR rate, the effective rate of interest will also change resulting in reduction or increase in interest cost.

III. Estimated useful life of tangible and intangible assets

- (a) The Company has estimated the useful life of certain assets based technical evaluation and that of certain assets based on useful life as specified in Schedule-II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. The estimated useful life and residual values are reviewed at the end of each financial year and if necessary, changes in estimates are accounted. The Company has adopted unit of production method for charging depreciation in respect of River Water Assets and Tertiary Treatment Plant assets (both excluding Electrical Installations and Equipment) Under unit of production method, the Management estimates the production likely to be achieved in future years. The actual productions are reviewed at the end of each financial year and if necessary, changes in estimation are accounted.
- (b) The Company amortizes the cost of barrage useful usage rights on a straight-line basis over the lease period.

IV. Impairment of Trade Receivable

The impairment provision for financial assets is based on the assumption about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgments in making these assumptions and selecting the input impairment calculation based on the Company past history as well as forward looking assumptions at the end of each reporting period.

V. Income taxes

The computation of advance taxes, provision for current/deferred tax are made based on significant judgments and which may get revised pursuant to position taken by the tax authorities.

Note no. 58: Previous year's figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/disclosure

As per our report of even date For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants (Firms Registration No.301072E) For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-Shipra Gupta Partner Membership No. 436857 UDIN:22436857AJMMKH3999 Sd/- Sd/-

VENKATESH MADHAVA RAO MAROOR SHASHIDHAR PAI

DirectorDirectorDIN:07025342DIN:07613534

Sd/- Sd/-

V Suryanarayana K S Ramesh

Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-V Phani Bhushan Company Secretary

Place: BANGALORE Place: MANGALORE Date: 05.05,2022 Date:05.05,2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Mangalore SEZ Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (the Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2022, the consolidated profit, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate, subject to our note below, to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Notes 7 and 11 (b) of the consolidated financial statements regarding provision of Rs. 11,617.16 Lakhs against receivable from JBF Petrochemicals Limited of Rs. 17,133.76 Lakhs. The company had initially filed application as operational creditor to initiate Corporate Insolvency Resolution process under the IBC before the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT). As the Corporate Debtor (JBF Petrochemicals Limited) is admitted before IBC, the NCLT vide its order dated 28th January 2022 directed the Company to place its claim before the Interim Resolution Professional (IRP) of the Corporate Debtor. Accordingly, the Company has filed the claim before the IRP of the Corporate debtor and the same has been provisionally accepted as per list of Operational Creditors' Claims received up to 16th February,2022. Pending finalization of Operational Creditors' Claims as per the IBC, the Company has provided Rs. 2,500 Lakhs as credit loss during the year in the books of account.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of these consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of the adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company and its subsidiary companies which are
 companies incorporated in India, has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating
 effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
 activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are
 responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such
 entities included in the consolidated financial statements. For the other entities included in the
 consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain
 responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain
 solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

We did not audit the financial statements of one subsidiary whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs.119.17 lakh as at 31st March 2022, total comprehensive income of Rs. NIL and net cash flows amounting to Rs.0.60 lakh for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion in the consolidated financial statements in so far as it related to the amounts and disclosure included in respect of the aforesaid subsidiary, and our report in terms of subsection (3) and (11) of section 143 of the Act, insofar as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matter with respect to our reliance on the work done and the report of the other auditor and the financial statements / financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls; refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A" which is based on the auditor's reports of the Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.
- g) According to the information and explanation given to us by the management, no managerial remuneration has been paid/ provided during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of section 197(16) of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group Refer Note no. 56 b to Consolidated Financial Statements.
 - ii. The Group did not have any long-term contracts, including derivative contracts; and
 - iii. There has not been an occasion during the year under report to transfer any sums to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding company or its Subsidiary Companies. Therefore, the question of delay in transferring such sums does not arise.
 - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Group to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Group from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding,

whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Group shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- (c) Based on the audit procedures we have considered reasonable and appropriate in these circumstances; nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. No dividend is declared or paid by the Group during the year and hence, compliance with section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in clause (xxi) of the paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For RAY & RAY Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 301072E)

Sd/-(Shipra Gupta) Partner Membership No 436857

UDIN:22436857AJMMZQ2509

Place: Bengaluru Date: 05th May, 2022

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Mangalore SEZ Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i)of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **MANGALORE SEZ LIMITED** (hereinafter referred to as "Company") and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company and its subsidiary companies.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over

financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial

statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, generally, in all material respects, have an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For RAY & RAY

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 301072E)

Sd/-(Shipra Gupta) Partner Membership No 436857

UDIN: 22436857AJMMZQ2509

Place: Bengaluru Date: 05th May, 2022

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred under paragraph 2 of 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report at even date)

We report that -

xxi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of the audit, no qualified or adverse opinion has been reported in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (CARO) reports of the Companies audited by the respective Auditors which are required to be included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of Group.

For RAY & RAY

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 301072E)

(Shipra Gupta)
Partner
Membership No 436857
UDIN: 22436857AJMMZQ2509

Place: Bengaluru Date: 05th May, 2022

Consolidated Balance Sheet

as at 31st March, 2022

(Rs. in lakhs) Notes As at As at 31.03.2022 31.03.2021 ASSETS Non-current assets 3 77,103.39 80,359.13 (a) Property, plant and equipment (b) Capital work in progress 4 6,667.08 13,335.68 (c) Investment Property 5 52,771.23 46,487.98 (d)Other Intangible Assets 6 1,122.35 1,188.52 (e) Financial Assets 7 638 40 729 60 (ii) Trade Receivables (iv) Others 8 717.32 715.55 (f) Other non-current assets 9 505.67 1,601.00 1,39,525.44 1,44,417.46 (2) Current assets (a) Financial Assets (i) Investments 10 4,303.91 5,720.87 7,122.08 (ii) Trade receivables 11 9,082.83 12 292.57 252.26 (iii) Cash and cash equivalents 2.807.60 2.810.23 (iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above 13 (va) Other financial assets 14 69.67 88.13 (b) Current tax asset (Net) 15 0.46 131.05 423.78 (c) Other current assets 16 434.02 15,030.32 18,509.15 Total Assets 1,54,555.76 1,62,926.61 EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (1) EQUITY 17 5,000.12 5,000.12 (a) Equity Share capital (b) Other equity 19 (5.787.25)(3.802.07)Total Equity Attributable to owners of the Company (787.13)1,198.05 18 1.50 1.50 Non-Controlling Interests (785.63)1,199.55 Total Equity LIABILITIES (2) Non-current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings 20 48,104.63 51.059.43 (ia) Lease liabilities 21 2,247.42 2,275.21 (ii) Other financial liabilities 22 4,769.94 4,747.39 23 219.09 214.23 (b) Provisions 24 (c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net) 3 026 64 2.067.99 (d) Government grant 25 1,695.38 1,777.88 (e) Other Non Current Liabilities 26 86,482.31 89,596.28 1,46,545.41 1,51,738.41 (3) Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities 27 1,482.98 2,304.90 (i) Borrowings (ia) Lease liabilities 28 27.80 21.65 29 (ii) Trade payables 294.68 - To Micro and Small enterprises 184.01 - To Others 1,170.31 830.45 (iii) Other financial liabilities 30 2,163.48 2,447.89 3,422.90 (b) Other current liabilities 31 2,889.42 32 (c) Provisions 262.00 1,117.15 (d) Government grant 33 82.50 82.50 8,795.98 9,988.64 Total liabilities 1,55,341.39 1,61,727.05 Total Equity and Liabilities 1,54,555.76 1,62,926.61

Significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates and judgements Notes 1 to 2

The accompaying notes are an integral part of these financial statements Notes 3 to 58

As per our report of even date For and on behalf of the Board

For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants (Firms Registration No.301072E)

UDIN: 22436857AJMMZQ2509

Sd/-

Shipra Gupta

Sd/-VENKATESH MAROOR SHASHIDHAR PAI MADHAVA RAO Director Director

Sd/-

Partner DIN:07025342 Membership No. 436857

Sd/-Sd/-V Survanarayana K S Ramesh Chief Financial Chief Executive

Officer Officer

V Phani Bhushan Company Secretary

DIN:07613534

Place: MANGALORE Date:05.05.2022

Place: BANGALORE Date: 05.05.2022

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Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

for the period ended 31st March, 2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

				(Rs. in lakhs)
Particulars		Notes	Year	Year 2020
			2021-22	21
I	Revenue from Operations	34	19,244.60	16,512.40
II	Other Income	35	654.71	436.37
III	Total Income (I+II)		19,899.31	16,948.77
IV	EXPENSES			
	Cost of materials consumed	36	6,240.63	4,908.52
	Employee benefit expense	37	741.40	709.45
	Finance costs	38	3,998.94	4,491.54
	Depreciation and amortisation Expense	39	3,604.66	3,612.65
	Net impairment losses on financial assets	40	2,670.47	2,526.18
	Other expenses	41	3,365.97	2,833.53
	Total Expense (IV)		20,622.07	19,081.87
* * *	Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax		-	·
V	(III - IV)		(722.76)	(2,133.10)
VI	Exceptional items		-	•
VII	Profit/(loss) before tax (V - VI)		(722.76)	(2,133.10)
VIII	Tax expense	42 A		
	(1) Current tax		314.91	45.12
	(2) Deferred tax		955.75	1,026.77
	Total Tax expense		1,270.66	1,071.89
IX	Profit/(loss) for the period from continuing			
	operations (VII - VIII)		(1,993.42)	(3,204.99)
X	Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations			
XI	Tax expense of discontinued operations			
XII	Profit/(loss) from Discontinued operations (after tax)			
	(X -XI)			
XIII	Profit/(loss) for the period (IX + XII)		(1,993.42)	(3,204.99)
XIV	Other Comprehensive Income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(a) Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans			
		42 B	11.14	11.61
	(b) Income tax relating to the above		(2.90)	(3.02)
			8.24	8.59
XV	Total Comprehensive Income for the period		(1.005.10)	(2.107.40)
	(XIII+XIV)		(1,985.18)	(3,196.40)
XVI	Earnings per equity share:	54		
	(1) Basic		(3.99)	(6.41)
	(2) Diluted		-	-

Significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates and judgements Notes 1 to 2

The accompaying notes are an integral part of these financial statements Notes 3 to 58

As per our report of even date

For Ray & Ray

Chartered Accountants

(Firms Registration No.301072E)

Sd/-

Shipra Gupta Partner

Membership No. 436857

UDIN: 22436857AJMMZQ2509

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- **VENKATESH MAROOR**

MADHAVA RAO SHASHIDHAR PAI

Director Director

DIN:07025342 DIN:07613534

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- V Suryanarayana K S Ramesh

Chief Executive Chief Financial Officer Officer

Officer Officer

Sd/-

V Phani Bhushan Company Secretary

Place: MANGALORE Date:05.05.2022

Place: BANGALORE Date: 05.05.2022

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the period ended 31st March, 2022

(A) Equity Share Capital

(Rs. in lakhs)

	Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
i	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	5,000.12	5,000.12
ii	Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	-	-
iii	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period (i+ii)	5,000.12	5,000.12
iv	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-	-
v	Balance at the end of the reporting period (iii+iv)	5,000.12	5,000.12

(B) Other Equity

(Rs. in lakhs)

		As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
		Reserves		Reserves and	
	Particulars	and Surplus	Total	Surplus	Total
		Retained	Total	Retained	Total
		Earnings		Earnings	
i	Balance at the beginning of the current				
1	reporting period	(3,802.07)	(3,802.07)	(605.67)	(605.67)
ii	Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors		-	-	-
iii	Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting period (i+ii)	(3,802.07)	(3,802.07)	(605.67)	(605.67)
iv	Additions during the year:		-		
	Profit/(Loss) for the year/period	(1,993.42)	(1,993.42)	(3,204.99)	(3,204.99)
v	Items of OCI for the year, net of taxes:				
	Remeasurment benefit of defined benefit plans	8.24	8.24	8.59	8.59
vi	Total Comprehensive Income for the current year (iii+iv+v)	(1,985.18)	(1,985.18)	(3,196.40)	(3,196.40)
vii	Reductions during the year/period:		-		
	Transfer to general reserves	-	-	-	-
viii	Any other change	-	-	-	
ix	Total (vii+viii)	-	-	-	-
	Balance at the end of the current reporting				
X	period (iii+vi-ix)	(5,787.25)	(5,787.25)	(3,802.07)	(3,802.07)

Sd/-

Director

VENKATESH

DIN:07025342

MADHAVA RAO

As per our report of even date For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants (Firms Registration No.301072E)

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-

MAROOR

DIN:07613534

Director

SHASHIDHAR PAI

Sd/-Shipra Gupta Partner Membership No. 436857

 Membership No. 436857
 Sd/ Sd/ Sd/ K S Ramesh

 UDIN: 22436857AJMMZQ2509
 Sd/ V Suryanarayana
 K S Ramesh

Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

V Phani Bhushan Company Secretary

Place: BANGALORE
Date: 05.05.2022

Place: MANGALORE
Date:05.05.2022

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

for the period ended 31st March, 2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars		For the period ending		For the per	iod ending
		31.03.		31.03.	
Α.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		-		-
	Profit before tax	(722.76)		(2,133.10)	
	Adjustments for:	, ,		, , ,	
	- Depreciation and amortisation	3,604.66		3,612.65	
	- Impairment	2,670.47		2,526.18	
	-Interest on Borrowings	3,763.97		4,274.37	
	-Interest on lease liability	207.00		208.41	
	-Provision for Gratuity	22.05		22.50	
	-Provision for Leave Encashment	20.38		14.98	
	-Provision for other Employee benefits	73.77		79.17	
	- Provision for interest on income tax	4.71			
	-Interest Income	(110.03)		(139.07)	
	-Gain on sale of investments	(142.55)		(128.31)	
	-Fair value gain on mutual funds	(0.19)		(25.83)	
	-Deferred Government Grant	(82.50)		(45.38)	
	-Interest on income tax refund	(147.57)		· -	
	-Other (describe) - (Profit)/Loss on sale of asset & Loss				
	on sale of asset	72.74		17.40	
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	9,234.16		8,284.00	
	Adjustments for:-				
	-(Increase)/decrease in Trade and other receivables	(591.20)		2,454.63	
	-(Increase)/decrease in Other assets	(7.26)		(7.48)	
	-Increase/(Decrease) in Trade payable and other liabilities	(2,428.41)		(2,530.75)	
	Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	(88.44)		(111.39)	
	Cash generated from Operating activities	6,118.86		8,089.01	
	Income Tax (Paid)/Refund	1,059.91		(184.09)	
	Net Cash generated from Operating activities		7,178.76		7,904.92
В.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		,		
	Payments for Property, plant and equipment	(992.57)		(364.25)	
	Payments/receipts for investment property	(53.76)		(785.29)	
	Investment in term deposits	(23.27)		(344.36)	
	Proceeds from maturity of term deposits	26.15		973.48	
	Gain on redemption of mutual funds	142.55		128.31	
	Fair value gain on mutual funds	0.19		25.83	
	Interest received	117.81		155.85	
	Net Cash (used) in Investing activities		(782.90)		(210.43
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
	Repayment of current borrowings	(2,304.90)		(1,649.70)	
	Repayment of non-current borrowings	(1,483.67)		(1.08)	
	Finance Cost paid	(3,755.05)		(4,260.81)	
	Interest paid on lease liability	(207.00)		(208.41)	
	Principal paid of lease liability	(21.64)		(16.11)	
	Net Cash (used) in Financing activities		(7,772.26)		(6,136.11
	Net (Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents				
D.	[A+B+C]		(1,376.40)		1,558.3
	Add: Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents		5,977.75		4,419.3
	Closing Cash and cash Equivalents		4,601.35		5,977.7

Continued

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

for the period ended 31st March, 2022

Notes:

- The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in the Indian Accounting
- Standard (Ind AS) 7 on Cash Flow statements.
- ii Payments for property, plant and equipment includes movement of Capital Work-in-progres during the year.
- iii Brackets indicate cash outflow/ deduction.
- iv Cash and cash equivalents as per above statement comprises as under:

(Rs. in lakhs)

		\
Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Balances with Banks:		
-Current account	292.41	252.17
-Deposits with original maturity of more than three		
months	4.87	4.62
Cash on hand	0.16	0.09
Investment in liquid mutual funds	4,303.91	5,720.87
Cash and cash equivalents in Cash flow statement	4,601.35	5,977.75

Statement showing reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the Balance Sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes

(Rs. in lakhs)

			Non-cash	n changes	
Particulars	As at 01.04.2021	Cash Flows	Fair value	Current/Non- current classification	As at 31.03.2022
Borrowings - Non Current	51,059.4	(1,483.67)	11.85	(1,482.98)	48,104.63
Other Financial Liabilities	2,304.90	(2,304.90)	-	1,482.98	1,482.98

As per our report of even date For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants (Firms Registration No.301072E) For and on behalf of the Board $\,$

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/-

Shipra Gupta VENKATESH MAROOR

MADHAVA RAO SHASHIDHAR PAI

 Partner
 Director
 Director

 Membership No. 436857
 DIN:07025342
 DIN:07613534

UDIN:22436857AJMMZQ2509 Sd/- Sd/-

V Suryanarayana K S Ramesh

Sd/-

V Phani Bhushan Company Secretary

Place: BANGALORE Place: MANGALORE Date: 05.05.2022 Date:05.05.2022



Notes accompanying consolidated financial statements

1. Corporate information

Mangalore SEZ Limited (MSEZ) is a Unlisted Public Limited Group domiciled and incorporated in India having its Registered Office at Survey No. 168/3A, Plot No U-1, Administrative Building, Mangalore Special Economic Zone, Bajpe Village Mangalore Taluk, Karnataka -574 142

The Group is jointly promoted by Karnataka Industrial Area Development Board (KIADB), Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC) and Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Limited (IL&FS).

The Consolidated Financial Statements relate to the Group, its Subsidiaries and Joint Venture Entities. The Group (comprising of the Group and its subsidiaries), Joint Venture Entities and Associates are mainly engaged in the business of Development, Operation and Maintenance of Special Economic Zone & Domestic Tariff Area at Mangalore, Supply of Sewage Treated Water and Supply of power.

2. Significant accounting policies

2.1. Statement of compliance

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Technical Guide on Accounting for Special Economic Zones(SEZs) Development Activities, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

2.2 Basis of Preparation

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain assets and liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

As the operating cycle cannot be identified in normal course due to the special nature of industry, the same has been assumed to have duration of 12 months. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities have been classified as current or noncurrent as per the Group's operating cycle and other criteria set out in Ind AS-I Presentation of Financial Statements (Ind AS-I) and Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The Conslidated Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees.

Fair value Measurement

The group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.



Notes accompanying consolidated financial statements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ➤ In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the assets in its highest and best use.

The group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole.

- ➤ Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement at a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.



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This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

2.3 Principles of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as "the Group"). The Group has investments in associates and joint ventures which are accounted using equity method in these consolidated financial statements. Refer note 2.4 for the accounting policy of investment in associates and joint ventures in the Consolidated Financial Statements. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company.

The Company controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of their acquisition being the date on which the Company obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

The Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies consistently for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Company's Standalone Financial Statements except otherwise stated. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's Significant Accounting Policies. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared by combining the financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flow after eliminating in full intragroup assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flow relating to intra-group transactions and unrealized profits.

2.4 Investments in subsidiaries

The Group records the investments in subsidiaries at cost less impairment loss, if any.

2.5 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the assets or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such assets. Management must



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be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification as held for sale, and actions required to complete the plan of sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn.

Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets are not depreciated or amortized once classified as held for sale.

2.6 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

These are recognized in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognized at fair value as deferred revenue and disclosed as 'Deferred revenue arising from government grant a liability in the Standalone Balance Sheet and transferred to the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

2.7 Tangible Assets – Property, Plant and Equipment

Buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes, are stated in the Standalone Balance Sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses ("Cost Model"). Cost includes of an asset comprises its purchase price or its construction costs (net of applicable tax credits) and any cost directly attributable to bring the asset into the present location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Management. It includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. The carrying amount of a tangible asset is de-recognized on disposal or when no further economic benefits are expected from its use and the gain / loss arising from such de-recognition is considered in the statement of profit and loss

Depreciation of these PPE commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.



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Depreciation is provided on the cost of PPE less residual value, under straight-line method in accordance with the Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 adopting the useful life for assets as specified therein, except for the following, whose useful life have been taken on the basis of the technical certification obtained. However, the management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Asset	Useful life (in years)
Electrical Installations & Equipments	15
Hydraulic works, pipelines & sluices	30
Marine Pipeline Asset – Pipeline Inside Sea	15
TTP Water Membranes	10
Car Parking Shed	20
Corridor	30
Common Effluent Treatment Plant	15

Depreciation on power distribution assets is provided at the rate of depreciation notified by Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC).

Buildings and pipelines related to River Water System, Tertiary Treatment Plant and Water Treatment Plant are depreciated on Units of Production Method.

The estimated useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each year and if necessary, changes in estimates are accounted for prospectively.

Depreciation on subsequent expenditure on PPE arising on account of capital improvement or other factors is provided for prospectively over the remaining useful life.

An item of PPE is de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of assets and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The group follows a plan of physical verification of items of Property, Plant and Equipment so as to ensure full coverage over 3 years in a phased manner. This provides adequate control having regard to the size and nature of operations of the Group.

2.8 Investment properties (Freehold Land):



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Property (Freehold Land) that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the group, is classified as investment property. Investment properties are measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs, and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure including mandatory & unavoidable expenditure incurred on creation of infrastructure at R&R colony is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

2.9 Intangible Assets

(i) Intangible Assets and Amortization

Intangible assets acquired are measured on initial recognition at cost.

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably and are amortized under straight line method as follows:

- Specialized software over a period of 5 years from the month of addition.
- Cost of Barrage usage Rights is amortized on a straight line basis over the lease period/life of the underlying asset whichever is less and determined at 25 Years.

(ii) De-recognition of Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is derecognized on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. When the asset is derecognized, Gains or losses, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognized as impairment in the Statement of Profit & Loss.

2.10 Impairment of Tangible and Intangible Assets

The Group reviews the carrying amount of its tangible and intangible assets, Property, Plant and Equipment (including Capital Works in progress) annually to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of



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the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

An assessment is made annually as to see if there are any indications that impairment losses recognized earlier may no longer exist or may have come down. The impairment loss is reversed, if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the previous impairment loss was recognized. If it is so, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. After a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life. Reversals of impairment loss are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.11 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost (weighted average method) and net realizable value.

Unserviceable and scrap items, when determined, are valued at estimated net realizable value less all costs necessary to make the sale.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.12 Revenue recognition

Under Ind AS 115, Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to consumers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expect to receive in exchange of those products or services.

a) Sale of Goods

Revenue arising from sale of goods is recognized when the control is passed to the buyer and the company does not retain any managerial involvement in the goods transferred and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

1. Income from supply of River water and Tertiary Treated Plant are recognized on the basis of quantity committed/delivered to the units and invoiced at the agreed rates.



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2. Income from distribution of power is recognized as per actual consumption billed at Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission (KERC) approved tariff.

b) Sale of Services

Revenue from services is recognized when the outcome of services can be estimated reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with rendering of services will flow to the Company, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

- 1. Operation and Maintenance charges (O&M) and CETP Treatment and Usage Charges are recognized based on the agreed rates with the units.
- **2.** Marine outfall usage charges, Corridor Usage charges, CETP joining fees, internal corridor charges received in advance are recognized over the useful life of the asset on proportionate basis.

c) Non-Operating Revenue

- 1. Capital Gains are recognized based on the receipt of the redemption proceeds from the Liquid Mutual Funds.
- 2. The Liquid Mutual funds are on Marked to market based on the closing NAV. Gain or Loss is accounted accordingly.
- 3. Dividend income from the investments is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.
- 4. Interest income from financial assets is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is that rate exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that assets net carrying amount on initial recognition.
- 5. Rental and other charges for usage of long term assets of the company which do not partake the character of lease, are recognized as and when they fall due as per the terms of the agreements

2.13 Leases



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The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" effective 1st April, 2019, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Companies (Indian Accounting Standard), Amendment Rules, 2019, using the modified retrospective method.

On transition, the adoption of the standard resulted in recognition of Right-to-Use assets with corresponding equivalent lease liabilities.

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

A lease is classified at the inception date as a finance lease or an operating lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an asset. Lease other than financial lease are classified as operating lease.

AS LESSEE:

Land acquired from KIADB on a long term lease cum sale and to be converted into a sale subject to fulfillment of the terms and conditions is treated as finance lease and recognized under Investment Property.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Prepayments towards operating lease are amortized on straight line basis over the period of the lease. Contingent rentals, if any, arising under operating leases are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

AS LESSOR:

Lease agreements with a definite term with no stipulation for transfer of the ownership of the asset by the end of the lease term or for further renewal, are treated as operating lease.

Lease Premium:

Lease Premium received/receivable are recognized on straight line basis over the lease term as specified in the lease agreements.

Lease Rentals:

Lease rentals are recognized as and when they fall due as per the terms of the lease agreements.



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2.14 Foreign Exchange Transaction

The functional currency of the Group is Indian Rupees which represents the currency of the economic environment in which it operates.

A foreign currency transaction is recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

At the end of each reporting period:

- a. Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate.
- b. Non Monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition or in the previous financial statements are recognized in the statement of profit and loss of the period.

2.15 Employee Benefits

a) Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefit are recognized in the year in which the service has been rendered by the employees and measured at cost.

All short-term employee benefits are recognized at the undiscounted amount in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

b) Post-employment benefits

- i) Defined Contribution Plans: The provident fund scheme and the employee pension scheme are defined contribution plans. The contribution paid / payable under the schemes are recognized during the period in which the employee renders the related service.
- ii) Defined Benefit plans: The employee's gratuity liability is the group's defined benefit plan. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measure each unit separately to build the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under



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defined benefit plan, is based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date, having maturity periods approximating to the term of related obligations.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

c) Long term employee benefits

The obligation for long term employee benefits such as long term compensated absences is recognized in the same manner as in the case of defined benefit plans as mentioned in (b) (ii) above.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined liability), are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

2.16 Taxes on Income

Income tax expense represents the aggregate of Current tax and Deferred tax.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of Income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for a period.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect of situations in which applicable tax regulations re subject to interpretation ad establishes provisions where appropriate.

(ii) Deferred Tax



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Deferred tax is recognized on deductable/taxable temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Financial Statement and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to get future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realized.

(iii) Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.17 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs specifically identified in the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets is capitalized as part of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss applying the "effective interest method" as described in Ind AS 109, *Financial Instruments*.

Borrowing Cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.



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2.18 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

Contingent assets are disclosed in the Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts, unless possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

2.19 Financial instruments

A Financial Instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset or a financial liability or an equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.20 Financial assets

Cash and cash equivalents

The Group considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of



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change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest/risk adjusted method if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Group has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of equity investments not held for trading.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure.

- a) Lease receivables under Ind AS 116
- b) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115.

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- > Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; and
- All lease receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 116.



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The application of simplified approach does not require the group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the cost of borrowing. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rate cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.
- ➤ Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized in the statement of profit and loss (P&L). This amount is reflected under the head 'Net impairment loss on financial assets' 'in the Statement of P&L. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group de-recognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.



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On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.21 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and delivered financial instruments.

The measurement of the financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near team. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/losses attributable to changes in own credit risk is recognized in OCI. These gains/losses are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Loans and borrowings



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After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amorisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

The category generally applies to borrowings.

Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor falls to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognized less cumulative amortization.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Group de-recognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the



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carrying amount of the financial liability de-recognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.22 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.23 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

2.24 Operating Segments

Operating Segments are identified based on the business activities from which they earn revenue and incur expenses and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entities Chief operating decision maker and for which discrete financial information is available.

2.25 Critical Accounting Judgments and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Application of many of the accounting policies used in preparing the Financial Statements, the group makes judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual outcomes could differ from the estimates and assumptions used.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key source of judgments and estimation of uncertainty in the preparation of the Financial Statements which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are in respect of impairment, useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment, retirement benefit obligations, provisions, valuation of deferred tax assets and contingent assets & liabilities.



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2.26 Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations (Refer note 57), that the group have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Financial Statements.

2.27 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

a) Impairment of assets

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired, if any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates that asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, when the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Group extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth



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rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on investments, are recognized in the statement profit and loss, except for properties previously revalued with the revaluation surplus taken to OCI. For such properties, the impairment is recognized in OCI up to the amount of any previous revaluation surplus.

For assets excluding goodwill, am assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

b) Defined benefit obligation (DBO)

Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.



Mangalore SEZ Limited

Notes accompanying consolidated financial statements

Note 3: Property, Plant & Equipment

(Rs. in lakhs)

		Gross carrying amount			Depreciation /Amortisation				Net carrying amount	
	As at 01.04.2021	Additions during the	Deductions/A	As at 31.03.2022	As at 01.04.2021	Additions during the	Deductions/A djustments	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021
		period	djustments			period				
Lease- Right-of-use assets										
Leasehold land	36.24	-	_	36.24	13.08	2.27	-	15.35	20.89	23.15
Lease assets (Refer Note no. 49)	2,324.08	-	-	2,324.08	222.30	113.31	-	335.61	1,988.47	2,101.78
Buildings	48,875.59	33.82	39.90	48,869.51	5,514.93	1,511.08	3.50	7,022.51	41,847.00	43,360.66
Plant and equipment	42,028.64	292.49	67.54	42,253.59	8,032.68	1,563.63	30.55	9,565.75	32,687.84	33,995.96
Furniture and fixtures	107.01	2.57	_	109.58	52.70	8.33	_	61.03	48.55	54.31
Vehicles	191.56	-	_	191.56	107.82	22.74	-	130.56	61.00	83.74
Office equipment	75.14	17.82	3.07	89.89	60.01	6.95	2.96	64.00	25.89	15.13
Roads	8,490.21	9.53	_	8,499.74	7,765.82	310.17	_	8,075.99	423.75	724.39
Total	1,02,128.47	356.24	110.51	1,02,374.19	21,769.34	3,538.49	37.02	25,270.80	77,103.39	80,359.13
Previous Year	96,464.32	5,709.82	45.66	1,02,128.47	18,248.04	3,544.02	22.72	21,769.34	80,359.13	78,216.28

- 3(i) The company has taken borrowings from bank which carry charge over all the assets of the company (refer Note no.20 towards security and pledge).
- 3(ii) All the title deeds for the Property, Plant and Equipment, except the lease assets, are held in the name of the Company.
- 3(iii) Refer Note no.56(a) for disclosure of contractual commitments for acquistion of Property, Plant & Equipment

3(iv) Corridor Asset:

In the development of the Special Economic Zone (SEZ), the Company has set up a Pipeline-cum-Road Corridor Project from New Mangalore Port Trust (NMPT) to Mangalore SEZ (MSEZ). The project has been developed and capitalized entirely during FY 20-21 on a self-sustainable, cost and revenue model under an agreement with two customers viz., MRPL and OMPL.

In terms of the agreement:

- (a) All the three parties have contributed in equal shares towards cost of the project.
- (b) The title, ownership, possession and maintenance of the assets vests with MSEZ only.
- (c) OMPL and MRPL have been given perpetual rights to use the corridor for **specified width** leaving **substantial width** of the corridor for commercial exploitation by
- (d) The 'usership fee' relating to the width allocated to OMPL and MRPL on 'cost basis' is adjusted against the contribution and the balance is also treated as 'user fee' but reckoned for 'residual contribution'.
- (e) The revenue on the corridor project from third party customers accrue to the three parties in the ratio of their 'residual contributions'.

Note 4: Capital work in progress

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	
Capital work in progress		
Development of Land	2,653.59	9,710.77
Infrastructrure Development	4,013.48	3,624.91
Total	6,667.08	13,335.68

- 4(i) Capital work in progress includes Rs.2,653.59 lakh as at March 31, 2022 (Rs.9.710.77 lakh as at March 31, 2021) mandatory and unavoidable expenditure incurred on creation of infrastructure at R&R colony, pursuant to the Government of Karnataka ORder No.KE 309 REH, 2006, Bangalore dated 20.06.2007. The expenditure will be transferred to the cost of land in the year in which the obligation is completed.
- 4(ii) In FY 21-22 R&R colony expenditure works amounting to Rs.6,213.85 lakhs (FY 20-21 Rs.766.32 lakhs) was handed over to respective local authourities and thus, transferred to cost of land.
- 4(iii) The Company has an obligation vide Government Order no. RD 309 REH 2006 dated 20.06.2007 to provide various compensations to the Project Displaced Families (PDFs) including one job per family and sites for construction. The PDFs can opt for cash in lieu of site and cash in lieu of job. The estimated provision in respect of various compensations is as under which has been included in development of land.

(Rs. in lakh)

	As at	As at
Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Rehabilitation Compensation including training	210.90	232.33
Rehabilitation Colony Development Cost	30.00	873.33
Total	240.90	1,105.66

The Company has made the above provision based on present obligation as a result of past event. Further, the said R&R package has been amended vide G.O. no. RD 116 REH 2011 dated 02.12.2011 by including the following:

- a) Exit Option the PDF's can opt for an ex-gratia cash in lieu of employment, in addition to the one time cash compensation payable as per earlier G.O.
- b) Payment of stipend/sustenance allowance to PDF/nominees who do not opt for the ex-gratia as mentioned in option (a) above.
- 4(iv) The company has taken borrowings from bank which carry charge over all the assets of the company (refer Note no.20 towards security and pledge).
- 4(v) Refer Note No.44(i) and 44(ii) for disclosure on CWIP aging and completion schedule respectively.
- 4(vi) Refer Note no.56(a) for disclosure of contractual commitments for acquistion of Plant, Property & Equipment.



Note 5: Investment Property

(Rs. in lakhs)

	Gross carrying amount			Amortisation				Net carrying amount		
	As at 01.04.2021	Additions during the period	Deductions/A djustments	As at 31.03.2022			Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31.03.2022		
Land - Lease cum Sale	46,487.98	6,283.25	ı	52,771.23	-	ı	-	1	52,771.23	46,487.98
Previous Year	45,702.69	838.49	53.20	46,487.98	-	-	-	-	46,487.98	45,702.69

- 5(i) No fair value has been obtained for investment property.
- 5(ii) Refer Note no.43 on 'Title deeds not held in name of Company' and Note no.50(i) on Finance lease.
- 5(iii) Refer Note no.55 on 'amounts recognised in statement of profit & loss account'.
- 5(iv) Refer Note no.56(a) for disclosure of contractual commitments for Investment Property.

Note 6: Other Intangible Assets

		Gross car	rying amount			Amor	tisation		Net carry	ng amount
	As at	Additions	Deductions/A	As at	As at	Additions	Deductions /	As at	As at	As at
	01.04.2021	during the	djustments	31.03.2022	01.04.2021	during the	Adjustments	31.03.2022	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
		period	ujustinents			period				
Intangible Assets										
Specialised Software	1.65	-	-	1.65	1.50	0.15	-	1.65	-	0.15
Barrage usage rights	1,584.49	-	-	1,584.49	396.12	66.02	-	462.14	1,122.35	1,188.37
Total	1,586.14	-	-	1,586.14	397.62	66.17	-	463.79	1,122.35	1,188.52
Previous Year	1,588.84	-	2.70	1,586.14	331.51	68.81	2.70	397.62	1,188.52	1,257.33

⁶⁽i) The company has taken borrowings from bank which carry charge over all the assets of the company (refer Note no.20 towards security and pledge).

Note 7: Trade Receivables

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Trade receivables		
(a) Considered good - Secured	-	-
(b) Considered good - Unsecured	-	-
(c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in		
credit risk	-	-
(d) Trade Receivables - credit impaired	638.40	729.60
	638.40	729.60
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts		
Considered good - Unsecured	-	-
Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-
	-	-
Total	638.40	729.60

Note 8: Other Financial assets

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Security Deposit	716.78	715.05
Balance with banks (more than 12 months)	0.54	0.49
Total	717.32	715.55

Break-up for Security Details

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Unsecured, considerd good	716.78	715.05
Total	716.78	715.05

Note 9: Other Non current Assets

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at		
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021		
Capital Advances:	154.19	154.19		
Others				
-Security deposits	52.04	46.12		
-Income Tax (Net of Provision)	299.44	1,400.69		
Total	505.67	1,601.00		

Note 10: Investments

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Investments in Mutual Funds - Quoted		
- SBI Liquid Fund - Direct plan Daily Income Distribution		
cum Capital Withdrawal		
4,00,157.819 units of face value of Rs.1075.5542 each		
(Previous corresponding March, 2021 - 5,50,303.7 units of	4,303.91	5,720.87
face value Rs.1039.5847 each)		
Total	4,303.91	5,720.87
Aggregate amount of quoted investments - At market value	4,303.91	5,720.87

Note 11: Trade Receivables

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Trade receivables		
(a) Considered good - Secured	-	-
(b) Considered good - Unsecured	2,392.57	1,878.14
(c) Trade Receivables which have significant increase in		
credit risk	-	-
(d) Trade Receivables - credit impaired	16,572.14	16,509.41
	18,964.71	18,387.55
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts		
Considered good - Unsecured	148.70	110.70
Trade Receivables - credit impared	11,693.93	9,194.02
	11,842.63	9,304.72
Total	7,122.08	9,082.83

Note no.11(a): For disclosure on Trade Receivables aging schedule, Note no.48(ii) to be referrred.

Note no.11(b): Trade Receivables includes dues of Rs.4,878.21 lakhs (net of impairment) from JBF Petrochemicals Limited (JBF) outstanding for a significant period. The company has filed an application with National Company Law Tribunal, Ahmedabad Bench as operational creditor to initiate Corporate insolvency Resolution process (CIRP) under the IBC Code. As the Corporate debtor (JBF Petrochemicals Ltd) is admitted before IBC, NCLT vide its order dated 28th January, 2022 directed the company to place a claim before the Interim Resolution Professional (IRP) of the Corporate Debtor. The Company has filed the form B (Claim) before the IRP and the same is verified and admitted on a provisional basis.

Note no.11(c): For disclosure on revenue from JBF for financial year 21-22, Note no.48(i) to be referred.

Note no.11(d): On cancellation of Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) entered into with M/s. Trident Infrastructure, the Company has considered the net lease premium amount as advance. The same is not forfeited since the same is under discussion with the Competent authourity and hence, Rs.404.48 lakhs is not recognised as revenue.

Note 12: Cash and Cash Equivalents

(Rs. in lakhs)

		(Rs. in lakns)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
(A) Cash and cash equivalents		
(a) Balances with banks:		
Current accounts	292.41	252.17
(b) Cash on hand	0.16	0.09
Total	292.57	252.26

Note 13: Bank Balances other than above

		(Ks. in lakns)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Other Balances with banks		
Term Deposits with original maturity of more		
than three months but less than 12 months	4.87	4.62
Term deposits held as margin money	881.73	858.47
Term deposit as per arbitration	1,921.00	1,947.14
Total	2,807.60	186 2,810.23



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Note 14: Loans

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Security Deposit	-	24.25
Interest accrued on deposits	19.70	27.48
Other Receivables	49.97	36.40
Total	69.67	88.13

Note 15: Current tax asset (net)

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Tax credits	323.41	176.17
Income tax provision	(322.95)	(45.12)
Total	0.46	131.05

Note 16: Other current assets

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	
Advances:		
(i) Advances to Suppliers	2.36	23.18
(ii) Balances with government authorities		
- Goods and Service Tax input	105.28	140.98
Prepaid expenses	326.38	259.62
Total	434.02	423.78

Note 17. Equity Share Capital

Authourised, Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Share Capital

(Rs. in lakhs)

	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Authorised :		
425000000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	42,500	42,500
Issued		
100000000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	10,000	10,000
fully paid up	10,000	10,000
Subscribed and fully Paid up capital		
50001200 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	5 000 12	5 000 12
fully paid up	5,000.12	5,000.12
	5,000.12	5,000.12

a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of year:

Fully paid Equity shares	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
	No. of Shares Amount in Rs. lakhs		No. of Shares	Amount in Rs. lakhs
At the beginning of the year	5,00,01,200	5,000.12	5,00,01,200	5,000.12
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	5,00,01,200	5,000.12	5,00,01,200	5,000.12

b) Terms / rights attached to equity shares:

- (i) The Company has issued only one class of equity shares and no securities have been issued with the right / option to convert the same into equity shares at a later date.
- (ii) No shares have been reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares / disinvestment.
- (iii) The shares issued and subscribed carry equal rights and voting power.
- (iv) All the shares issued and subscribed carry equal right of dividend declared by the Company and no restrictions are attached to any specific shareholder.

c) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares in the Company:

Name of the Shareholders	As at 31.02.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
	No. of Equity Shares	Percentage of Holding	No. of Equity Shares	Percentage of Holding
Fully paid Equity Shares of Rs.10 each				
Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Limited (Associate)	2,50,00,000	50%	2,50,00,000	50%
Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (Associate)	1,30,00,000	26%	1,30,00,000	26%
Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board (Associate)	1,15,00,000	23%	1,15,00,000	23%

d) Details of Shareholding of Promoters:

As at 31.03.2022

Equit	Equity Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			
S1.		No of shares	% of total	% Change
No.	Promoter Name	No of shares	shares	during the year
1	Infrastructure Leasing and Financial	2,50,00,000	50%	
1	Services Limited	2,30,00,000	30%	-
2	Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited	1,30,00,000	26%	-
2	Karnataka Industrial Areas Development	1 15 00 000	23%	
3	Board	1,15,00,000	23%	-

As at 31.03.2021

Equity Shares held by promoters at the end of the year				
Sl.		Nf -1	% of total	% Change
No.	Promoter Name	No of shares	shares	during the year
1	Infrastructure Leasing and Financial	2,50,00,000	50%	
1	Services Limited	2,30,00,000	30%	-
2	Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited	1,30,00,000	26%	-
2	Karnataka Industrial Areas Development	1 15 00 000	23%	
)	Board	1,15,00,000	23%	-

Note 18: Non Controlling Interest

	'	(143. III lakiis)
	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Equity Attributable to Non Controlling	1.50	1.50
Interests	1.50	1.50



Note 19: Other Equity

		(IXS. III Iakiis)	
Particulars	Reserves and Surplus	TOTAL	
	Retained Earnings		
Balance at the end of the reporting period March	(605.67)	((05 (5)	
31, 2020	(605.67)	(605.67)	
Changes in accounting policy		-	
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting	(605.67)	(605.67)	
period April 01, 2020 (A)	(605.67)	(605.67)	
Additions during the year:			
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(3,204.99)	(3,204.99)	
Items of OCI for the year, net of taxes:			
Remeasurment benefit of defined benefit plans	8.59	8.59	
Total Comprehensive Income for the period March	(2.107.40)	(2.107.40)	
31, 2021 (B)	(3,196.40)	(3,196.40)	
Reductions during the year:			
Transfer to general reserves	-	-	
Any other change -	-	-	
Total (C)	-	-	
Balance at the end of the reporting period March	(2.002.07)	(2.002.05)	
31, 2021 ($D = A + B + C$)	(3,802.07)	(3,802.07)	
Changes in accounting policy	-	-	
Restated balance at the beginning of the reporting	(2,902,07)	(2.902.07)	
period April 01, 2021 (E)	(3,802.07)	(3,802.07)	
Additions during the year:		-	
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(1,993.42)	(1,993.42)	
Items of OCI for the year, net of taxes:		-	
Remeasurment benefit of defined benefit plans	8.24	8.24	
Total Comprehensive Income for the period June			
30, 2021 (F)	(1,985.18)	(1,985.18)	
Reductions during the year:		-	
Transfer to general reserves		-	
Any other change		-	
Total (G)	-	-	
Balance at the end of the reporting period June 30,			
2021 (E+F-G)	(5,787.25)	(5,787.25)	



Note 20: Borrowings

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Maturity date	Terms of repayment	Effective interest rate	As at 31.03.2022	
Secured					
Rupee Term Loans	March 2032	Sixty two unequal quarterly installments	7.38% (7.38%)*	49,663.08	53,451.65
Less: Amortized cost	of debt			(75.47)	(87.32)
Non-current borrov	vings			49,587.61	53,364.33
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt (included under Other Current financial liabilities Note 27)			(1,482.98)	(2,304.90)	
Total non-current b	orrowings			48,104.63	51,059.43

^{*} Indicates the EIR as at 31.03.2021

(i) Term loan from banks including current maturities is secured by mortagage of the land and structure/lease hold rights, of the entire immovable assets of the borrower both present and future, excluding land & structure pertaining to the rehabilitation and resettlement of the colony and lands for which lease agreements with tenants of the SEZ project already in place. First charge on the entire assets of the borrower present and future both movable and immovable. First charge on all revenues/receivables accuring to the project.

(ii) There has been no default in payment of principal and interest during the year.

Note 21: Lease liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Lease liabilities (Refer Note no. 49)	2,275.22	2,296.86
Less: Current maturities of lease liabilities (included under Other Current financial liabilities refer Note 28)	(27.80)	(21.65)
Total non current lease liabilities	2,247.42	2,275.21

Note 22: Other financial liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	
Payable towards capital/project related expenditure/work contractual obligations	4,561.73	4,524.65
Trade Deposits	208.21	222.74
Total	4,769.94	4,747.39

Note 23: Provisions

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	
Provision for employee benefits:		
-Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note no.51)	137.76	128.07
-Provision for Compensated absences (Refer Note no.51)	81.33	86.15
Total	219.09	214.23

Note 24: Deferred tax

The major components of deferred tax liabilities/(assets) arising on account of timing differences are as follows:

As at 31st March, 2022

Particulars	Balance Sheet	Recognised in Profit and Loss	Recognised in Other Comprehensive income	Balance Sheet
	01.04.2021	2021-22	2021-22	31.03.2022
Difference between written down value/capital work in progress of fixed assets (including Investment Property) as per the books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961.	6,119.53	790.20	-	6,909.73
Difference between written down value of Intangible assets as per the books of accounts and Income Tax Act, 1961.		(2.73)	-	248.62
Difference in carrying value and tax base of term loan measuerd at amortized cost.	22.71	(3.08)	-	19.63
Employee benefit, provision for expense allowed for tax purpose on payment basis.	(0.23)	(6.43)	2.90	(3.76)
DTA on non refundable one time user fee considered as income for Income Tax, while the same is amortized over the period of agreement under IND AS and unwinding of security deposit.	(4,325.39)	177.79	-	(4,147.60)
Net Deferred tax liabilities	2,067.99	955.75	2.90	3,026.64



Note 25: Government grant

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Government grant (refer Note no.53)	1,777.88	1,860.38
Less: Current portion of government grant (included under	(82.50)	(82.50)
'Other Current Liabilities' Refer Note 33)	(82.30)	(82.30)
Total	1,695.38	1,777.88

Note 26: Other non current liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

	(iks. III lakiis)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Advances from customers	89,596.55	92,106.53
Less: Current maturities of advances from customers	(2.204.00)	(2.700.45)
(included under 'Other Current liabilities' Refer Note 31)	(3,294.99)	(2,708.45)
Total (a)	86,301.56	89,398.08
Deferred income	190.83	208.07
Less: Current portion of deferred income (included under	(10.00)	(0.07)
'Other Current Liabilities' Refer Note 31)	(10.08)	(9.87)
Total (b)	180.75	198.20
Total (a+b)	86,482.31	89,596.28

Note 27: Borrowings

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at 31.03.2021
Current maturity of long term debt (refer Note no. 20)	1,482.98	2,304.90
Total	1,482.98	2,304.90

Note 28: Lease liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Lease liabilities (refer Note no. 21)	27.80	21.65
Total	27.80	21.65

Note 29: Trade Payables

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Outstanding dues to Micro and Small Enterprises	184.01	294.68
Outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro and Small	1 170 21	020.45
Enterprises	1,170.31	830.45
Total	1,354.32	1,125.13

Note 29(i): The classification of the suppliers under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is made on the basis of information made available to the Company.



Note 29(ii): Disclosure requirement as required under Micro, Small, & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is as follows

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
a. the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining		
unpaid to any supplier as at the end of accounting year:		
Principal	184.01	294.68
b. The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act,		
2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier	Nil	Nil
beyond the appointed day during each accounting year		
c.the amount of interest due and payable for the period (where the		
principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act, 2006	Nil	Nil
not paid)		
d. The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the	NT:1	NT:1
end of the accounting year and	Nil	Nil
e. The amount of further interest due and payable even in the		
succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above	N;1	NI:1
are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of	Nil	Nil
disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23		

Note 29 (iii): Trade Payables aging schedule

As at 31.03.2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

No.	Particulars	Outstanding for	Outstanding for following periods from the due of payment			
					More than	Total
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 years	
(i)	MSME	172.60				172.60
(ii)	Others	1,138.64	3.02	8.55	31.50	1,181.71
(iii)	Disputed dues-					•
	MSME	-	-	-	-	-
	Others	-	-	-	-	-
		1,311.24	3.02	8.55	31.50	1,354.31

As at 31.03.2021

No.	Particulars	Outstanding for	Outstanding for following periods from the due of payment			
					More than	Total
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	3 years	
(i)	MSME	294.68				294.68
(ii)	Others	785.74	13.21	31.50	-	830.45
(iii)	Disputed dues-					-
	MSME	-	-	-	_	-
	Others	-	-	-	-	-
		1,080.42	13.21	31.50	-	1,125.13

Note 30: Other financial liabilities

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at
		31.03.2021
Retention monies relating to capital expenditure/projects	582.21	779.27
Security Deposits	662.45	665.35
Earnest Money Deposit	13.88	12.54
Payable towards capital/project related expenditure/works; contractual obligations	833.26	919.09
Payable to employees	65.38	63.22
Others	6.30	8.42
Total	2,163.48	2,447.89

Payable to contractors towards project related EMD accepted by company and retention monies to contractors, are non-interest bearing.

Note 31: Other current liabilties

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at
		31.03.2021
Advances from customers (refer Note no. 26)	3,294.99	2,708.45
Deferred income (refer Note no. 26)	10.08	9.87
Others		
-Payable towards Goods & Service tax	59.16	130.45
-Payable towards TDS under Income Tax	56.70	38.67
-Payable towards Providend fund, Profession Tax and ESIC	1.97	1.98
Total	3,422.90	2,889.42

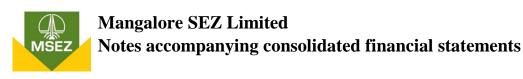
Note 32: Provisions

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at
		31.03.2021
Provision for Employee Benefits		
-Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note no.51)	7.12	5.90
-Provision for Compensated absences (Refer Note no. 51)	13.98	5.59
Provision towards Rehabilitation & Resettlement cost (refer Note no. 4 (iii))	240.90	1,105.66
Total	262.00	1,117.15

Note 33: Government grant

		(KS. III Iakiis)
Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at
		31.03.2021
Government grant (refer Note no.25)	82.50	82.50
Total	82.50	82.50



Note 34: Revenue from operations (#)

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Sale of Products		
River water and Tertiary treated water	4,084.26	3,854.01
Power	6,888.51	5,322.60
Sale of Services		
Land Lease Premium	1,408.75	1,351.39
Land Lease Rental	382.09	380.57
Operation and Maintenance Charges	4,035.23	3,613.37
Usuage charges towards infrastructure facilities	2,445.76	1,990.46
Total	19,244.60	16,512.40

^(#) Refer Note no.48

Note 35: Other Income and other gain/(losses)

(a) Other income

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Interest Income:		
(i) On financial assets measured at amoritzed cost	110.03	139.07
(ii) On security deposits measured at amortized cost	13.27	12.95
Gain on redemption of mutual funds	142.55	128.31
Government grant amortization	82.50	45.38
Other non operating income	306.17	84.83
Total (a)	654.52	410.54

(b) Other gains/(losses)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Fair value gain on mutual fund investment	0.19	25.83
Total (b)	0.19	25.83
Total (a+b)	654.71	436.37

Note 36: Cost of materials consumed

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Purchase of Power	5,709.57	4,386.14
STP water drawal charges	531.06	522.38
Total	6,240.63	4,908.52

Note 37: Employee benefit expense

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Salaries and allowances	646.64	624.54
Contribution to provident and other funds	10.33	10.39
Gratuity	22.05	22.50
Staff welfare expenses	62.38	52.02
Total	741.40	709.45

Note 38: Finance costs

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Interest on financial liabilities measured at		
amortized cost		
-Interest on bank borrowings	3,737.32	4,137.27
-Interest on security deposit	26.65	45.90
Interest on security deposits measured at fair value	10.97	8.76
Interest on lease liability (refer Note no.49)	207.00	208.41
Other borrowing cost	17.00	91.20
Total	3,998.94	4,491.54

Note 39: Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Depreciation of Property, plant and equipment (Refer Note 3)	3,422.91	3,428.26
Amortization of right-of-use assets (Refer Note 3 and Note no. 49)	113.31	115.58
Amortisation of Intangible assets (Refer Note 6)	68.44	68.81
Total	3,604.66	3,612.65

Note 40: Impairment losses

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Impaired and written off	132.02	-
Loss allowance (Refer Note no.46C)	2,538.45	2,526.18
Total	2,670.47	2,526.18

^(*) Includes Rs.27.33 lakhs of Other assets written off.

Note 41: Other expenses

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Rent	51.58	48.38
Rates & taxes	533.69	274.22
Repair and Maintenance	2,122.03	1,999.44
Insurance	106.62	106.55
Advertising and publicity	16.28	18.33
Travelling expenses	69.19	60.03
Professional & consultancy charges	50.32	31.00
Legal fees	3.53	11.69
Payment to auditors	10.84	7.95
Corporate social responsibility	-	-
Interest on income tax	4.71	0.85
Miscellaneous Expenses	397.18	275.09
Total	3,365.97	2,833.53

Note 42 A: Income tax expense

The major components of income tax expense for the year are as under:

Income tax recognised/reported in the Statement of Profit and loss

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the year	317.51	45.12
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	(2.60)	-
Total current tax expense	314.91	45.12
Deferred tax:		
-Increase/(Decrease) in deferred tax	955.75	1,026.77
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)	955.75	1,026.77
Income tax expense	1,270.66	1,071.89
Income tax expense is attributable to:		
Profit from continuing operations	1,270.66	1,071.89

Note 42 B: Expenses recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Defined benefit obligation	(11.14)	(11.61)
Total	11.14	11.61

Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Income tax charged on Defined benefit obligation	2.90	3.02
Total	2.90	3.02



Note no.43: Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company

Table 1: Statement showing the details of total land area:

Area Details - in Acres

Total Area as on	Transferred to KIADB for		Land handed/yet to be handed over to entities related	Balance land as on		d Land as on 03.2022	Un- registered	Total Area as on	Area Registered	Land surrendered	Balance not registered as on 31.03.2021
01.04.2021	MRPL Purpose	Datance area	to R& Colony viz, local bodies & PDF	31.03.2022	Acres	Registeration date	land as on 31.03.2022	31.03.2021	as on 31.03.2021	to KIADB	(after surrender to KIADB)
2346.92	251.23	2095.69	199.33	1896.36	1533.22	17.02.2011	266.63	2346.92	1,632.20	251.23	463.49
					9.99	11.08.2011					
					86.52	10.11.2014					
2346.92	251.23	2095.69	199.33	1896.36	1629.73		266.63	2,346.92	1,632.20	251.23	463.49

^(*) The 199.33 Acres includes 93.1492 & 106.1809 acres of land handed over to Project Displaced Families and Local bodies as per the Government of Karnataka Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy.

Table 2: Statement showing title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company

	Table 2. Statement showing title deeds of milinovable Floper				y not need in name of the Company			
Sl. No.	Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value - Rs. In lakhs	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deeds holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company	
A	Investme nt property	Land - Acres						
i		199.33	16,134.73	Project displaced families and Local authourities	No	Year 2011	The Company has developed Rehabilitation and Resettlement Colonies for the Project Displaced families as per GoK order No.KE 309 REH, 2006, Bangalore dated 20.06.2007. The developed colonies along with common infrastructure developed areas are handed over to the individual PDF and local authourities respectively.	
ii		266.63	4,661.17		Yes, held by KIADB who is a Co-promoter and also the lessor of the property	Year 2012	This land is situated outside the notified SEZ area. The land is being utilized for various utilities viz., corriodor, approach roads, green belt. The land is also held for lease to DTA industries. As and when the land use pattern is firmed up based on the requirement the Company will take up registration.	

Further, refer to Note no.50(i) On Finance lease

^{(**) 266.6292} acres of land is in possession but unregistered.

Note No. 44: Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)

(i) Aging schedule

As at 31.03.2022

(Amount in Rs. lakhs)

	Amo				
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in					
progress					
R&R Colony Development				2,653.59	2,653.59
By Pass road works				3,260.05	3,260.05
DAF and Digister system	21.49	235.44			256.93
Installation of Electromagnetic	16.70				1670
flow meters Construction of	16.70				16.70
Chemical storage house	9.24				9.24
CAAQMS spares	9.10				9.10
Projects temporarily suspended					
Boundary Wall Package 3 -	347.19				347.19
Providing and laying MS Pipeline					
in the river bed	114.28				114.28
Total	518.00	235.44	-	5,913.64	6,667.08

As at 31.03.2021

(Amount in Rs. lakhs)

	Amount in CWIP for a period of								
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total				
Projects in									
progress									
Providing and laying MS Pipeline in the river bed				105.65	105.65				
Fixing of									
Electromagnetic Flow meter	13.10				13.10				
R&R Colony									
Development				9,710.77	9,710.77				
By Pass road works				2,896.35	2,896.35				
,				_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,0 0.0.0				
DAF and Digister									
system	235.44				235.44				
Danis ata					-				
Projects temporarily suspended					-				
Boundary Wall Package 3 -				347.19	347.19				
Others(*)				27.19	27.19				
Total	248.54	-	-	13,087.1	13,335.68				

^(*) Others incudes Rs.27.19 lakh towards initial project study charges. As currently, these projects are not taken up they are impaired off.

(ii) Completion schedule

As at 31.03.2022

(Amount in Rs. lakhs)

		,			
CWIP	Less than 1		2-3	More than 3	Total
	year	1-2 years	years	years	
Projects in					
progress					
DAF and Digister system	310.00				310.00
Installation of Electromagnetic					
flow meters	16.70				16.70
Construction of					
Chemical storage					
house	20.71				20.71
CAAQMS spares	9.10				9.10
Projects					
temporarily					
suspended					-
Providing and					
laying MS Pipeline					
in the river bed	114.28				114.28
Boundary Wall					
Package 3 -	347.19				347.19
Total	817.98	-	-	-	817.98

As at 31.03.2021

(Amount in Rs. lakhs)

		To be co	mpleted	in	,
CWIP	Less than 1 year		2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress		Ĭ			
Providing and laying MS Pipeline in the river bed	105.65				105.65
Fixing of Electromagnetic Flow meter	13.098				13.10
DAF and Digister system	310				310.00
Projects temporarily suspended					-
Boundary Wall Package 3 -	347.19				347.19
Others Total	775.94	_	-	27.19 27.19	27.19 803.13

Note no. 45: Ratios

			31-Mar-22			31-Mar-21			Reasons if variance is more than 25%
		D (Amount Rs. in	ъ.	D 6	Amount Rs. in	.		
		Reference	lakh	Ratio	Reference	lakh	Ratio		
(a)	Current Ratio, (i/ii)			1.71			1.85	-7.78%	
(a)	Current assets (i)	As per BS	15,030.32	1./1	As per BS	18,509.15	1.03	-7.7070	
	Current liabilities (ii)	As per BS	8,795.98		As per BS	9,988.64			
	Current natificies (n)	As per bs	0,795.90		As per bs	9,966.04			
(b)	Debt-Equity Ratio, (i/ii)			0.56			0.57	-1.93%	
(0)	Debt (i)	Note No: 20	49,663.08	0.50	Note No: 20	53,451.65	0.57	-1.7370	
	Equity	11010110120	13,000.00		11010110120	23,131.03			
	Equity	As per BS	(787.13)		As per BS	1,198.05			
	Long term advances	Note No: 26	89,172.60		Note No: 26	92,090.13			
	Net Equity (ii)		88,385.47			93,288.18			
(c)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (i/iv)			1.54			1.41	9.28%	
	Earnings before Interest, Depreciatoin								
	and Tax (i)		10.000.51			1.010			
	Total Income (ii)	As per P&L	19,899.31		As per P&L	16,948.77			
	Less: Operating expenses (iii) Cost of materials consumed	. Doz	5 240 52			4.000.53			
		As per P&L	6,240.63		As per P&L	4,908.52			
		As per P&L	741.40		As per P&L	709.45			
	Interest on security deposits; Interest								
	on Lease assets; Other borrowing	Note No: 38			Note No: 38				
	costs		261.62			354.28			
	Other expenses	As per P&L	3,365.97		As per P&L	2,833.53			
	Total operating exepnses		10,609.62			8,805.78			
	Earnings before Interest, Depreciatoin		9,289.69			8,142.99			
	and Tax (ii-iii)		9,209.09			0,142.99			
	Debt (iv)								
	Current maturities of long term		2,304.90			1,650.78			
	borrowings	As per BS	2,304.70		As per BS	1,030.76			
	-Interest on bank borrowings	Note No: 38	3,737.32		Note No: 38	4,137.27			
			6,042.22			5,788.04			
(d)	Return on Equity Ratio, (i/ii)			-253%			-268%	-5.33%	
	Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year								
	attributable to equity shareholders (i)	As per P&L	(1,993.42)		As per P&L	(3,204.99)			
	Equity (ii)	As per BS	(787.13)		As per BS	1,198.05			
(e)	Inventory turnover ratio,	Not applicable							
		r	,		1	, ,		1	
(f)	Trade Receivables turnover ratio, (i/iii)		10.5	7.38			7.85	-6.05%	
	Revenue from operations (i)	As per P&L	19,244.60		As per P&L	16,512.40			
	Less: One time revenue amortizations	As per P&L	2,692.05		As per P&L	2,634.68			
	Net Revenue from operations (i)		16,552.55			13,877.72			
	Net closing trade receivables -	Note No. 11	2 242 97		Note No. 11	1 767 42			
	Considered good, unsecured (ii)	Note No: 11	2,243.87		Note No: 11	1,767.43			

Note no. 45: Ratios

			31-Mar-22			31-Mar-21		% Variance	Reasons if variance is more than 25%
(g)	Trade payables turnover ratio (i/ii)			7.09			6.88	3.09%	
	Value Goods and services obtained (i)								
	-Cost of material consumed	As per P&L	6,240.63		As per P&L	4,908.52			
	-Other Expenses	As per P&L	3,365.97		As per P&L	2,833.53			
	Net value of goods and services obtained								
	(i)		9,606.60			7,742.05			
	Closing trade payable (ii)	As per BS	1,354.32		As per BS	1,125.13			
(h)	Net capital turnover ratio (i/ii)			3.09			1.94	59.28%	The ratio has varied by
	Total revenue from operations (i)	As per P&L	19,244.60		As per P&L	16,512.40			59.27% because the total
	Net Working capital (ii =a-b)		6,234.34			8,520.51			revenue has increased by
	Current asset (a)	As per BS	15,030.32		As per BS	18,509.15			Rs.2732.2 lakhs along
	Current liabilities (b)	As per BS	8,795.98		As per BS	9,988.64			with the net decrese in working capital Rs.2285.87 lakhs.
(i)	Net profit ratio (i/ii)			-4%			-13%	-71.14%	
(1)	Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year			170		1	1370	71.1170	
	attributable to equity shareholders (i)	A DOI	(722.76)		A DO I	(2.122.10)			
		As per P&L	(722.76)		As per P&L	(2,133.10)			
	Total Income (ii)	As per P&L	19,899.31		As per P&L	16,948.77			
(:)	Detum on Conital annulavad	1		-1%		1	-2%	-33.89%	Τ
(j)	Return on Capital employed			-1%		1	-2%	-33.89%	
	Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders (i) Capital employed (ii)	As per P&L	(1,993.42)		As per P&L	(3,204.99)			
	Equity								
	Equity	As per BS	(787.13)		As per BS	1,198.05			
	Long term advances	Note No: 26	89,172.60		Note No: 26	92,090.13			
	Net Equity		88,385.47			93,288.18			
	Debt	Note No:20	49,663.08		Note No:20	53,451.65			
	Total capital employed (Debt + Equity) (ii)		1,38,048.55			1,46,739.83			
(k)	Return on investment								
	Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year								
	attributable to equity shareholders (i)	As per P&L	(1,993.42)	-2%		(3,204.99)	-3%	-35.78%	
	Investment:	135 per I &L	1,10,412.37	-2/0		1,14,003.90	-5/0	-55.7670	
	-Net PPE (excluding lease assets)	Note No: 3	75,094.04		Note No: 3	78,234.20			
	-CWIP	Note No: 4	6,667.08		Note No: 4	13,335.68			
	-Investment property	Note No: 5	52,771.23		Note No: 5	46,487.98			
	-Intangible assets (excluding software)	Note No: 6	1,122.35		Note No: 6	1,188.37			
	Less: Contributions received	1.010 110. 0	1,122.33		1.510 110. 0	1,100.37			
	For Corridor Project		(19,514.33)			(19,514.33)			
	For Marine Outfall		(3,758.00)			(3,758.00)			
	For CETP and Flyover - Government		(5,755.00)			(5,755.00)			
	Grant		(1,970.00)			(1,970.00)			



Note no. 46A: Category-wise Classification of Financial instruments

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	Refer	Non-Cu	ırrent	Cur	rent
	Note	As at	As at	As at	As at
		31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Investments in quoted mutual funds	10	-	=	4,303.91	5,720.87
		-	-	4,303.91	5,720.87

Financial assets measured at amortised cost	Refer	Non-Cu	ırrent	Current	
	Note	As at	As at	As at	As at
	Note	31.03.2022	31.03.2021	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Trade Receivables	7, 11	638.40	729.60	7,122.08	9,082.83
Term deposits with original maturity of more than 12		717.32	715.55		
months	8	/17.52	/13.33	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	12	-	-	292.57	252.26
Term deposits held as margin money	13	-	-	2,807.60	2,810.23
Security deposit and others	14			69.67	88.13
		1,355.72	1,445.15	10,291.91	12,233.46

Financial liabilities measured at fair value	Refer	Non-Current		Current	
through amortized cost	Note	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2022	
Term loan from bank	20, 27	48,104.63	51,059.43	1,482.98	2,304.90
Lease liabilities	21, 28	2,247.42	2,275.21	27.80	21.65
Trade deposits	22	208.21	222.74	-	-
Trade payables	29	-	-	1,354.32	1,125.13
Retention monies relating to capital expenditure/projects	30	-	-	582.21	779.27
Security Deposits	30	-	-	662.45	665.35
Earnest Money Deposit	30	-	1	13.88	12.54
Payable towards capital/project related expenditure/works	30	4,561.73	4,524.65	833.26	919.09
Payable to employees	30	-	-	65.38	63.22
Others	30			6.30	8.42
		55,121.99	58,082.03	5,022.27	5,891.14

Note no.46(B) Fair value Measurments

(i) The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's financial assets and liabilities:

As at March 31, 2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

Financial assets	Fair value	у			
	Refer Note	as at 31.03.2022	Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss					
(FVTPL)					
Investments in quoted mutual funds	10	4,303.91	4,303.91	-	-

As at 31st March, 2021

(Rs. in lakhs)

Financial assets		Fair value	Fair Value hiera		rchy	
	Refer Note	as at 31.03.2021	Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss						
(FVTPL)						
Investments in quoted mutual funds	10	5,720.87	5,720.87	=	-	

(ii) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Financial instruments measured at fair value

The valuation technique used to value financial instruments at fair value is based on the quoted market prices of mutual funds recognised at their closing NAV per unit.

The fair value of security deposits is determined using cost of borrowing.

Note no.46 (C) Financial Risk Management - Objectives and Policies

The Company's financial liabilities comprises mainly of viz., term loan borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The Company's financial assets comprises mainly of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments in mutual funds and other receivables.

The Company has financial risk exposure in the form of viz., market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Risk Management Committee under the Board of Directors oversees the risk to which the Company is exposed and operates.

The present disclosures made by the Company summarizes the exposure to the financial risks.

1) Market Risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market price comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The financial instruments affected by market risk includes rupee term loan and loans &

a) Interest Rate Risk exposure

The risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has availed significant rupee term loans at floating interest rates from State Bank of India, New Delhi. The interest rate is at 0.40% (spread) plus six months MCLR rate of SBI and the interest rate is reset once every six months. The Company has not entered into any of the interest rate swaps and hence, the Company is exposed to interest rate risk.

The exposure of the company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Rs. in lakhs

	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Variable rate borrowings	49,663.08	53,451.65
	49,663.08	53,451.65

As at the end of the reporting period, the company has the following variable rate borrowings outstanding:

	31-Mar-22			31-Mar-21			
	Weighted average interest rate	Balance Amount in Rs. lakh	% of total loans		Weighted average interest rate	Balance Amount in Rs. lakh	% of total loans
Rupee term loan	7.23%	49,663.08	100%	Rupee term loan	7.59%	53,451.65	100%
cash flow interest rate		49,663.08		Exposure to cash flow interest rate risk		53,451.65	100%

(Note no. 46 C continued)

Interest Rate Sensitivity analysis

The Company considering the economic environment in which it operates has determined the interest rate sensitivity analysis (interest exposure) at the end of the reporting period. The interest rate for the Company are floating rates and hence, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the borrowings outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point +/- fluctuation in the interest rate is used for disclosing the sensitivity analysis.

Rs. in lakhs

	Impact on Profit before tax		
Sensitivity	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	
Interest rates - increase by 50 basis points	257.79	271.39	
Interest rates - decrease by 50 basis	(257.79)	(271.39)	

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is done holding on the assumption that all other variables remaining constant.

The increase/decrease in interest expense is directly attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate of borrowings.

b) Foreign currency risk exposure

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company undertakes transactions in Indian Rupees and its borrowings/loans payable & trade receivables are also denominated in Indian Rupees and hence, there is no exposure to foreign exchange operations and as such no rate fluctuations involves.

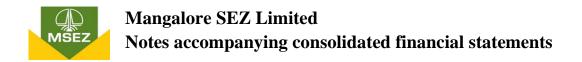
Foreign currency rate sensitivity analysis:

Since, there is no foreign currency risk, sensitivity analysis for the same does not arise

c) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market traded prices. The Company's investment in liquid fund - Direct plan Daily IDCW (Cash). The Company's equity investment in its subsidiary is not held for trading and hence, there is no risk of price movement.

(Note no. 46 C continued)



2) Credit Risk

The Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investment in mutual funds, Bank balances and other receivables.

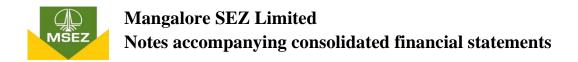
The Company primarily deals with the units/consumers operating inside the Mangalore Special Economic Zone (MSEZ). The units/consumers are the industries who have invested in MSEZ for setting up their industry. The Company enters into MOU/Lease deed for lease of land and receives on-time lease premium (as per agreed milestones) and also collects annual lease rentals. The Company supplies water; power and provides services to units/consumers through pre-determined contracts and agreed rates. In so far as supply of power is concerned the Company charges tariff based on the approved tariff by regulatory commission. The Company's exposure are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions is reasonably spread amongst the units. Further, the Company has balance leasable land area of 296 Acres (out of 1075 Acres of leasable land) as on March 31, 2022. The Company upon entering into MOU/lease agreement with the prospective units/consumer would receive one-time lease premium and annual rentals and concurrently, would also receive steady operating cash flows through sale of products and supply of services.

The credit risk arising from the exposure of investing in mutual funds and bank balances is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counterparties are the recognised financial institutions and public sector banks, which are creditworthy.

The credit period in majority of the trade receivables range from 7 days-15 days and average credit period is less than 30 days. Credit risk arising from trade receivables is managed in accordance with the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. The concentration of the credit risk is generally limited due to fact that the area of operation of the Company is confined to one geography (MSEZ) and the number of units/consumers are also limited, wherein again the credit risk mitigated through pre-existing contract obligations.

For trade receivables, as a practical expedient, the Company computes the credit loss allowance if there is life-time expected credit losses and fair value loss measured at present value, based on rate of cost of borrowing.

(Note no. 46 C continued)



Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Balance at the beginning of the year	9,304.72	6,901.06
Impairment allowance	3,063.10	3,072.16
Fair value losses provided	(419.95)	(545.98)
Impairment written-off	(105.24)	(122.52)
Balance at the end of the year	11,842.63	9,304.72

3) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly to meet obligations when due. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of values of the financial assets and liabilities.

The Company manages the liquidity risk by (i) maintaining adequate and sufficient cash and cash equivalents including investments in mutual funds (ii) making available the funds from realising timely maturities of financial assets to meet the obligations when due. The management monitors rolling forecast of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. Also, the Company manages the liquidity risk by projecting cash flows considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet the obligations by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities and monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios. Further, the liquidity risk management involves matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The company makes an annual/long term financial plan so as to ensure there are no maturity mismatches in settlement of liabilities

Note no.46 (D) Capital Management

The Company's objective when managing capital are to:

- a) safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- b) Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may vary the distribution of dividends to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

As at March 31, 2022, the Company has only one class of equity share and rupee term loan.

Consequent to such capital structure, there are no externally imposed capital requirements.

The capital structure of the Company consists of debt (borrowings as detailed **in notes 20** and 27) and total equity including advances received from units towards lease of land and use of infrastructure facilities of the Company and monitors capital, based on this capital structure's gearing ratio.

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period is computed as follows

Rs. in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
i) Debt	49,663.08	53,451.65
ii) Equity share capital	5,000.12	5,000.12
iii) Other equity	(5,787.25)	(3,802.07)
iv) One time non-refundable amounts from customers	89,172.60	92,090.13
v) Total equity [(ii)+(iii)+(iv)]	88,385.47	93,288.18
vi) Debt to equity ratio (times)	0.56	0.57

Note no.47: Segment reporting

The company has only one operating segment (Development, Operation & Maintenance of Mangalore Special Economic Zone).

Note no.48:

(i) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company on the grounds of (i) Prudence and (ii) Revenue recognition criteria under Ind-AS 115 on 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers', has not recognized revenues for the financial year 2021-22 from JBF Petrochemicals Limited (JBF).

The details of JBF revenue not recognized are as under:

/T				
(Rs	ın	lal	kł	ารา

		As at	For	As at
Sl. No.	Nature of revenue	01.04.2021	FY 21-22	31-03-2022
1	Supply of water	13,671.38	7,518.91	21,190.30
2	Annual lease rent	198.38	99.19	297.56
3	Treated Effluent Disposal Fees	293.84	156.70	450.53
4	Zone Operation & Maintenance charges	108.89	-	108.89
	Total	14,272.49	7,774.80	22,047.29

The Company emphasizes that non recognition/accrual of the revenue from JBF, as per Ind-AS 115, does not discharge the liability cum obligation of JBF Petrochemicals Limited to pay under the said contracts in vogue nor vitiate the Charge by the Company over such receivables from JBF.

(ii) Net Current trade receivables aging schedule

As at March 31, 2022

(Rs. in lakhs)

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						,
Particulars	Less than 6	6 months - 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered						
good	1,572.79	95.78	66.18	152.87	193.12	2,080.74
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables which have						
significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivables - credit						
impaired	91.20	91.20	91.20	1,017.29	3,587.32	4,878.21
(i) Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	11.76	12.13	13.39	8.92	116.93	163.13
(ii) Disputed Trade receivables which have						
significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-		-	-	-
Total	1,675.75	199.11	170.77	1,179.07	3,897.38	7,122.08

As at March 31, 2021

(KS. III						
	Outstan					
Particulars	Less than 6	6 months - 1	1.2	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
	months	year	1-2 years	2-3 years	years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered						
good	1,473.76	(1.17)	282.06	(145.64)	0.14	1,609.15
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables which have						
significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade receivables - credit						
impaired	91.20	91.20	1,028.13	5,628.86	476.00	7,315.39
(i) Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	11.34	11.53	9.60	86.87	38.95	158.29
(ii) Disputed Trade receivables which have						
significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	1	-	-	-
Total	1,576.29	101.55	1,319.80	5,570.10	515.09	9,082.83

Note no. 49: Leases - As lessee Right-of-use assets - Ind-AS 116

Rs. in lakhs

Sl. No.	Particulars	Note	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Depreciation charge for right-of-		113.31	115.58
1	use assets	3	113.31	113.38
	Interest expense on lease			
2	liabilities	38	207.00	208.41
		Refer Cash		
3	Total cash outflow for leases	flow statement	(228.64)	(224.52)
	Carrying amount of right-to-use			
4	assets	3	1,988.47	2,101.78
5	Present value of lease liabilities	21,28	2,275.22	2,296.85

Note no. 50: Leases - As lessor

Lease of land

(i) Finance Lease:

The Company has obtained on a lease-cum-sale basis from Karnataka Industrial Area Development Board (KIABD) vide lease-cum-sale agreement dated 28.12.2010. The lease is for a period of 50 years. The lease agreement with KIADB stipulates various conditions related to lease, including in relation to the manner in which the Company will obtain freehold title of land. The Company is reasonably certain to obtain freehold title, since the terms and conditions for conversion to freehold land has been fulfilled and have already applied to KIADB for absolute sale deed in favour of the Company. Since, reasonable certainity exists that ownership of the asset - land the economic ownership of the land ab initio would eventually pass on to the Company the land is accounted as a tangible asset of the Company e.g.Leasehold land convertible into freehold. Thus in substantive terms, the Company has acquired a tangible asset - only in legal terms the conversion into freehold status is pending.

The Company paid leasehold premium upfront and same has been capitalized. Also, refer to Note No.43 on 'Title deeds not held in the name of the Company'.

(ii) Operating Lease

The Company has sub leased land inside MSEZ (lease-cum-sale land acquired from KIADB) on operating lease to various units. The sub-lease are long term in nature and the period of sub-lease with the units is coterminous with that of the lease period entered into by the company with KIADB i.e. Until 26th January 2060. The sub-lease are non-cancellable and does not include contingent rent. The subleases are renewable for a further period on substantial terms as specified in the lease agreements.

The Ministry of Commerce & Industry, Department of Commerce (SEZ Section) has vide Office Memorandum dated 9th February, 2022 has approved for the partial denotification of 79.9241 Ha of SEZ Land.

The Company has entered into MoU for lease of land in Domestic Tariff Area (DTA) with M/s.Eswari Global Metal Industries Pvt Limited (5 Acres) and M/s.SJT Lifesciences Pvt Limited (5 Acres). As at 31st March, 2022 the Company has received lease premium advance of Rs.177.89 lakh. The MoU also provides an option to the above parties to seek for a Sale deed by paying an additional premium as agreed.

The total future rentals receivable as at March 31, 2022 (based on the agreements concluded with the units) is as under:

	ixs. III lakiis	
	As at	As at
Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Not later than one year	401.41	399.77
later than one year and not		
later than five years	1,633.85	1,626.89
later than five years	15,779.04	16,253.73

Note no.52: Related Party disclosures

A Name of related parties and description of relationship:

i Parent entities

N	Т	Place of	Ownership interest	
Name of the Company	Type	incorporation	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Limited (IL&FS)	Associate	India	50%	50%
Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC)	Associate	India	26%	26%
Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board (KIADB)	Associate	India	23%	23%

ii Subsidiaries: (where control exists)

Name of the Company	Type	Place of	Ownership interest	
Name of the Company	Type	Incorporation	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Mangalore STP Limited (MSTP Limited)	Subsidiary	India	70%	70%
MSEZ Power Limited, (MPL)	Wholly owned subsidiary	India	100%	100%

B Board of Directors/Key Management Personnel

(i) Board of Directors

Name	Designation		
Dr Alka Mittal	Chairperson w.e.f.11.01.2022		
Shri Anurag Sharma	Nominee Director (ONGC) w.e.f.09.06.2021		
Shri Venkatesh Madhava Rao	Nominee Director of ONGC		
Shri Inturi Srinivas Nagesh Prasad	Independent Director		
Shri Shashidhar Pai Maroor	Nominee Director of KCCI w.e.f.19.01.2022		
Shri Baiju Mathew	Nominee Director (IL&FS) w.e.f.12.09.2021		
Shri Ravi Sikeriya	Nominee Director (IL&FS) w.e.f26.10.2021		

(ii) Key Management Personnel

Name	Designation
Shri Velnati Suryanarayana	Chief Executive Officer
Shri K S Ramesh	Chief Financial Officer
Shri Phani Bhushan V	Company Secretary

(iii) Directors of the subsidiaries

Name	Designation
Shri Velnati Suryanarayana	Director, MSTP Limited
Shri Sudheer Maroor Pai	Nominee Director, MSTP Limited
Srimati Sumangala	Nominee Director, MSTP Limited w.e.f.12.04.2021
Shri K S Ramesh	Nominee Director, MSTP Limited w.e.f.06.09.2021
Shri Velnati Suryanarayana	Director, MPL
Shri Eta Srineevasulu	Director, MPL
Shri K S Ramesh	Nominee Director, MPL



List of related parties

Name of the Company			Relationship		
ONGC Manga	alore Petroc	hemicals	ONGC - Ultimate holding company		
Limited (OMPL))				
Mangalore	Refineries	and	Subsidiary of ONGC		
Petrochemicals I	imited (MRPI	L)			
Karnataka	Industrial	Areas	A statutory body of Government of		
Development Board (KIADB)			Karnataka		
Hindustan Pet	troleum Co	rporation	Subsidiary of ONGC		
Limited (HPCL)					

D Details of transactions:

(i) Transactions with related parties

(Rs. in lakhs)

Name of related Party	Nature of Transaction	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
	Supply of services - Annual lease rental	233.96	233.96
	Sale of products	3,291.47	2,977.30
OMPL	Supply of services	978.28	1,030.84
	Supply of other services	-	29.99
	Interest expense on security deposit	6.55	23.81
	Sale of products	2,541.56	2,541.56
MRPL	Supply of services	2,994.27	2,564.96
	Supply of other services	6.34	350.13
KIADB	Services received -Annual Lease rent	10.98	6.83
	Towards acquisition of land	37.07	-
HPCL	Supply of services	68.00	61.11

(ii) Outstanding balances with related parties

KIADB

MRPL

(Rs. in lakhs)

			()
Name of related Party Nature of Transaction		For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
a. Amount payable:			
IL&FS	Trade payable	35.13	35.13
VIADD	Towards acquisition of land	3,608.99	3,571.92
KIADB	Trade payable	-	2.51
OMPL	Other payable	633.46	634.15
MRPL	Other payable	325.16	325.16
HPCL	Supply of services	-	0.85
b. Amount Receivable:			
OMBI	Other receivable	-	30.23
OMPL	Trade Receivable	637.06	545.54
MRPL	Trade Receivable	408.51	157.83
HPCL	Trade Receivable	5.41	-
c. Loans and other assets (Debit b	palances)	•	
KIADB	Security deposit	11.60	11.60
NIALID			

Note no.52 Continued

154.19

0.13

154.19

0.13

Capital advances

Security deposit

d. Advances & Deposits (Credit balances)

OMPL	Security deposits	279.06	279.06
MRPL	Security deposits	126.80	126.80
HPCL	Security deposits	3.65	3.65

(iii) Provisions for doubtful debts related to amount of outstanding balances

(Rs. in lakhs)

Name of the related party	Nature of Transaction	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
OMPL	Supply of services	28.81	20.38
MRPL	Supply of services	-	9.25
To	tal	28.81	29.63

(iv) Expense recognised during the period in respect of bad or doubtful debts

(Rs. in lakhs)

Name of the related party	Nature of Transaction	For the year ended March 31, 2022	ended March
OMPL	Supply of services	32.60	(7.99)
MRPL	Supply of services	28.21	131.77
Total		60.81	123.79

The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in an arm's length transactions. The outstanding balances are unsecured and will be settled in cash

(v) Compensation to Key management personnel:

(a) Chief executive officer

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
Short-term employee benefits	61.71	61.82
Post-employment benefits (gratuity) & long-term benefit (Compensated absences)	17.05	15.67
Contribution to providend fund	0.22	0.22
Total	78.98	77.71

(b) Chief financial officer

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
Short-term employee benefits	33.39	32.96
Post-employment benefits (gratuity) & long-term benefit (Compensated absences)	5.09	3.13
Contribution to providend fund	0.22	0.22
Total	38.69	36.31

Note no. 52 Continued



(c) Company Secretary

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
Short-term employee benefits	25.42	24.30
Post-employment benefits (gratuity) & long-term benefit (Compensated absences)	7.18	6.52
Contribution to providend fund	0.22	0.22
Total	32.82	31.03

(d) Independent directors

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	Har the year ended
Sitting fees	3.25	4.00

MSEZ

Mangalore SEZ Limited Notes accompanying consolidated financial statements

Note no. 53: Government Grants and Government Assistance

(a) Government Grants (refer Note 25)

The Company has received government grants from Visvesvaraya Trade Promotion Centre (VTPC), a Government of Karnataka organisation under ASIDE scheme for construction of Common Effluent Treatment Plant (CETP) Rs.495 lakh as at March 31, 2022 (Rs.495 lakh as at March 31, 2021) and Two lane Flyover near Jokatte, Manglore SEZ (MSEZ) Rs.1485 lakh as at March 31, 2022 (Rs.1485 lakh as at March 31, 2021).

Movement in Government Grants

(i) CETP

Rs. in lakhs

		As at
Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Opening balance	387.75	420.75
Add: Addition during the year	-	-
Less: Released to Profit & loss account during the year	33.00	33.00
Closing Balance	354.75	387.75

(ii) Two lane Flyover

Rs. in lakhs

		As at
Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Opening balance	1,472.62	1,485.00
Add: Addition during the year	-	
Less: Released to Profit & loss account during the year	49.50	12.38
Closing Balance	1,423.12	1,472.62

The Company has adopted income approach, under which a grant is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of assets which have been capitalized.

(b) Government Assistance

Company developes special economic zone (SEZ) at Mangalore, Karnataka, India. Accordingly, it is eligible for certian economic benefits such as exemptions from customs duty, Goods and Service tax etc. which are in the nature of government assistance. These benefits are subject to fulfillment of certain obligations by the company.

MSEZ

Mangalore SEZ Limited

Notes accompanying consolidated financial statements

Note no.54: Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS amounts are included by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	ended March
Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders (Rs. in lakh)	(1,993.42)	(3,204.99)
Weighted average number of equity shares	5,00,01,200	5,00,01,200
Basic & diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	(3.99)	(6.41)
Face value per equity share (Rs.)	10.00	10.00

Note no.55: The amount recognised in Profit & Loss Account for investment property (refer note 5)

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Year 2021-22	Year 2020-21
Rental Income	1,800.28	1,731.95
Direct Operating Expenses from property that generate direct rental income	420.70	133.51
Profit from investment property before depreciation and other indirect cost	1,379.59	1,598.45
Profit from investment property	1,379.59	1,598.45

Note 56: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

(a) Commitments

(======================================		
Particulars	As at	
1 at ticulars	31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be		
executed on capital account and not provided for		
- Towards Plant, Property & Equipment	607.47	330.77
- Towards Investment Property	382.98	-
Total	990.45	330.77



Note no. 56

b. Contingent liabilities
The claims against the company not acknowledged as debt is Rs.5,971.25 lakhs (previous year Rs. Rs.6,075.36 lakhs). The details are as under

Sl. No	. Petitioner	A brief description nature of court cases	Estimate of the financial effect - Amount in Rs. lakhs	Indication of the uncertainties relating to the amount or timing of any outflow
1	Mr. Ravindranath Bajpe	The Company had laid the water pipeline by the side of Mangalore-Bajpe Old Airport PWD Road abutting the schedule properties and other properties on the same line commencing from Nethravathi River Bank at sarapady to MSEZ Industrial area. While carrying out works near the plaintiffs (Ravindranath Bajpe) property, had contended that Company officials & contractors have trespassed his property and demolished the stone compound wall of 7 feet height, foundation of 3 feet height beneath the ground & 2 feet wide to the extent of about 500 meters and also cut & destroyed about 101 valuable trees and laid pipeline beneath the schedule properties about to extent of 500 meters. Therefore, Ravindranath Bajpe has filed an Original Suit before the civil court directing the defendants jointly and severally to pay a sum of Rs 47,90, 500/-		1.Ravindranath Bajpe filed a criminal compliant agianst the Company, its officials an Directors at JMFC Court, Mangalore. Then the Company filed a criminal revisio petition at the District Court to set aside the summons issued byJMFC court. Then the District Court upheld the petition filed by the Company. (2) Ravindranath Bajpe challenged the order passed by District Court at the Karnataka High Court which was also dimissed (3) The party again filed a SLP before the Supreme Court which has been dismissed. (4) In the meanwhile the party has also filed a civil case at the District Court in which the District Court has allowed his relatives also implead, which has been challenged by the Party in the High Court. (5) The District court is now awaiting the orders of High Court in the matter of impleading. (6) The Party has made an hug claim which is baseless & far from truth. However, the Company has withheld amount from the contractor's payment towards the claim that may arise in the case.
2	Cherian Varkey Construction Company (CVCC)	The petitioner was awarded the Reach IV contract forming part of Pipeline cum Road Corridor on August 2011. The petitioner had failed to complete the awarded contract as per milestones. Due to which the contract was extended. The petitioner has also stopped the work in an unauthorized manner on multiple occasions. Due to non-handing over of the front for executing work on Part A of the contract within the original contract period, the petitioner was seeking increase in rates for items covered under BOQ. The contract entered between the Company and petitioner being a fixed price contract did not provide for escalation of rates and compensation events to deal with instances of delay in handing over fronts. The intransigence on part of the petitioner lead to delay in works. Hence, the contract was terminated with immediate effect on 06.11.2013 and all Bank Guarantees furnished by the petitioner was invoked. The petitioner approached the Hon'ble District Court in Mangalore and secured a temporary injunction restraining the Company form encashing the BG. After the matter came up for argument in the Court and several adjournments, the case filed by petitioner was dismissed by Hon'ble on 05th April 2014. The petitioner has also initiated proceedings in the matter. In order to settle the dispute out of court/arbitration an opportunity for redressal through an independent committee, the Company sought consent for constituting an Outside Expert Committee (OEC) which was accepted by petitioner. The arbitration proceedings was put on hold while OEC took over the dispute resolution. The OEC has recommended the Company to pay Rs.9.39 Cr to petitioner. However, the petitioner did not accept the recommendations of the OEC and choose to pursue the Arbitration proceedings. The Arbitral Tribunal had passed the award on 24.09.2016 stating that the performance and completion of works under the contract was on account of breaches/defaults committed by the Company and termination of contract was unlawful. The Company was directed to	3,500.00	MSEZL and CVCC had filed Arbitration suits no 1 & 2 /2020 in he IVth Additiona District Court, Mangalore challenging the Award passed by the Arbitral Tribuna Arguments have been held and the Court has summoned the original arbitral record from the Arbitrators. The case was listed for arguments on 07th March, 2021 an adjourned to 11th April, 2022 at request of claimant. The CVCC has in the interveining period filed an execution case against the Company for attaching the bank accounts of the Company to the tune of Rs.3500 lakhs, which was allowed by the District Court The Company filed a writ petition No 4974/2020 (GM-CPC) before the Hon'ble Hig Court of Karnataka, Bengaluru, wherein the Hon'ble High Court vide order dated 17.03.2020 stayed the order dated 28.02.2020 passed by Its Additional District Judge Mangaluru subject to the Company furnishing security of fixed deposit to an extent of award amount. The Company has followed the directions of High Court and executed term deposit of Rs.1921 lakhs. Further, considering the PBG encashment of Rs.730.20 lakhs and contract retention money payable Rs.237.07 lakh, the net charge to statement of profit and loss would be Rs.2532.73 lakh. The matter is in the hearing stage.



Note no. 56

L	Contingent	1: 1:	1:4: ~ ~

b.	. Contingent habilities					
			passed orders to attach the bank accounts of the Company to the tune of Rs.3500 lakh.			
					Note No.56 (b) Continued	
Sl	. No.	Petitioner	A brief description nature of court cases	Estimate of the financial effect - Amount in Rs. lakhs	Indication of the uncertainties relating to the amount or timing of any outflow	
		Commissione r of Customs,	The Company received a Show Cause Notice (SCN) dated 28.3.2022 from the Customs department seeking a clarification as to why customs duty on the clearances of crushed rock during the period April 2017 to February 2022 should not be demanded and recovered as per the applicable customs Act along with the applicable interest.		The Company has entered into a MoU with M/s.Trident Infrastructure for sale of boulders/rock against which Trident has paid for supply along with applicable taxes levied by the Company. M/s.Trident Infrastructure would crush the boulders and sell them in DTA by paying applicable duties and taxes at his cost. Now, the Department has issued SCN to the Company demanding payment of Customs duty on the crushed rock cleared by Trident Infrastructure to DTA. The SCN issued by the Department on DTA clearences made by Trident Infrastructure is erroneous. The Company has filed a writ petition no. 8438 dated 18.4.2022 before the Karnataka High Court. The same was listed on 19.4.2022 and the High Court granted an interim order against the operation of the SCN until further order. In any case, the liability to pay the customs duty falls on M/s. Trident Infrastructure as the crushed rocks were moved out to DTA by Trident Infrastructure.	
	3		M/s RPP Infra Projects Ltd has invoked the arbitration clause in the contract for Pipeline Corridor Reach I which was executed from Dec '10 to Aug '14.	2,306.00	The arbitration clause was invoked in April '18. MSEZL had rejected the invocation of the Arbitration citing that the contract has been discharged after payment of final bill upon issue of No Claim Certificate by the Contractor. The Contractor filed a Civil Miscellaneous Petition in the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka seeking directions to the Company to appoint a nominee arbitrator. The Hon'ble High Court has appointed a Sole Arbitrator. RPP have filed claims to the tune of Rs 2306 lakhs. The Statement of Objections is filed and issues framed on 14th December, 2021 and posted to 30th March, 2022 for evidence by claimant. In the meantime the sole arbitrator has been appointed as Upalokayukta and further, proceedings in the Arbitration will be held after the appointment of substitute arbitrator by the High Court.	
			Total Contingent liability	5,971.25		

Note No.56 C: A brief description of other court cases - Non Contingent in nature

Sl. No. Cases fil	Particulars	Amount in Rs.lakhs	Brief description
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Note no. 56

b. Contingent liabilities						
1	Cardolite Specialty Chemicals India LLP	The Cardolite Specialty Chemicals India LLP (a unit in MSEZ) has filed a writ petition in the Hon'ble High Court, Karnataka against the tariff order passed by Karnataka State Electricity Commission (KERC)	79.33	The matter came up for hearing on 10 Dec '21 during which a joint memo was filed regarding an interim arrangement to the effect that Cardolite shall furnish BG of Rs 79.33 lakhs which shall be kept current and valid till disposal of the petition and the payment to be made under the Bank Guarantee shall be subject to orders of the Hon'ble Court and the outcome of the litigation. The Court ruled that subject to the aforesaid, MSEZL shall provide its consent to the Cardolite to avail open access power. The matter will be next posted before the appropriate Division Bench. Subsequently NOC for availing open access has been given to Cardolite on 22 Dec '21 after furnishing of the BG to the Court. Date of next hearing awaited.		

Note no.57: Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

I. Recognistion of Revenue

- (a) The Company's power distribution business is rate/tariff regulated by Karnataka Electricity Regulatory Commission (KERC). Hence, the Company files Annual Revenue Requirement/tariff application before KEFC. The KERC passes tariff order determining and notifies the retail supply tariff to be charged from Consumers. In respect of FY 2021-22, the revenue is recognized based on the KERC tariff order dated 09th June, 2021 applicable for electricity consumed from the first meter reading date falling on or after 1st April, 2021. The Company upon submission of Annual audited accounts (pertaining to power distribution business) the KERC appraises the accounts and finalizes the revenue requirement. Thus, on final determination of the revenue requirement by KERC, the effect will be given for the difference, if any accordingly.
- (b) The Company has recognized revenue, from a consumer, amounting to Rs.30.94 lakh for the current year (previous year Rs.30.06 lakh) towards Zone Operation and Maintenance (O&M) charges. The agreement with the said consumer is under discussion. Pending finalization of agreement, the Zone O&M charge with the said consumer is recognized at Board approved rate/sft.

II. Recognition of borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss applying the effective interest method. The interest charged on the loan is 40 basis point plus six months Maximum Commercial Lending Rate (MCLR) rate of the Lender. If the Lender changes the MCLR rate, the effective rate of interest will also change resulting in reduction or increase in interest cost.

III. Estimated useful life of tangible and intangible assets

- (a) The Company has estimated the useful life of certain assets based technical evaluation and that of certain assets based on useful life as specified in Schedule-II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used. The estimated useful life and residual values are reviewed at the end of each financial year and if necessary, changes in estimates are accounted. The Company has adopted unit of production method for charging depreciation in respect of River Water Assets and Tertiary Treatment Plant assets (both excluding Electrical Installations and Equipment) Under unit of production method, the Management estimates the production likely to be achieved in future years. The actual productions are reviewed at the end of each financial year and if necessary, changes in estimation are accounted.
- (b) The Company amortizes the cost of barrage useful usage rights on a straight-line basis over the lease period.

IV. Impairment of Trade Receivable

The impairment provision for financial assets is based on the assumption about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgements in making these assumptions and selecting the input impairment calculation based on the Company past history as well as forward looking assumptions at the end of each reporting period.

V. Income taxes

The computation of advance taxes, provision for current/deferred tax are made based on significant judgements and which may get revised pursuant to position taken by the tax authourities.

Note no.58: Previous year's figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/disclosure

As per our report of even date For Ray & Ray Chartered Accountants (Firms Registration No.301072E) For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Sd/- Shipra Gupta Sd/- VENKATESH MADHAVA RAO MAROOR SHASHIDHAR PAI

 Partner
 Director
 Director

 Membership No. 436857
 DIN:07025342
 DIN:07613534

 UDIN:22436857AJMMZQ2509
 DIN:07025342
 DIN:07613534

Sd/- Sd/-

V Survanaravana K S Ramesh

Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-V Phani Bhushan Company Secretary

Place: BANGALORE Place: MANGALORE Date: 05.05.2022 Date:05.05.2022



Mangalore SEZ Limited

Your Gateway to Global & Indian Markets

Regd off: Sy.No 168/3A, Plot No U-1, Administrative Building, Mangalore Special Economic Zone, Bajpe Village, Mangalore Taluk, Dakshina Kannada (Dist), Karnataka – 574142.

 $Phone: 0824-2885501-02, Fax: 0824-2885503\\ Website: \underline{www.mangaloresez.com;} \ Email: \underline{info@msezl.com}$

CIN: U45209KA2006PLC038590.